The New-York Times.

VOL. XVIII.....NO. 5307. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1868. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

Speech of Ex-Secretary Stanton at His Home in Ohio.

Concise Presentation of the State of National Affairs.

Eloquent Review of the Services of Gen. Grant.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, Friday, Sept. 25.

Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON addressed the people of Steubenville to-day. Mr. STANTON has declined several invitations to speak during the campaign, but yields to the earnest entreaties of the people of his native county to give them his opinions on the canvass. The weather has been bad for several days, and was still rainy and unpleasant today. A grand mass meeting was announced for this time, but the rain made it necessary to postpone the demonstration. The meeting was held in Kilgore Hall, which was crowded, and from which many went away disappointed of admittance. The enthusiasm of the meeting showed that the patriotism of the people of Eastern Ohio is superior to adverse weather, and that the great War Minister of the age is not without abundant honor at home. West Virginia was represented by a delegation from the Grant column. Hon. ROBERT SHEWARD presided. Mr. STANTON spoke as follows:

SPEECH OF MR. STANTON.

FRIENDS AND FELLOW-CITIZENS: The time is rapidly approaching when you will be called upon to choose whom you will trust with the chief executive power of this nation for the next four years, and who shall exercise the law-making power as your representatives in Congress during the next Congressional term. You have never made a choice so important to yourselves, to your country and to mankind, for upon it may rest the chance of peace or of war, of domestic tranquility or civil discord, of freedom or of slavery—in short, of all the blessings that can follow good government or the evils that bad government can inflict upon the human race. At the last Presidential election the country was in the midst of a bloody war, and had for three years been struggling in resistance against rebellion. The fortune of war was so varied that some patriots began to feel doubtful as to the result. Others were hopeless. While on the one hand, the rebels strove in military power, and encouraged by the sympathy of their friends in the Northern and Western States, were bold and defiant, and boasted that they only needed for their final success that their friends in the Northern States should carry the Presidential election, these friends, who had resisted the war at every stage, were equally bold and confident in their expectation that their hour of triumph was at hand. But these hopes and expectations were doomed to ignominious overthrow at the polls by the election of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and on the field of battle by our armies under the command of Gen. GRANT. [Applause.] Overwhelmed by these disasters, political and military, the rebels gave up in despair, declared their cause the "lost cause," and humbly sued for life, liberty and property, professing to be deeply grateful for the generous terms that were offered.

THE CAUSES OF THE REBELLION.

On the causes that led to the rebellion, and a justification of the nation in prosecuting the war it is needless here to dwell. They are still fresh in your recollection. The graves of 300,000 patriot soldiers, slain in battle by the rebels, are still green. The tears of orphans, widows and bereaved parents, still flow, and the maimed and wounded soldiers around us are living memorials of the cruelty of the rebels in their war against the United States Government. You will bear in mind, however, that the rebellion was occasioned by a thirty years' conspiracy of those whom Mr. JOHNSON boldly termed the slaveholding oligarchy of the Southern States; an oligarchy based upon land monopoly and slave-labor. This slave-holding aristocracy, thirsted to extend their territorial and political power, and by extending their system into the Free States, to obtain a monopoly of the fertile lands and rich minerals of those States, and ultimately obtain control of the Government. Experience has shown that the systems of free labor and slave labor are hostile, and cannot exist together, so that the foothold of slavery is an impassable barrier to free emigration, and would give to the slaveholders not only a monopoly of lands, products and minerals, but would command all the great channels of commerce with the Pacific and the nations of the East, and make them the richest people on the face of the globe. This ambitious aim was sternly resisted in the Northern States. Mindful of the fortune of war, and fearful of delay, the first election of Mr. LINCOLN was deemed by the slaveholders a fitting occasion for the outbreak of their rebellion. On the day of the Presidential election the flag of the United States was hauled down, and the Palmetto flag run up in Charleston. Conventions for secession were held in all the slaveholding States, and very soon ten States organized a so-called Confederate Government hostile to the Government of the United States, at Montgomery, and transferred its capital to Richmond. Immediately afterward forts, arsenals, magazines, arms, ammunition, shipyards, ships of war, and the public money, were seized and converted to the purposes of the rebels. The navigation of the Ohio, and of the Potomac, was closed—Northern men, and Northern women were imprisoned or banished. In the slaveholding States armies were levied. The forts and troops of the United States were besieged, bombarded, and captured, and the Capitol of the nation, at Washington, was beleagured and threatened by a hostile force. In this condition of things the first troops were called out in defence of this nation, and the first war loan negotiated. And, for every life that has been lost, every drop of blood that has been expended, every dollar that has been laid out, every bond or note that has been issued, every tax that has been collected, the slaveholding aristocracy are responsible; they and their sympathizers in the Northern and Western States who urged them to hold on—to carry on the war until they could obtain control of the Government at the next Presidential election.

THE MEASURES OF MR. LINCOLN.

The measures of Mr. LINCOLN to defend the Government received the highest sanction. The Governors and Legislatures of the loyal States vied with each other in urging enlistments. Congress, at its first session, voted an army of 500,000 men, and $500,000,000 to support them. The people flocked from their houses by thousands and thousands to join the army. The soldiers in every camp, from the Mississippi to the Rapidan, from every corps, brigade, regiment and company, shouted to their brethren at home to stand by their Government and rally round the flag. These measures of defence were not without opposition, for about the very time that SHERMAN and his army were forcing their way over the fortifications and intrenchments at Atlanta, the Convention at Chicago declared the war to be a failure, and demanded the cessation of hostilities. This made a plain and broad issue, and very soon became the great issue of the Presidential canvass. The result was decisive. Twenty-one States, 213 electoral votes, over 2,000,000 of people supported the Government. [Applause.]

The estimate of Gen. GRANT upon this result is expressed in the following telegram:

CITY POINT, Nov. 10, 1864—10:30 P. M.

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

Enough now seems to be known who is to hold the reins of Government for the next four years. Congratulate the President for this double victory. [Applause.] The election having passed off quietly, with no bloodshed or riot throughout the land, is a victory worth more to the country than a battle won. Rebeldom and Europe will consider it so.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT, Lieut.-General.

[Applause.]

THE EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION.

Encouraged thus by the people, by the army, and by the great commander, on the 1st of January, 1864, ABRAHAM LINCOLN struck a blow at the roots of the rebellion, by the Emancipation Proclamation, liberating four millions of slaves, strengthening our army and carrying dismay into the hearts of the rebels. [Cheers.] The full effect of this great measure was not appreciated until near the close of the war, but now, when the restoration of slavery is a cherished hope of those most hostile to the election of Gen. GRANT, it cannot be too well considered. The wealth and power of the rebels was mainly in their slaves. They were the producing and laboring class, and without their labor the plantations were of little value. By the system of enforced, unpaid labor the rebel master was able to sow his land, gather his crops, feed and clothe his family, and furnish supplies to the army, while the whole population could engage in war. It was thus that slavery was soon found to be a mighty engine of war, more powerful than belonged to any other people. But it was quite different in the Northern States. Every Union soldier that left his home to join the army went from the farm, the workshop, or the manufactory, and diminished the productive industry of the State in his absence. The crops were ungathered, and rotted upon the ground; the hammer was silent; the manufactory stood still. He had no slave to work to support his family and do his labor for nothing. But the emancipation of slaves changed the position of parties. The slaves cut loose from the plantations, flocked within our lines, thousands upon thousands joined our armies and performed military work. The condition of the war was, therefore, in some degree equalized, and this great act of Mr. LINCOLN carried dismay into the hearts of rebels, and strengthened the hearts of loyal people; besides, a large and powerful party, who regarded slavery as a God-forbidden sin and crime, and had been laboring for years to abolish or limit it, gathered new hope and renewed their strength to bring the war to a close.

THE PUBLIC FAITH AND CREDIT.

Three things mainly contributed to overthrow the rebellion. First, the valor of our soldiers and the skill of their commanders; second, the public faith and credit, which enabled us to raise money to supply the army and provide for its wants; and third, the emancipation of the slaves, which diminished their power and gave us strength. The credit and good faith of a State is essential to its existence, and they constitute the sinews of its power. But no Government can exist without credit sufficient to meet extraordinary emergencies, for no Government can, in these times, keep money in its Treasury sufficient to carry on foreign and domestic war, construct a great national work like the Pacific Railroad, or meet many of the exigencies that happen in the life of a nation. France, Russia, Austria, Great Britain, Spain, Italy and the Papal States, and all the great Powers of the world, are compelled to rely upon their credit to meet great emergencies. This was eminently the case with the United States; for, when rebellion broke out, its Treasury was empty, its arms and magazines had been plundered, and there was no means to carry on the war. By the effort of our enemies, credit abroad was cut off so that the Government must fail at the first stroke of rebellion, or rely upon the faith of its people and its domestic credit. The Government belonged to the people, and they were equal to the emergency. By the purchase of bonds and current notes, money was raised to meet the exigencies of the war. The Treasury was filled, and from the beginning to the end of the war was equal to the demands made upon it, except for short periods, until a fresh appeal could be made, and thus it happened that the public faith and the public credit became a corner-stone of the State, and contributed largely to the salvation of the Government.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

When the war was over, new and important duties devolved upon the Government. The army had to be paid, and the pensioner provided protection, and education given to the franchised slaves; the rights of citizens in all the rebel States secured, and the Federal guarantee of a republican form of government carried into execution. Immediately upon the meeting of Congress it devoted itself assiduously to this work. Loans were issued, money raised, the army paid as it was disbanded, while the widows and disabled soldiers were liberally pensioned. The Freedmen's Bureau was organized for the protection of the liberated slaves; the Civil Rights bill was passed to protect citizens in the loyal States, and measures adopted to give peace, tranquillity and republican government in all the States whose Governments had been cast off by the rebellion. Some of these measures have been carried out. Others, for reasons needless to discuss now, still remain an unexecuted dead letter, and they will so remain until Gen. GRANT shall be elected President of the United States. [Great applause.]

GRANT AND COLFAX.

GRANT stands this day before us the foremost military commander in the world, with peace for his watchword. [Applause.] Why should he not be elected? What reason has any lover of country for not voting for him? By his side stands SCHUYLER COLFAX, who by his own energy, good character and industry advanced from the printing office to the Speaker's chair, and for three successive terms has filled that high office with honor and distinction. Honest and upright men have been nominated for your Representatives in Congress pledged to stand by GRANT and the country. Why then, again I ask, should he and they not receive your support? The history of GRANT is known to you and to the whole world. Educated at West Point, he served with distinction through the Mexican war, and when it was ended, unwilling to be a drone, resigned his commission, and engaged in the pursuits of civil life. Leaving his peaceful pursuits at the commencement of the rebellion, he joined the army, and soon advanced to the rank of Major-General Commanding an army. After varied and important services he moved upon the enemy's works at Donelson, and compelled their Commander, BUCKNER, to surrender, with 18,000 prisoners of war. Soon after, he grappled with BEAUREGARD, on the field of Shiloh, and drove him and his routed army from the field. Resolved to open the navigation of the Mississippi River, he ran its batteries, fought and defeated Gen. JOHNSTON, chased the rebel Gen. PEMBERTON into Vicksburg, and forced him to surrender, with 30,000 prisoners of war. [Applause.] Advanced to the command of all the armies of the West, he fought and defeated BRAGG at Chattanooga, shattered his army and delivered that vast territory from the hands of the rebels. Advanced still higher, as Lieutenant-General he changed his headquarters to the Potomac. Forty days marching and fighting through the Wilderness, drove LEE and his army into Richmond. Compelled to evacuate that city, LEE was chased to Appomatox Court House and forced to surrender himself and his arms and men as prisoners of war, which practically brought the rebellion to an end. [Applause.] And I now ask what reason has any man to vote against GEN. GRANT? His capacity and integrity for civil administration were equally manifest in the vast territories in which he operated. If any man among you would chide from the boy the musket and knapsack that his father carried at Donelson, at Vicksburg, upon Lookout Mountain, throughout the Wilderness, before Richmond, at Five Forks, at Appomattox Court-house, and, shouldering proudly, marched with two hundred thousand of his fellow-soldiers through the streets of Washington and around the Capitol and Executive Mansion that he defended with his life for years, in the long march, the wearisome siege and the storm of battle—let such man vote against Gen. GRANT. [Applause.] If there is any man among you that would blot from the page of our history the story of these great achievements, let him draw black lines around them, and write across their face: "I have no share in these great deeds, for I voted against GRANT." [Applause.] Is there any man among you that would compel the armies of the Potomac, of the banks of the Ohio, of the Cumberland, of the Tennessee, and of the Gulf, to be again gathered at the tap of the drum, and surrendered as prisoners of war to LEE and JOHNSON, BEAUREGARD and FORREST, and JOHNSTON? Let him vote against Gen. GRANT. [Applause.] If there is any man among you who has forgotten that bright Summer Sabbath day when the little *Monitor*, as she steamed out against the new sea monitor, the *Merrimac*, and before noon drew her shattered and crippled to port; if there is any man who would have rejoiced to behold a cannon ball shatter FARRAGUT as lashed to his mast, he drove through the rebel fleet and dashed them to pieces, let that man vote against GRANT. If any man would have WORDEN and FARRAGUT and WINSHIP, and all our great Admirals, haul down the Star-spangled Banner, never again to brave the battle and the breeze—if he would see them slink in shame from their own quarter-decks, and give up their ships to MAURY and BUCHANAN and SEMMES and MOFFATT, while the Confederate bars and emblems of Slavery flaunt on every sea and in every State, let that man vote against GRANT, vote early and vote often; for if GRANT be elected this State shall disappear from the firmament before the banner of the United States shall suffer tarnish or shame on the land or on the deep. [Applause.] If there is any man among you that would reverse the order of history, who would bring upon you a shame and reproach never before known among the nations of the earth, who would have the commander of the United States Army deliver up his sword and humbly bow before the rebel commander, let that man vote against GRANT, but never again call himself an American citizen. [Applause.] If there is any man whose eyeballs would not burn to behold LEE upon the portico of the Capitol, with BEAUREGARD, PRESTON and FORREST at his side, with a Confederate army around him; and, as the Government is transferred to them, listen to the rebel yell as it sounds on the field of battle and in the New-York Convention. [Loud cheers.] Let such a man vote against GRANT, and go to Washington on the 4th of March. [Applause.] Why then, I repeat, should any lover of his country vote against GRANT, COLFAX and the Republican members of Congress?

THE NEW-YORK CONVENTION.

A Convention has been held in New-York and put in nomination opposition candidates—HORATIO SEYMOUR and FRANK P. BLAIR. SEYMOUR professes that he is an unwilling candidate, caught up by a whirlwind. [Laughter and cheers.] BLAIR was put in nomination by PRESTON, of Kentucky, who fought for years against his country, and the nomination was seconded by FORREST, of Fort Pillow. That nomination was received with acclamation, and the opposing candidates thus stand before you for your choice. The watchword of GRANT, as I have said, is "Peace." Now, what is the watchword of the New-York Convention? A few days before the meeting of that Convention FRANK BLAIR, in a manifesto to his friend BRODHEAD, declared the platform on which he was willing to stand. It was plain and direct, and the acclamation with which it was received by the New York Convention proves it to be the real platform and settled purpose of those who support the Convention and its candidates, and are voting against GRANT. The substance is first, that the President shall declare all the Reconstruction laws of Congress null and void; second, that he shall compel the army to undo what has been done; third, that the white population of the rebel States shall be suffered to organize their own Governments; fourth, that the talk about greenbacks, and bonds, and gold, and the public credit and the public debt is idle talk; and fifth, that the past must trample in the dust the Reconstruction laws passed by Congress. This platform admits, and was designed to admit, no doubt or equivocation. What is the true meaning and result? If the Reconstruction acts of Congress may be declared by the President null and void, he then becomes a dictator, with the law-making power in his hands alone. If he may compel the military power to undo what has been done under and by virtue of acts of Congress, he becomes a dictator, and all form and semblance of republican government is lost. If the white population of the rebel States are to recognize their own Governments without reference to the Reconstruction acts of Congress, then it is plain to be seen that the first act will be the restoration of slavery, the restoration of the rebel power, and the perpetual power and domination of the aristocracy of the slaveholding States. The slave oligarchy will remain in power forever in the South.

[Owing to the severe storm last evening the telegraph wires worked slowly, and at the hour of going to press our report of Mr. STANTON's speech is still unfinished.—ED. TIMES.]

The Spirit of the Kentucky Democracy.

The Democratic Convention in the Ninth District of Kentucky to nominate a candidate for Congress met at Owingsville on Wednesday, Sept. 16, and nominated Hon. JOHN M. RICE, of Lawrence. Col. W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE was called upon for a speech, and in his response said:

"As for me, I shall follow Kentucky's banner wherever it leads, in any kind of fight, for I feel assured that it will only lead where a gentleman, patriot and soldier may follow. And in this beautiful mountain district I assure you if my service will be needed I shall give it freely; but I know it will not be. You will redeem it with your own skill and courage. Between you and me there lies a district that is not out of danger. You must not forget there is a gallant representative of Democracy fighting a battle in an adjoining district, and whatever you can do to cheer the heart and uphold the hand of noble NAT. ADAMS should be done quickly and thoroughly, for we must elect him. I, as a Confederate soldier, plead for him; he is the only Federal soldier, who is a Democrat, running for office in the State of Kentucky. Let us show that we have *done away with old war recollections*, and that he is our brother in the present war against Radical despotism. I would rather see him elected than any other man in Kentucky; I want to see SID. BARNES beaten. Let it go forth that *we have proclaimed a general amnesty to all our old foes*; that union and liberty now are the paramount objects of our desire."

Other persons spoke, and the following resolution was offered and adopted with one dissenting vote:

Resolved, That we *demand* of ANDREW JOHNSON the pardon of JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE.

Col. TURNER offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we have a high appreciation of the talents, character and services of Hon. JOHN D. YOUNG, of Bath; and that whenever we can, consistently with the interests of liberty and right, we will take pride in promoting him, and will resent the insult offered the district by a Radical Rump Congress, in refusing us representation, and in foisting upon the district, against its will, that contemptible and recreant son of Kentucky, SAM. MCKEE, who disgraces the land of his birth.

The following resolution was also adopted:

Resolved, That the platform of the New-York Democratic Convention be adopted as the platform of this Convention.

The Union Republican Congressional Committee.

"Perley," in a recent letter from Washington to the Boston *Journal*, says:

"While the 'Republican National Committee,' under the able direction of Gov. CLAFLIN as its Chairman, and Hon. W. E. CHANDLER as its Secretary, is conducting the present momentous Presidential campaign, much good work is being done by the 'Union Republican Congressional Executive Committee,' especially by the judicious distribution of political speeches and documents. This Committee consists of Gen. SCHENCK, as Chairman, Senators CONNESS and CHANDLER, Representatives OAKES, AMES, KELLEY, LOGAN and BROOMALL and Hon. THOS. L. TULLOCK, of New-Hampshire, as Secretary. Mr. TULLOCK has for the past two years been doing good service as the Secretary and manager of the Committee which has directed the work of reconstruction at the South, and his herculean labors have but added to his qualifications for his present responsible position. Mr. TULLOCK's office is in the western basement of the central Capitol, and he has some twenty clerks at work there and in the adjacent rooms. The system is perfect, and is carried out with mechanical precision. Every letter received is filed, copies are preserved of all letters written, each contribution is receipted for and recorded; receipts are taken for the most trifling items of expenditure, and in huge books are the names and addresses of millions of voters, arranged by States, counties and towns. The correspondence is extensive, and every day scores of questions have to be answered, for the guidance of political leaders, especially at the South. The catalogue of the publications issued by this Congressional Committee is voluminous, embracing many valuable speeches and campaign documents. Prominent among them are Gen. HENRY WILSON's valuable Maine speech; Gov. BOUTWELL's scathing exposure of 'Democracy and its Policy;' Senator CRAGIN's 'Loyal Supremacy—All Rights to all Men;' the erudite argument of Hon. JOHN D. BALDWIN on 'Human Rights and Human Races,' and Hon. J. G. BLAINE's able demonstration of 'Republican Economy *vs.* Democratic Extravagance,' which last-named document has been translated into the German language, and is in great demand. These are sent by mail to State Committees, Union Leagues, Grant Clubs and individuals at a cost of from $3 to $5 per thousand, according to the size of the document. 'How many documents do you generally send away in a day—say, for example, how many did you mail yesterday, the 16th?' I inquired. Mr. TULLOCK immediately consulted a huge folio book and replied, 'Ninety-one thousand seven hundred.' This 'day's work' will give an idea of the good that is thus being done by disseminating vital truths, and thus advancing those great interests, not alone of our Republic, but of freedom and humanity the world over, which are identified with the election of GRANT and COLFAX.

Col. R. J. HINTON is also doing good service as the Chairman of the 'Central Soldiers' and Sailors' National Republican Executive Committee.' He has recently compiled a useful collection of extracts from the speeches, letters, orders, military and State papers of Gen. GRANT, which shows that although our candidate has not 'the gift of gab,' he is always ready with fitting words to express his patriotism, his manliness of character and his common-sense statesmanship."

Letter from Lieut.-Gov. Alvord.

The following letter from Hon. THOMAS G. ALVORD to Hon. R. HOLLAND DUELL is published in the Cortland papers:

SYRACUSE, Thursday, Sept. 10, 1868.

Hon. R. Holland Duell:

MY DEAR SIR: I have this moment been informed that a story is being industriously circulated in your county to the effect that I am in favor of HORATIO SEYMOUR as the candidate for the Presidency. It is humiliating to me to be under the necessity of noticing such report; those who know me will not credit it, but desperate fortunes require desperate resorts to bolster their falling fortunes, and it may be that the hope of some little effect from the dissemination of such a sheer falsehood has inspired the Kuklux Klan of your county. It is true that a neglect of my own private business for the last seven years, has necessitated a withdrawal from active and exclusive participation in the coming canvass; but all the time I can, at even some sacrifice, devote to the maintenance of those principles and views which I have avowed and advocated for the last seven years, by a public appearance and advocacy, will be cheerfully given. I speak at Waterloo, to the Grant and Colfax Club, on Tuesday evening next, and I trust I shall make no uncertain sound. I hold the salvation of the country depends upon the triumphant election of GRANT and COLFAX, and I for one have no doubt that the vote of New-York will add to the sure triumph that awaits the Union Republican Party. I have no desire for undue notoriety, but use this in any way that in your judgment will be most conducive to the interests and success of GRANT, and the defeat of SEYMOUR.

Truly, yours, THOMAS G. ALVORD.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Fifth Congressional District Boys in Blue.

Col. WILLIAM M. WERMERSKIRCH, Marshal of the Fifth Congressional District "Boys in Blue," comprising the Seventh, Tenth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards, has announced the following staff: J. C. JULIUS LANGBEIN, Assistant Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff; FRANK ROSELANDER, Assistant Inspector-General; ELI C. TOWNSEND, Division Quartermaster, and a "Boy in Blue" from each Assembly District for Aid-de-camp. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly. All official communications should be addressed to J. C. JULIUS LANGBEIN, Assistant Adjutant-General, No. 20 Nassau-street, Room No. 43, New-York City.

Third Ward Republican Banner Raising.

A large open-air meeting was held by the Republicans of the Third Ward at 4 P. M. yesterday, in Chambers-street, between West Broadway and Greenwich-street, where a splendid new banner was for the first time given to the breeze, bearing the words, "Let us have peace," and the names of the Republican candidates. After the banner was unfurled, Mr. E. H. GARBUTT was made President of the meeting, and took his stand on a large wagon backed up to the sidewalk, from which a large American flag was displayed. He introduced as the first speaker Gen. KILPATRICK, who was received with great applause. The General made a brief address, in which he spoke in stirring words of the principles and aims of the Republican Party and of the record of its standard-bearers. He especially combatted the Democratic financial theories, and concluded an eloquent address amid loud cheering.

Mr. S. B. DUTCHER followed, and made an eloquent appeal, urging the business men whom he saw before him to remember their interest in the issues of the present campaign, and work and vote for GRANT and peace.

Gen. JAMES B. MCKEAN, of Saratoga, made the final address, in which he expressed his regret that it was necessary to fight again the fight which he had thought settled by the result of the rebel appeal to arms. He exhorted his hearers to stand by the flag and finally vanquish the efforts of the rebels to disgrace it. At the conclusion of his remarks the assemblage was dismissed in a brief speech by the President.

First Assembly District Republican Association.

At 7:30 o'clock last evening the members of this Association met at their rooms, No. 78 Hudson-street, to enroll new members and elect a President in the place of JOSHUA G. ABBE, deceased. The rooms were crowded at an early hour, many not being able to gain admittance. Vice-President SAMUEL YATES presided. On motion, the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting was dispensed with, and JOHN COUTRELL was nominated as a candidate, and was elected by acclamation, amid loud cheers. On motion the meeting adjourned until Monday, at 7 o'clock.

Sixth Assembly District Grant and Colfax Boys in Blue.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Boys in Blue of the above-named district, J. H. CAMPBELL President, was held at Oriental Hall last evening. Addresses were delivered by Col. B. S. MORGAN, Major BULLARD and Dr. J. E. SNODGRASS. Thirteen new members were added to the roster of the Club. The meeting adjourned with cheers for the Presidential and State nominations.

Sixth District Boys in Blue.

A meeting of the Sixth Assembly District Boys in Blue was held at the hall corner of Grand and Clinton streets, last evening. Brief and pointed addresses were made by Col. B. T. MORGAN, Major W. BULLARD and others.

Seventh Assembly District Grant and Griswold Club.

A meeting of gentlemen took place last evening, at No. 811 Broadway, for the purpose of forming the Seventh Assembly District Grant and Griswold Club. Mr. DWIGHT H. OLMSTEAD was chosen temporary Chairman; Mr. C. B. MITCHELL, Secretary, *pro tem.*, and a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. W. H. WOODMAN, J. WILSON GREEN and C. B. MITCHELL, were appointed to draft a constitution and present candidates for officers. They retired a short time for consultation, and returned presenting a Constitution and the following names: President, Salem P. Russell; Vice-Presidents, John Mason Knox, Charles James Livingston and W. H. Woodman; Corresponding Secretaries, Charles W. Gardner, Thomas Cochran, Jr.; Recording Secretaries, C. B. Mitchell, J. F. J. Gunning; Treasurer, Lloyd Aspinwall; Executive Committee, Hon. H. J. Raymond, Hon. Wm. Mitchell, Hon. Thomas E. Stewart, E. S. Van Winkle, J. P. Giraud Foster, D. H. Olmstead, J. Wilson Green, H. Everett Russell, J. W. Moore, Edward Mitchell, Jas. Renney, S. C. Southmayd, Thos. McElrath, Henry Brewster, Wm. M. Dennison, Wm. A Towner, Henry S. Osborne, Wm. C. Miller and Ed. Ellsworth.

The President took the chair and delivered a brief address, stating that the Democratic Party were diligently at work endeavoring to carry the State, and urging great vigilance and energy as being necessary for victory.

A discussion took place, without result, upon the choice of a room for headquarters, and the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place on Monday evening next.

Tenth Assembly District Grant and Colfax Club.

A large meeting was held at the headquarters of this Club, No. 385 Bowery, last evening. Mr. JACOB M. PATTERSON presided, and, after making a few remarks, introduced Mr. DANIEL R. LEDDY, an Irish Republican, who congratulated his hearers upon the continued accessions to the Republican ranks, and especially those from among the Irish citizens of this country. He promised a large Irish vote for GRANT and COLFAX, and said that with the assistance of the adopted citizens, this State was going to be carried for the Republican candidates. He argued at length in favor of the principles of the Republican Party, and predicted the sure success of those principles, if the men of the party worked as they ought to do to bring their voters to the polls, and prevent fraudulent voting. [Great applause.]

Mr. CLARK, of the *Irish Republic*, was next introduced, and said that the newspaper which he represented upheld the broad platform of the republican idea on which all the freemen of this world were yet to stand. [Applause.] He was an Irishman by birth, and had not been long in this country. In the old countries the banner of progress was being carried forward. Fenianism was in England carrying the banner of progress, and Fenianism in every throb was in accord with republican institutions. [Applause.] Mr. CLARK spoke at great length in behalf of Republican principles, and concluded an eloquent address amid loud applause. Mr. GEORGE F. CANBY made a stirring address. At the conclusion of the addresses the meeting adjourned.

Twentieth Assembly District.

A meeting of the Grant and Colfax Club of this district was held last night, and was well attended. Mr. F. J. FITHIAN delivered an address, in which he took the ground that the result of the present campaign would determine not alone whether our bonds should be paid in greenbacks or gold, not alone whether the taxes should be increased or diminished, but whether the Government should be placed in the hands of loyal or disloyal men. He begged his audience to remember that this is the only country where a free Government can exist, and that its integrity and unity must be preserved.

Mr. CHARLES E. SINCLAIR followed in an able speech, in which he reviewed the leading questions of the day in a lucid manner.

Hon. WILLIAM E. DARLING, who was warmly welcomed, made a few remarks, after which the Club adjourned to Friday next.

The Twelfth District Grant and Colfax Club.

At a meeting of the Twelfth District Grant and Colfax Club, held at No. 21 Avenue D, last evening, speeches were made by GEO. H. ANDREWS, ISAAC DAYTON, E. DELAFIELD SMITH and others.

Eighteenth District Grant and Colfax Club.

A large and interesting meeting was held last evening at No. 501 Third-avenue, under the auspices of the Young Men's Grant and Colfax Club of the Eighteenth Assembly District. The chair was occupied by THOMAS L. FEITNER, and addresses were delivered by Hons. HENRY B. STANTON, FREEMAN J. FITHIAN, HENRY D. LAPAUGH and others, who were loudly cheered.

German Grant and Colfax Campaign Club.

The German Grant and Colfax Club of the Eighteenth Ward will hold a mass meeting on Monday evening at Demilt Hall, corner of Second-avenue and Twenty-third-street. Eloquent speakers will address the assemblage in both English and German.

Other Meetings Last Night.

Republican meetings were held last night by the First Assembly District Union Republican Association, at No. 78 Hudson-street; the Third Assembly District Association, at No. 375 Broome-street; the Fourth Assembly District Association, at No. 4 Pike-street; the Seventh Assembly District Association, at No. 106 Sixth-avenue; the Fourteenth District Association, at No. 23 Third-avenue, and the Twenty-first Assembly District Association, at Washington Hall, Third-avenue, near One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street. We have room barely to mention that they were well-attended and enthusiastic.

Boys in Blue Mobbed in Brooklyn.

On Thursday night the Boys in Blue of the Seventh and Twenty-First Wards, while proceeding to the Republican mass meeting at the corner of Bedford and De Kalb avenues, were attacked by a Copperhead mob on Myrtle-avenue. Two of the Seventh Ward "Boys" were partially overpowered and deprived of their torches, which were subsequently recovered from a rum-shop in the vicinity. A Mr. ASPINWALL, who belongs to the Twenty-first Ward Company, was struck in the breast by a stone and severely injured. Two others of the same company were also injured. The Police of the Forty-fourth Precinct made their appearance, whereupon the mob quickly dispersed. No arrests were made.

Staten Island Politics.

The Grant and Colfax Club of Tottenville, S. I., held a large meeting on Thursday night. The Tanners' Club of Perth Amboy, in uniform, with torches and a band of music, came across the Bay and attended the meeting. Strong speeches were made by J. K. PHELPS, Esq., and Col. T. B. THORPE.

The Monster Wigwam in Jersey City.

Among the speakers who will positively be present, if they are in health, at the dedication of the monster wigwam in Jersey City on the 30th inst., are Gens. SICKLES, KILPATRICK, VICKERS, VAN BUREN, JACKSON, and Messrs. JOHN L. THOMAS, Dr. TENNEY, WARWICK, HEWLETTS, PANGBORN, FRELINGHUYSEN, BARBOUR and others. This immense building has cost $20,000, and will be paid for by the Republicans of Jersey City. It is 95 by 200 feet, and will hold over 7,000 persons. Most of New-Jersey and many from New-York will be there.

Grand Republican Mass Meeting in Newark.

The largest political gathering ever known in Newark assembled at the wigwam last evening. Between three and four thousand persons were present inside of the building, while about one thousand more collected in the street in front of the wigwam, where they were addressed by different speakers. Gen. JUDSON KILPATRICK and Lieut.-Gov. WOODFORD, of New-York, were the speakers inside the building, and they held the attention of the audience for nearly three hours with able arguments upon the issues of the campaign. The assembled thousands manifested throughout the greatest enthusiasm.

TELEGRAMS.

SPAIN.

Preparations for an Attack on Seville—The Fight at Santander.

PARIS, Friday, Sept. 25.

The *Moniteur* publishes the following news from Spain: Gen. PAIVA, commanding the royal troops, is massing his forces to attack Seville. The men are in good spirits. Official dispatches from the royal authorities give an account of the affray in Santander. They report that after a sharp fight the rebels were worsted, and took refuge on the fleet in the harbor.

The Insurgents Strong on the Seaboard—Revolt of Royal Troops.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25.

Advices received this afternoon from Spain indicate that the rebels are especially strong on the seaboard. On the northwestern coast they hold possession of the fortified seaport towns of Corunna, Pontevedra and Vigo, and the mouth of the Tambre River in the Province of Corunna. Two regiments of the royal troops sent from Madrid to put down the insurrection at Cadiz, are reported to have revolted while on the road, and gone over to the rebel ranks.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London Newspaper Comments on Mr. Johnson's Recent Speeches.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25.

The *Times* and *Telegraph* have articles this morning on the speeches of REVERDY JOHNSON, delivered at Leeds day before yesterday. The writers exult in the good sense and pacific tone of Mr. JOHNSON's utterances, and say that if he, who knows the whole case, is certain of an adjustment of the differences pending between Great Britain and the United States, the public may be sure of it.

Death of the Dean of St. Pauls, London.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25.

Rev. HENRY HART MILMAN, Dean of St. Pauls, died to-day, aged 77.

RUSSIA.

The Minister to the United States to be Recalled for Instructions.

ST. PETERSBURG, Friday, Sept. 25.

It is reported that the Czar will recall the Minister at Washington, for instructions in regard to the new policy about to be pursued by the Empire.

ITALY.

Appointment of New Ministers.

FLORENCE, Friday, Sept. 25.

CANTELLI has been appointed Minister of the Interior, and PASSIVI Minister of the Public Works.

NICARAGUA.

The New Treaty With the United States.

PARIS, Friday, Sept. 25.

La France, the Government organ, says that the rights gained by the United States, in the treaty with Nicaragua, are also gained by France and England, by the stipulation in the treaty of 1860.

GEORGIA.

Further Particulars of the Camilla Riot—Official Reports of the Killed and Wounded—Present State of Affairs.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Sept. 25.

Gen. HOWARD to-day received later and fuller information of the affair at Camilla, Ga., on the 19th inst., which fully confirms the previous report of its tragic and bloody character. Major HOWARD, the Sub-Assistant Commissioner for the District of Albany, writes to military headquarters at Atlanta as follows:

HEADQUARTERS SUB-DISTRICT OF ALBANY,
BUREAU OF REFUGEES AND FREEDMEN,
ALBANY, Ga., Sept. 20, 1868.

Col. R. J. Lewis, U. S. A., Atlanta, Ga.:

COLONEL: The affair at Camilla seems to have been a massacre. I inclose an accurate list of the killed and wounded, so far as known.

A freedman, who was a prisoner at Camilla, but who escaped during the night, states that he helped to remove one dead freedwoman and four wounded freedmen from the road, within one hundred yards of the Court-house. The white men, his captors, boasted to the new comers of twelve freedmen killed in one pond near Dr. DASHER's, two miles from Camilla. Another freedman took refuge in a swamp, where he lay concealed all last night with two others near him. He heard, during all the earlier part of the night, the white men scouring the woods, shouting, cursing and shooting the freedmen. The pursuers, he said, were accompanied by blood-hounds. He heard the cries and shrieks of the fugitives, as they were shot, and as they were pulled down by the dogs. Two of the men near him, becoming frightened, endeavored to escape, and both were shot within his hearing. It was reported to me as late as 4 o'clock this afternoon, that up to 8 o'clock this morning, when my informant left, they were still pursuing the freedmen with horses and dogs.

There has been an intense excitement in town all day. The town has been filled with freedmen. They have swarmed about my office by hundreds. It has been difficult to restrain them from proceeding *en masse* to Camilla. I have addressed them, counseling peace and order. I have told them that the offenders shall be punished and that their lives should be protected, but I have no heart for my work. I feel no assurance that my promises will be fulfilled. The Mayor addressed them, as did also some citizens, but the freed people scoffed at and would not listen to them, and I had the whole burden to bear.

At this hour, midnight, all is quiet. Dr. RUSHENBERG has returned from FISHER & FLAGG's plantation, nine miles below here, where he has been all day caring for the wounded. I will, to-morrow, take affidavits of wounded men and others, and prepare an official report. Please instruct me and inform me what action will be taken by military or civil authority.

Very respectfully,
(Signed,) O. H. HOWARD,
Brevet Major and 2d Asst. Com.

List of killed and wounded in the affair at Camilla:

Twelve freedmen, names unknown, at a point near Dr. DASHER's, two miles from Camilla; Dr. POLHIER's freedman, shot dead, (in leg, wrist, and neck;) unknown freedman, shot through the bowels and in the head, (mortally wounded;) JAMES INGRAHAM, freedman, killed, (shot repeatedly while lying wounded on the ground;) WM. DESSAU's freedman, shot in shoulder; unknown freedman, shot in thigh; unknown freedman, shot in knee; SAMUEL DICKERSON, shot in arms; West Chatham freedman, shot in back; unknown freedman shot in back; freedwoman shot dead; A. B. COLLINS, killed, shot after being wounded, while on the ground; WM. LANDSEY, head cut by blow with club musket; RANDOLPH, freedman, shot in leg; BURILL JOHNSON, shot in shoulder; Squire ACRE's freedman, shot in shoulder; BENJ. LUMLEY, shot in thigh and in leg below knee; HOWARD BUNCE, six gunshot wounds, head, ear, shoulder, arm, elbow and side, dangerously; HANDY ROBINSON, shot in both legs; JOHN MURPHY, white, contusion of head by blow with musket barrel; W. P. PIERCE, white, shot in leg; F. F. PUTNEY, white, shot in shoulder.

Of the attacking party only two were reported wounded: JAMES JOHNS, the ringleader, pistol-ball in forehead and two in his back, said to be mortal. COLLINS, slight wound. It is estimated that at least fifty freedmen were killed and wounded.

Respectfully submitted, O. H. HOWARD,
Brevet Major and 2d Asst. Com.

The following letter is from Mr. MURPHY, one of the white men who was with the procession:

DOUGHERTY COUNTY, Ga., Sept 20, 1868.

Col. O. H. Howard:

As we were entering into Camilla yesterday we were fired on by a mob. Several freedmen were wounded—I know as many as eight. Whether there was any one killed I cannot say. Mr. PUTNEY was wounded in the arm and had several shots through his clothes. PIERCE was not hurt. After the whole affair was over in town I was followed by four men, who overtook me six miles from town; they handled me pretty roughly, striking me on the head with a gun and cutting me severely. They told me several freedmen were killed. I don't know who they are. I don't know how many there were in the mob. There was a very large crowd. I think there were three hundred shots fired in all.

(Signed,) JOHN MURPHY.

In concluding his report to Col. LEWIS, Major HOWARD remarks: "Unless vigorous measures are instituted, and troops are stationed here for the protection of all parties, there will be much bloodshed. I cannot restrain the people. It will be useless for me to attempt to block the way of thousands for any length of time. I must protect my family, and let the contending parties fight it out. It is coming. I have sent the doctor to attend the wounded.

Gov. Bullock's Message.

The message which Gov. BULLOCK sent in to the Georgia Legislature, with the documents relative to the massacre at Camilla, is in full as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 21, 1868.

To the General Assembly:

From the communication transmitted herewith, it will be seen that in violation of and with total disregard for the proclamation issued on the 14th inst., the right of the people to peaceably assemble has has been violently and barbarously impaired, and the civil officers of the County of Mitchell are wholly unable to protect the rights of citizens, or to maintain the peace.

By secton seven of an act of Congress, passed March 2, 1867, the organization, arming or calling into service of the militia of this State is properly prohibited, and it is therefore earnestly recommended that the Legislature make immediate application to the President of the United States, under section four, article five, of the Constitution of the United States, for sufficient military force to be stationed in said county, to the end that peace may be maintained, the rights, lives and property of citizens protected and secured, and the guilty punished after due process of law.

I do not deem it necessary to enter into an argument to support the above recommendation. The fact that this occurrence is the result of a determination frequently and publicly expressed by irresponsible persons of one political party that the other political party ought not, and shall not hold political meetings, is too well known. It is, however, gratifying to know and to believe that this sentiment is confined to a class of lawless persons, who are not countenanced or supported by the responsible citizens in their respective counties; but the misfortune is that the outrages are not prevented, and unless physical force can be promptly added to the honest efforts of the officers of the law, we shall be thrown into a state of anarchy, where neither life, property nor law will be regarded, and the innocent will suffer from the wrong-doing of the guilty.

[I have this moment received a dispatch from Major HOWARD, which places the killed and wounded at about fifty.] RUFUS H. BULLOCK, Governor.

Georgia Legislature.

ATLANTA, Ga., Friday, Sept. 25.

The bill to organize and call into service the State militia has been defeated in both Houses. The House resolution to adjourn on the 6th of October was, to-day, agreed to by the Senate. The House to-day refused to reconsider the bill making an amendment to the Constitution, removing the capital of the State to Milledgeville.

Registration in New-Orleans—Certain Foreigners Refused Registration.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Sept. 25.

Registration was opened to-day. Among the first acts of the Registers was to refuse the registration of foreigners, naturalized by the Judges of the Fifth and Sixth District Courts since July last, on the ground that such naturalization is illegal. In this they were sustained by the Chairman of the State Board of Registration. The excitement in the city in consequence is intense.

A bill was introduced in the Senate to-day by Senator BACON, amending the Registration act so as to require only the oath prescribed by the State Constitution, and further defining the powers of Registers and Supervisors of election. It passed two readings, and was made the order for Monday next.

It was stated in the Senate that the Board of Registration had arrogated to themselves the right to supplement the Registration law by adding provisions which the Senate had rejected. A resolution calling for an investigation was adopted, and a committee was appointed.

Mr. FOSDICK, the Democrat who was appointed on the State Board of Registration by Gov. WARMOUTH, has entered a second protest against the action of the majority of the Board in adopting rules against the Constitution, and the laws of the State and the United States touching the rights of electors, contending that registration cannot be refused to citizens willing and ready to take the oaths prescribed by the Registration laws.

Proclamation by Gov. Warmouth, of Louisiana.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Sept. 25.

Gov. WARMOUTH issued a proclamation this evening, calling upon the citizens to remain at home and abstain from exciting acts or conversation. The official authorities are capable of suppressing all difficulties that may arise in arresting all offenders; or, if found insufficient, will be promptly assisted by the military. He also calls upon political clubs to abstain from any public demonstration for the present.

Robbery and Murder at Delaware Water Gap, Penn.—The Murderers Pursued and Captured.

DELAWARE WATER GAP, Penn.,
Friday, Sept. 25.

The Brainard House, at this place, was robbed this morning. Mr. THOMAS BRODHEAD, proprietor, and his brother, THEODORE, started in pursuit of the robbers, and came upon them on the carriage-road about fifty yards south of this place. Mr. THOMAS BRODHEAD took hold of one of them and ordered him back, and he appeared willing to go. The other stepped about ten feet away and drew a revolver, when the first said, "Shoot them down." He immediately fired two shots, wounding Mr. THOMAS BRODHEAD in the face and left side. When Mr. THEODORE BRODHEAD came up, he grappled with them, and received a shot through the body, which killed him instantly. Before leaving, they pounded Mr. THOMAS BRODHEAD on the head with stones. Upon receiving the news of the tragedy, the people of the place immediately began a search for the murderers. The woods were scoured, and finally, at about 1 o'clock this afternoon, two men were captured about one hundred miles west of this place, and were recognized as the guilty parties. The excitement was very great. Sheriff HENRY had all he could do to prevent their being lynched on the spot. At 2 o'clock they started with the prisoners to lodge them in the Stroudsburg jail, accompanied by a large party of armed men. THOMAS BRODHEAD will probably recover.

Execution of Silas and Charles T. James in Worcester.

WORCESTER, Mass., Friday, Sept. 25.

SILAS and CHARLES T. JAMES, who murdered JOSEPH G. CLARK in this city on the night of the 28th of February last, were executed at 10:50 o'clock this forenoon. The execution took place in the chapel of the jail, and the scaffold used was the same upon which Prof. WEBSTER, GREEN and other murderers were executed. At 10:30 the condemned entered the chapel with their arms pinioned, and mounted the scaffold. High Sheriff KNOWLTON then gave them an opportunity to speak. SILAS merrily thanked the officers for their kindness, and hoped to meet them in Heaven. CHARLES followed in a rambling and incoherent manner for about five minutes, and confessed that they were both guilty. The clergyman attending then read passages from Scripture, closing with a prayer. The warrant was then read, during which the black cap was drawn over their faces and the straps were applied to their knees and ankles. After this the Sheriff gave the signal and the drop fell, the bodies falling a distance of about eight feet. CHARLES died hard, but SILAS' neck was broken by the fall, and he died instantly, in about thirty minutes. The bodies were then cut down and delivered to their relatives.

Large Republican Meeting in Elmira, N. Y.—Speech of Hon. Gerritt Smith.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Friday, Sept. 25.

Hon. GERRITT SMITH addressed a very large Republican meeting in this city at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Notwithstanding the rain, the Wigwam in which the meeting was held, being capable of seating 3,000 people, was filled to overflowing. He spoke for over two hours, and took a decided ground in favor of the election of GRANT and COLFAX, and against SEYMOUR and BLAIR. His speech was very able and interesting. Much enthusiasm was manifested.

Preparations for the Entertainment of the War Veterans in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Sept. 25.

A large meeting of citizens was held to-day to arrange for entertaining the war veterans, who are to assemble here on the 1st and 2d of October. The Union Volunteer Refreshment Saloon, which fed thousands of soldiers during the war, will be reopened on this occasion for the entertainment of the delegates. Committees from other States are arriving here, and are securing halls and empty houses for the accommodation of the delegations. All the Republican Wide-Awake Clubs in the United States are invited to participate in the torchlight procession on the evening of Oct. 2.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

The Provincial Exhibition—The Cattle Disease.

HAMILTON, Canada, Friday, Sept. 25.

The Provincial Exhibition continues in progress here, and is visited by enormous crowds. Twenty-five thousand tickets were sold to-day. JOHN HAMILTON, of Strabane, obtained the Canada Company's prize of $100, and other first prizes, for white and red wheat. The show of cattle is pronounced the best ever seen in Canada.

At a meeting of the Agricultural Association, Hon. DAVID CHRISTIE was deputed to visit the United States to investigate the cattle disease. Hon. LEWIS ALLEN, Commissioner from New-York, Mr. HALL, of Chicago, and other Americans, had an informal meeting with the members of the Board, and decided that no action be taken to withdraw restrictions until Mr. CHRISTIE's report was received.

The Cricket Match—Departure of the All England Eleven for Boston.

MONTREAL, Friday, Sept. 25.

Owing to the rain it was found impossible to continue the cricket match this morning, as intended, when the stumps were drawn last evening. The match is therefore a draw. The All England scored in the first inning 310, and the Canadians only twenty-eight. The Eleven leave this morning via Vermont Central Railroad for Boston, where they will arrive at 8:30 Saturday morning.

Miscellaneous Matters.

MONTREAL, Friday, Sept. 25.

Accounts from the interior of New-Brunswick speak of the potato disease, which makes great ravages in some places. The fields are completely blackened within a few hours.

The Dominion rifle tournament has closed.

A fire occurred in CUSSON's stables last night, which destroyed three horses.

The Government has dispatched a special agent to Labrador to inquire into the distress among the inhabitants.

A Murderer Lynched in Iowa.

CHICAGO, Friday, Sept. 25.

An affray occurred between two men, named KELLY and JAMES KEEN, last Sunday night, in a disreputable house in Desmoines, Iowa, which resulted in the death of the latter. The murderer escaped but was subsequently arrested and committed for trial. On Tuesday afternoon he was taken from the officers by a number of men in disguise, and taken just outside the city limits and hanged.

Murderer to be Executed in Baltimore in December.

BALTIMORE, Md., Friday, Sept. 25.

The execution of WILLIAM F. FOSTER, (colored,) who was convicted of the murder of EMELINE PARKS, (also colored,) in September last, has been fixed for Friday, the 4th day of December next. The death-warrant was read to the prisoner yesterday by the Sheriff. He exhibited the most intense emotion.

Cold Weather in New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Sept. 25.

The weather has turned suddenly cold. The thermometer fell 20° in twenty-four hours.

MISCELLANEOUS TELEGRAMS.

CLEVELAND, Friday, Sept. 25.

The Cleveland, Wooster and Zanesville Railroad organized yesterday, Gen. J. S. CASEMENT President.

ATLANTIC CITY, Friday, Sept. 25.

On Wednesday the body of a man came ashore at Brigantine, having an envelope in his pocket addressed J. C. HOWARD, Wirotown, N. J. He was probably drowned by the upsetting of the yacht *Lounge Junior*, which came ashore there on Monday.

BALTIMORE, Md., Friday, Sept. 25.

Yesterday, in an altercation, BARNEY HANMAN, the former proprietor of the public house No. 29 Centre Market Space, was kicked in the abdomen, from which he died soon after.

BOSTON, Friday, Sept. 25.

The Philadelphia firemen left for home to-night, apparently well pleased with their visit to Boston.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Friday, Sept. 25.

Dr. JOSEPH N. MCDOWELL, one of the most distinguished surgeons in the West, and a resident of this city for twenty-eight years, died this morning of congestive chills, in the sixty-third year of his age.

PORTLAND, Me., Friday, Sept. 25.

The Maine State Fair, which was advertised to be held on the 29th of September, will be postponed one week on account of the weather and the bad condition of the track and grounds.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Friday, Sept. 25.

The Cincinnati Base Ball Club played the Olympics, of Washington, this afternoon, and were defeated by a score of 22 to 9. The game was played with much spirit by both sides, in the presence of a large crowd of spectators. The following are the totals of each inning:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	
Olympics..	2	4	3	0	0	3	1	4	5	—22
Cincinnati....	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	0	3	— 9

AUGUSTA, Me., Friday, Sept. 25.

The alleged incendiaries accused of causing the fire at the United States Arsenal in this city, who were examined on the 17th inst. before Commissioner J. H. MANLEY, had their cases reopened by consent of the Government, and, after an elaborate examination to-day, were again held under heavy bonds to appear before a higher court for trial.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Sept. 25.

An affray occurred this morning in the French market, in which one white man was attacked by three negroes. They were all armed with pistols. One negro was instantly killed. The white man escaped, but will probably be arrested to-night.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Sept. 25.

The Senate yesterday installed another negro as Senator, from Caddo Parish, in place of REUBEN WHITE, (white,) who was elected but declared ineligible.

BALTIMORE, Md., Friday, Sept. 25.

It is understood that JAMES L. RIDGELY, of Baltimore, the Grand Corresponding and Recording Secretary of the United States Independent Order of Odd Fellows, has been selected by the Committee to deliver the address at the grand national semi-centennial celebration of the Order in Philadelphia on the 26th of April next.

Arrival of the Havana Steamship Moro Castle.

The steamship *Moro Castle*, which left Havana, Sept. 19, arrived at this port yesterday. Purser R. W. ALBERT will accept our thanks for courtesies.

Gen. Robert E. Lee Invited to Visit Massachusetts—His Reply.

From the Newburyport Herald, Sept. 24.

Among the letters received at the Salisbury gathering, was the following from Gen. ROBERT E. LEE. The Committee inform us that they have extended an invitation to him to be present this year, and as that invitation, unlike the one for the present year, is not open to the charge of a personal reason, we may hope to hear from him at the next gathering.

LEXINGTON, Va., Sept. 15, 1868.

MY DEAR SIR: Your letter of the 7th inst., addressed to me at the White Sulphur Springs, has been received this morning. I am very much obliged to the Committee which you represent, for their kind invitation to attend the "Salisbury Beach Festival" on the 16th inst., and beg that you will accept my sincere thanks for the cordial manner in which it has been extended.

Were it practicable for me to be absent from Washington College just at the resumption of studies, 17th inst., it would be impossible for me to attend your time-honored festival, from the lateness of the hour that I have received your letter. I shall therefore be deprived of the pleasure of being present on the occasion.

With great respect, your obedient servant,
R. E. LEE.

Mr. ISAAC HALE, Jr.

THE REVENUE FRAUDS.

The Charges Against Commissioner Rollins and Others—Additional Testimony.

The examination of the charges of conspiracy to defraud the Internal Revenue Department now pending against Commissioner E. A. ROLLINS, Deputy Commissioner HARLAN and Ex-Deputy Collector SMITH, was resumed yesterday morning, before United States Commissioner GUTTMAN.

The witness, J. E. MCHENRY, was recalled, and cross-examined by the defence, as follows: Mr. Loeb's face was partially turned toward me when I saw him counting out the money in the room at Willard's Hotel; I waited at the Pennsylvania-avenue entrance to the Hotel until Mr. Loeb came out; I think I spoke to him some time during the day after seeing him counting the money; I determine the capacity of a still by actual measurement and a general examination of the machinery; I ascertain the fomenting capacity of the mash tubs by measuring their depth and diameter; a tub ten and a half feet in diameter at the bottom and eight and a half feet in diameter at the top and twelve and a half feet in height will hold 2,672 wine gallons; I saw the fifty barrels of whisky on Pier No. 1 about noonday; it was about the latter part of December, 1867; I was an Inspector of Internal Revenue at that time; I saw some of those barrels driven to Pike's distillery; I saw them branded "tax paid" while on the trucks or drays; I did not swear in my affidavit that I saw them marked and branded "tax paid" while they were on the trucks; it is my impression, as far as I can remember, that they were marked while on the way from the pier to the rectifying establishment; I mentioned the fact officially in a report that I afterward made; I do not think I have any draft of that report; I reported it some time about the 1st of January; I was in the habit of going every morning to the Metropolitan Board rooms; sometimes I saw Mr. Harlan there, and sometimes I did not; when Pike came in that morning I did not know whether Mr. Harlan was in his office; when I wanted to see whether Mr. Harlan was in I generally went to look through the glass; it was the general practice for everyone in the office to look through the glass if they wished to see whether Mr. Harlan was in or was engaged; I did not go to the glass at the instant the Pike entered the room; I first looked at some letters and put them in the box before I looked through the glass; there was a table in Mr. Harlan's office.

Q.—When you first looked through the glass did Mr. Pike have the check in his hand? A.—I didn't notice it the first moment, but in a very short time afterward I saw the check passed; my impression is that I saw him put his hand in his pocket, but I didn't see the check come out of his pocket.

Q.—Had the check been folded up? A.—It was smooth, apparently as if taken from a book; Mr. Pike held it almost still in his hand for probably a minute and a half; the check might have been about four feet from my eye; it was directly in front of me; I read the check as it was being passed from one to the other; I have good eyes; as a general thing I can read writing.

Q.—By Mr. Sedgwick (while moving a paper slowly in front of the witness)—Will you be good enough to read that? Witness did not seem to be able to read it as it passed, and answered: Well the writing on the check was somewhat more plain than that.

Mr. SEDGWICK obtained a check from a gentleman present, and passed it slowly before the witness, occupying three or four seconds in doing so.

Q.—What was on that check? A.—It says, "Chemical National Bank."

Q.—What else? A.—I didn't get a chance to see that, Sir.

Q.—What was the date, Sir? A.—I didn't see that, Sir. I want to see it "a minute or a minute and a half."

Q.—Was it payable to order? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Well, what is it? Who is the maker? A.—You passed that before me in about ten seconds; I want it before me for a minute and a half.

Mr. Sedgwick desired witness to take out his (witness') watch and time a minute or a minute and a half, and see if the check was so long in passing.

Mr. Sedgwick timed one minute and five seconds by his own watch, and said: You mean to say that Mr. Pike held the check before your eyes for this length of time? A. I think so; about that.

Alexander Grapp, who, in 1867, was proprietor of a distillery in West Thirty-ninth-street, was called for the prosecution, but he was directed to stand aside after giving a little testimony, the immateriality of which was apparent.

Robert D. Anderson, being sworn, said: Resides in Brooklyn; was formerly Assistant Assessor of Third Collection District; made a seizure of property on the premises on Flushing-avenue, near Kent-avenue; the seizure made was of chemicals; the premises belonged to a Mr. Marot; the Assessor at the time was Mr. Welwood; Mr. Wood was the Collector; the charge was illicit distillation; running a distillery without a license; made complaint to the Assessor, who reported the matter to the Collector, and he heard the property had been seized.

At this point objection was interposed by counsel for the defence, that the testimony then being developed was irrelevant to the charge of conspiracy. This point was discussed at great length, and after the conclusion of the argument, the Commissioner decided to admit the testimony.

Upon being allowed to resume, the witness answered that he had no personal knowledge of what the Collector did with the distillery.

The examination was then adjourned until this morning at 11 o'clock.

Grammar School No. 58.

Yesterday was the reception day at the new school building on Fifty-second-street, known as Grammar School No. 58. The construction of the building was commenced about a year ago, and the finishing strokes to the work were given to it a few days since. The building is a model of a school-house. It is four stories high, and has accommodations for 2,000 scholars. There are twenty-five class-rooms altogether. These rooms are divided into two departments, one of which will be occupied by boys exclusively, and the other—a primary department—by boys and girls. The lower floor is designed to be used as a play-room. The building, including furniture, cost $150,000. The Trustees in that district are STEPHEN N. SIMONSON, TERRENCE RILEY, WILLIAM H. DOHERTY, JOHN M. HELCK and ADNA H. UNDERHILL. The School Commissioners are JOHN JASPER, R. L. LARREMORE and HORATIO P. ALLEN. The Principal of the Grammar Department is JOHN D. ROBINSON, and of the Primary Department, Miss MARIA JASPER. The regular term of the school will commence Monday.

LAW REPORTS.

DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Stemmler.

INTERESTING LANDLORD AND TENANT CASE.

Lees and Campbell vs. *O'Neill*.—The defendant is the owner of No. 348 West Forty-second-street. On Feb. 14 last, he executed a lease of the store for five years, with privilege to the plaintiffs to erect an addition to the store not to exceed 62 feet in depth, which they did at an expense of between $600 and $700. The defendant occupied the upper portion of the building, and he and the members of his family, contrary to the wishes of the plaintiffs used the roof over the addition as a yard, placed lumber, &c., upon it, thereby causing it to leak, whereby the plaintiffs sustained a loss of over $700 to meats in their store, and the roof was damaged to the extent of $53 46. Defendant claimed that as owner he was entitled to use the roof. After summing up of counsel the jury retired and returned a verdict for the plaintiffs for $53 46 damages.

A. H. Reavy for the plaintiffs; Mr. Cushing and Mr. Taylor for the defendant.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—SEPT. 25.

By Judge Cardoso.

Collins vs. McMahon, &c.; motion granted.

Kennedy vs. Potter, et al.; motion granted.

Neefus &c., vs. Olden, et al.; attachment ordered unless defendant appears and submits to examination, &c.

Hoppock, et al., vs. Morgan, et al.; motion granted.

Lincoln vs. Shay; order granted.

Mangan vs. Slavin; motion granted.

Randall vs. The Leroy Gas Light Company; motion denied.

Goodrich vs. Ganlon; motion granted.

Ring vs. Ring; motion granted.

Mitchell vs. Mitchell; motion granted.

Seguine et al., vs. The Great Western Railroad Company; motion to change place of trial denied; costs to abide the event.

Manahan vs. Walker et al.; default opened, conditions, &c.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—SEPT. 25.

By Judge Jones.

Edward S. Dodge vs. Benjamin F. Clayton; motion granted.

Christian F. French vs. Wm. Nelson; motion granted.

J. J. Traphagen vs. T. P. Knapp; motion denied. (See opinion with Special Term Clerk.)

Marun Hart vs. Thomas Dunn; motion denied with $10 costs.

Anne Montague vs. Sandford W. Battershall; motion granted on payment of $20 costs; otherwise denied with $10 costs.

Hamilton E. Towle vs. The American Telegraph Company; motion granted.

Josiah H. Benton vs. Alanson M. Clark; motion granted.

James F. Morgan vs. Robert Bouynge; motion granted.

In the matter of the petition of Prudence Randolph, &c.; motion granted.

Hannah Goldsmith vs. Heman Gumpel; motion granted.

Michael Lawless vs. William Lawless, et al.; motion granted.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Russel.

A large number of trials occupied the attention of the Court yesterday, but they were all of minor importance, except one, the particulars of which are as follows:

Alfred C. Smith, a demented looking, paralyzed individual, was charged with stabbing his wife, Orpha, on the evening of the 14th inst., at the corner of Broadway and Pearl-street, inflicting a painful but not serious wound in the left breast. The parties had been living separately for four years past, the woman retaining the custody of their little daughter, whom she sent into the country for safe keeping. Of late Mr. Smith has been desirous of obtaining possession of the girl, and hence the difficulty which eventuated in the stabbing. An *alibi* was set up for the defence, and several witnesses, including the prisoner's mother, testified in conformation of the plea. The District-Attorney thereupon asked for an adjournment until Monday, in order to procure rebutting evidence, and the Judge granted the motion.

SENTENCES.

The following named prisoners, convicted on previous days of the term, were then sentenced: John Brady, assault with intent to rob, State Prison five years; Richard Francis, forgery, fourth degree, State Prison two years; John Ryan, grand larceny, State Prison two years; Jas. E. Tighe, grand larceny, State Prison five years; Christopher Carr, grand larceny, State Prison two years; Thos. Fay, attempted grand larceny, State Prison two years; Isaac Abrahams, receiving stolen goods, fined $100; Felisiano Montero, assault and battery, City Prison sixty days and fined $50.

THE MONTH'S WORK.

The following summary will exhibit the unusually large amount of work disposed of by Judge RUSSEL during the term, up to this date, Mr. Robert C. Hutchings conducting the prosecution: There were 98 persons tried for various crimes, viz.: Grand larceny, 30; attempted grand larceny, 22; burglary third degree, 15; attempted burglary third degree, 6; forgery fourth degree, 4; petty larceny, 4; picking pockets, 1; attempting to pick pockets, 1; assault and battery, 4; attempted rape, 1; assault with intent to rob, 3; assault with intent to kill, 2; false pretences, 1; carrying slungshot, 1; receiving stolen goods, 2; carrying concealed weapon, 1. Of the whole number, 14 were acquitted and 84 convicted. The convicts were disposed of as follows: Sentenced to State Prison for five years, 16; four years, 4; three years and six months, 1; three years, 5; two years and six months, 14; two years, 4. Penitentiary, three years, 1; one year, 8; six months, 4. House of Refuge, 2. City Prison sixty days, and fined $50, 1; fined $100, 1; fined $10, 2; judgment suspended, 13. The others were remanded for sentence until the October Term. The work accomplished by the Grand Jury was enormous; 143 indictments were rendered, and forty complaints were dismissed by them. Of those against whom bills were found forty-three were discharged by the Court because complainants failed to appear, or desired such dismissal.

The session will be resumed on Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Sept. 25, 1868.

$2,500	U. S. 6s. 5-20s, R. '62	109	300	N. Y. C. R. b60	127⅞
1,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s, C, '62	114	200	do	127
50,000	5-20s, C., '64	109⅞	800	Erie R	49⅝
70,000	5-20s, C., '65	110⅝	50	do	49⅝
10,000	5-20s, C., '65, new	108⅝	10	do....bet. call	50⅛
9,000	N. Car. 6s., ex c.	75¾	200	do....2d call	50⅛
10,000	do.........s30	75	130	Erie R. Pf.	69
10,000	N. Car. 6s, new..	74	200	Hud. River R.	140
10,000	do	73¾	200	Reading R.	93⅝
10,000	Tenn. 6s. new, bet. call	68⅞	5	N. Y. & N. H. R.	141
28,000	do....2d call	68¾	100	do	140
30,000	Tenn. St. 6s, x-c., 2d call	69¾	40	M. S. & N. I.	84
10,000	Va. St. 6s, ex. c., 2d call	54	10	do	83⅝
35,000	Missouri St. 6s., H. & St. Jos. Is.	92	25	Panama R.	360
3,000	N.Y. Cen. 6s. '87.	95⅛	200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	93⅛
8,000	C. & N. W. con. conv. B.	85	100	do	93¾
1,000	do	86	10	do	93⅞
3,000	Alt. & T.H. 2d Pf	84	400	Cleve. & Pitts.	87⅝
1,000	Gr. W. R. 2d M.,	80¼	700	do	87¾
10,000	M. & St. P. 8s, 1st.	103	200	do........b30	87⅞
10,000	Mar. Trustee 10s, Cert. b60	40	100	do.....2d call	88
2,000	C., Cin. & Ind. C. 1st M.	80¼	100	Chi. & N.W.	87
14	Corn Ex. Bank	128	600	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	87
5	Tenth Nat.	110	100	Clev. & Tol.	101¼
10	Bank of Commerce	124	100	do	101⅝
300	Cum. Coal Pf.	33	20	Chic. & R. I.	102½
200	Mar. Prf. ....b. c.	11⅝	200	do........b30	102⅜
20	Mer. U. Ex.	24	100	do.....2d call	102⅝
100	do	24¼	500	Clev., P. & Ash. R., bet. call	99
14	Dubuque & S.C. Pf.	97	200	T., W. & W.	57⅜
			14	do	57⅜
			100	Tol., W. & W. Prf.	78
			100	do	76
			100	P., F. W. & C. ...b30	109
			600	do	108⅝
			10	Chi. & A. R. Prf.	152
			1200	O. & M. R.	29
			100	do........b30	29

SECOND BOARD—12½ P. M.

$10,000	U.S.6s, '81, C.	114	50	Pacific Mail	110¼
40,000	do	114⅛	100	Wells-Fargo Ex.	29⅛
36,000	5-20s, C, '62	114	20	Amer. Ex.	49⅛
90,000	U.S.6s, 5-20s, C., '64	109⅜	100	Reading R.	93⅞
25,000	U. S. 5-20s, C., '65	110⅛	400	do	93⅝
10,000	U. S. 5-20s, C.. '67	109	200	do.........s10	93⅝
13,000	do	108⅞	300	do	93⅞
10,000	U.S. 5-20s, C., '68	109⅛	200	Mich. S. & N. I.	84⅛
5,000	Tenn. St. 6s. new	68⅞	200	Clev. & Pitts. x.div.	85⅞
5,000	Missouri St. 6s.	92	100	do	85⅞
20,000	N. C. St. 6s, x-c., bet. call	76	200	Chi. & N.W. Pf.	88⅞
10,000	N. Car. 6s. new	75	400	Chi. & R. I.	102⅛
10,000	Tol. & W. E. Bs.	76	100	do	102⅛
21	Phœnix Bank	108	200	Tol., W. & W.	59½
14	Del. & H. C.	127½	300	do	58⅞
10	Adams Ex.	51½	300	do	59⅞
200	do	52	400	do	60
			20	Third-av. R.	180
			60	Chi. & Alton	151
			100	Chic. & Alton Pf.	151

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

$40,000	Tenn. St. 6s. new........s15	68¾	600	N. Y. Cen.	126⅞
10,000	do	68⅝	600	Reading R.	93¾
20,000	N. C. 6s. ex c.	75⅝	500	do........b30	93¾
20,000	N. Car. St. 6s. new	74	1800	do	93⅝
10,000	do	73⅝	300	do.........s3	93⅝
15,000	do	73¾	700	do	93⅞
10,000	do.........s10	75½	100	Tol., W. & W	57⅝
100	Wells-Fargo Ex.	29¾	200	do	57½
100	do	29¾	100	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	93
30	Amer. Ex.	49	400	P., Ft. W. & C.	108⅞
500	U. S. Ex. Co.	50	100	Mil. & St. P.	80
300	Mer. U. Ex.	24½	600	M. So. & N. I.	83⅝
100	do	24¼	200	Ill. Cen. R.	144
200	do	24	600	Clev. & Pitts	87⅞
100	Pac. Mail	110⅞	100	O. & Miss. R. .s30.	28⅞
100	do	110¾	200	Clev. & Tol.	101⅝
4	West. U. Tel	34½	300	Chic., R. I. & P.	102⅛
300	Erie R.	49⅝	300	Chi. & N. W. R.	87
200	do.........b3	49⅝	100	do........b10	87
			500	do	86⅞
			600	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	87⅞

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	Tenn. 6s, new..	69	200	Tol. W. & W	58⅝
5,000	do	68⅝	200	do	58¾
200	Wells-Fargo Ex. s3	29⅛	100	do	58⅞
100	Adams Ex. b10	51⅝	100	do	59
300	do	51⅝	100	do	59¾
110	Mer. Union Ex.	24	100	do	59⅜
200	do.........s3	24	100	Mil. & St. P	59⅞
100	do	24¼	200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	93⅞
600	N. Y. Cen. R.	127⅝	200	Ohio & M.	29
200	do	127⅝	400	do	28⅞
200	do.........c	127⅞	500	do.........s30	28⅞
16	do	127⅞	400	M. S. & N. I.	83⅞
300	do	127⅞	100	Clev. & Pitts. b3	87⅞
600	do	127⅞	200	do	87⅝
800	do	127⅞	200	Clev. & Tol.	101⅞
1000	Pacific Mail....s60	109⅞	600	C., R. I. & P.	102⅝
200	do	110⅝	100	do........s10	102⅝
100	Erie R.	50⅛	200	Chi. & N. W. R.	87
100	Hud. Riv. R.	140	200	Chi. & N.W. Pf.	87⅞
800	Reading R......bs	93⅞	1500	do	87⅞
200	do........c	93⅞	500	Mariposa Prf.	11⅞

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$19,000	N.C. St. 6s. x-c.	76	100	M. & St. P. R.	94
40	Amer. Ex.	49	300	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	94⅛
30	do	49⅛	100	P., F. W. & C.	109⅛
100	U. S. Ex.	49⅝	100	do........b30	109⅝
100	Mer. U. Ex.	24⅛	100	do.........b3	109⅝
100	Quicksilver	22⅞	500	Ohio & Miss.	29
400	Pacific Mail	110⅝	100	do........b30	29
200	do.........b3	111	300	M. S. & N. I.	84⅛
1100	N. Y. Cen.	128⅛	800	Cleve. & Pitts. x-d	88⅝
500	do	128⅛	400	do	88⅝
200	do.........b15	128⅛	800	C., R. I. & P.	102⅞
500	do.........s15	128⅛	800	do	102⅝
200	do.........b10	128⅜	100	do.........s5	102⅝
800	Erie R.	50⅛	200	do.........b3	102⅝
800	Reading R.	94⅛	600	Chi. & N. W.	87
800	do	94⅝	500	Chic. & N.W. Pf.	88⅞
900	do.........s30	93⅞	200	do	88⅞
400	do.........b15	94⅛	100	do.........s5	88⅞
200	Tol., W. & W.	60⅝	200	do.........b3	88⅞
100	do	60⅞			

FRIDAY, Sept. 25—P. M.

The sales of Gold, after the depression of yesterday, were comparatively steady this forenoon, with the inclination to firmness, and the range of transactions 141⅞@141⅞@142@141⅞@142¼@142⅛ ⅌ cent. After 2 o'clock P. M. the market was more decidedly firm, and sales were made at 142¼@142⅜ ⅌ cent.; the quotation at the formal closing of the Gold Room. The Short interest made yesterday and the night before, on the report that the Treasury was a seller, was so considerable as to create a large demand for the Cash Gold this morning, and a sixteenth of one per cent. was freely paid for its use until to-morrow. The Treasury, we believe, made but a single movement in the way of selling, day before yesterday, at 143 ⅌ cent, and the amount sold was less than half a million of dollars; which seems, as remarked in yesterday's report, to have created the whole flurry among the speculators. It is not probable that the Department will either follow the market down, or in any way interfere with the price of Gold beyond realizing a few millions of Currency from the sales of a small part of its current heavy Gold receipts from Customs. The Office here was not a seller to-day. The Customs receipts were $528,000, making about $3,000,000 since Monday morning.

The Foreign Exchanges, owing to the scarcity of Gold for present delivery, fell off to 108⅛@108⅜ ⅌ cent., the very best 60-day Bills on London being offered at or within this reduced quotation. One or more of the standard banking houses were anxious to draw at 108½ ⅌ cent. It is understood that some Southern Cotton Bills on England are already coming forward for resale in this market, and the figures for this class of Exchange open low.

The market for Money worked easy to-day to the Brokers at 3@4 ⅌ cent. from private lenders and 4@5 ⅌ cent. at Bank. Most of the large Banks and Trust Companies are quoting 5 ⅌ cent. as the lowest rate at which they are making new loans, on call, and this would certainly not be esteemed an extravagant rate under any circumstances; but the lower terms of 3@4 ⅌ cent., made by outside lenders—chiefly the Foreign banking houses—and the general ease of supply, seem quite conclusive to-day against any effort, as well as against all necessity for making a temporary pressure upon the market on the eve of the Quarterly Bank Statement next week. Indeed, the rumor of "locking up Greenbacks" to affect, temporarily, the Stock Exchange, appears to be pretty well played out.

On the Stock Exchange to-day the Public Funds were comparatively dull. The offering interests among the Street operators seem to be standing off, so that the amount of Stock offered, on speculation, is inconsiderable, as may be seen by reference to the registered sales at the Government Stock Board. The Border State Bonds were again firm and upward on North Carolinas, both old and new, and steady at the close, on new Tennessees, although the latter are not selling as well as they should do, in view of the facts that 3 ⅌ cent interest will come off the price on Monday week, Oct. 5, and that all fear of calling out the State militia, to preserve the peace, is removed by direct advices from Gov. BROWNLOW at Knoxville; so the State indebtedness is not likely to be increased or the finances of the Treasury crippled from this cause.

The Railway Share market is all up to-day, led by the vigorous buying of Erie Common Stock, to which we referred yesterday. The source or sources of this demand for Erie, as intimated, may be reasonably traced to some considerable orders from London by cable, and to heavy purchases by one or more parties here, who are acting in accord with or upon the strength of this English speculation. It is said that this movement has put the Wall-street Directors of the Road at fault, but we believe that this impression is by no means reliable. The upward reaction in New-York Central, Reading and the Northwest Stocks were another feature in the day's market, and the prevailing feeling at the close was in favor of higher figures.

After the late Boards broke up the following quotations were made as compared with Thursday night:

	Thurs.	Frid.
United States 10-40s	104⅞	104⅞
United States 5-20s of 1862	114⅛	114⅛
United States 5-20s of 1867	109	108⅞
American Gold Coin	141⅞	142⅜
Bills on London, 60 days	108⅛	108⅜
New Bonds of Tennessee	69⅜	68⅞
Virginia Bonds, old	54	54
Missouri Bonds	92	92
North Carolina Bonds, old	75⅞	76
New-York Central	127⅛	128⅛
Erie Railway	49⅞	50⅛
Reading Railway	93⅜	94⅛
Chicago and Rock Island	102⅛	102⅞
Northwest Common	86⅞	88⅛
Northwest Preferred	87	88⅞
Michigan Southern	83⅝	84⅛
Pittsburg and Ft. Wayne	108⅞	109⅛
Cleveland and Pittsburg	87⅞	*85⅞
Pacific Mail Company	110⅛	110⅞
St. Paul Preferred	93⅞	94⅛
St. Paul Common	95	93⅛
Toledo and Wabash	58⅛	60⅛

*Ex-dividend.

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States at the close of business:

500 & 1,000, 1881	114	5-20 coup., '65, new is.	108⅝
5-20 reg., 1862	108⅞	5-20 coup., 1867	108⅝
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	114	5-20 coup., 1868	109⅛
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	109⅞	5 ⅌ c. coup., 1874	120
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	110⅛	10-40 500 & 1,000	104⅝
5-20 reg. '65 n. is.	108	6s Currency	99

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Coup. B'y Loan	108	Illinois coupon 6s. 1879	100½
N. Y. 6 ⅌ c. Canal, 1872	100½	Illinois War Loan	100
N. Y. 7 ⅌ c. Canal, 1873	100½	Indiana 5 ⅌ cents	96½
N. Y. 6 ⅌ c. Canal, 1874	101	Michigan 6 ⅌ c., 1873	94
N. Y. 6 ⅌ c. Canal, 1875	101	Tennessee 6 ⅌ c. n. bds	68½
N. Y. 6 ⅌ c. Canal, 1877	101	Virginia 6s., ex c.	52½
N. Y. 5 ⅌ c. Canal, 1878	101	Virginia 6s., new bonds	53½
Illinois C. bonds 1860	100½	Georgia 6s	80
Ill. reg., 1860	100½	Georgia 7s, new bds	91½
Illinois 6s cou., '79 aft. '60	100½	N. C. 6s. ex coupons	76
Ill. 6s. cou., '79 aft. 1862	100½	N. C. 6s. new bonds	75
Illinois 6s. c. '79 aft. 1865	100½	California	133
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1870	100½	Connecticut 6s	100½
Illinois coupon 6s. 1877	100½		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	140	American Exchange	120
Merchants'	124	Bank of N. America	108
Mechanics'	129	Hanover	114½
America	145	Metropolitan	140
Phenix	106	East River	102
Leather Manuf's	175	Corn Exchange	127
Seventh Ward	112½	Marine	150
State of New-York	117	Atlantic	102
Commerce	123½	Central National	108
Ocean	105	Fourth National	105

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1883	95	Gt. Western 1st M. '68	104½
N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1887	95	Gt. Western 1st M. '88	89
Erie 1st M. Ex	105	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	80
Bud., N. Y. & Erie. 1st '77	91	Morris & Essex 1st M.	100
Hud. R. 7s. 1st M., '69-70	100½	Morris & Essex 2d M.	87½
Hud. R. 7s. 2d M. S. F. '85	104	N. Jersey Cen. 2d M.	102½
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M., '75	100½	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	105
Mich. C. 8 ⅌ c. '69-'72	112	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	98
Mich. Cen. n. 1st M. 8s. '82	116½	Cleve. & P. consol. S. F.	92
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ⅌ c. 1st M.	110½	Cleve. & P. 3d M.	91
Pacific R. 7s gua. by M.	93	Cleve. & P. 4th M.	76½
Ill. Cent. 7 ⅌ ct. 1870	120	Chi. & Alt. S. F. 1st M.	100½
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	95	Chi. & Alton S. F. inc.	96
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	96½	Atlantic & G. W. 1st M.	75
Chic. & N. W. int. Bds	90	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	95
Con. 7 ⅌ cent. conv.	95	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M.	93
Han. & St. Jo. L. G.	100	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M. 8s.	102½
Han. & St. Jo. conv.	95	Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 7 3-10	97
Lack. & West'n. bds	96	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	92
Tol. & W. 1st M.	91	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	89
Tol. & W. 1st M. ext'd.	91	Chi. & Mil. 1st M.	89
Tol. & W. 2d Mort.	84		

The earnings of the St. Paul Road for the

Third week in September, 1868	$254,200
Same week, 1867	208,397
Increase	$45,803

The Coal Tonnage of the Reading Road this week is 110,012 tons; the very largest in the history of the Road.

An official notice from the State Treasury of North Carolina is published in another part of this paper, to the effect that *all* Interest due on North Carolina Bonds from and after Oct. 1, 1868, proximo, will be paid *in Cash* at the office of Messrs SOUTTER & Co., of this City, or at the Treasury in Raleigh. And all over-due coupons and past due Bonds of the State are to be funded into a new 6 ⅌ cent. Thirty years' Bond, to date from the 1st October, 1868.

The Panama Railway Company have declared their usual quarterly dividend of 6 ⅌ cent., payable on 5th of October.

The October, 1868, coupon on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Piedmont Railway Company of Virginia are advertised to be paid in this City by Messrs. SOUTTER & Co., No. 53 William-street.

The October coupons on the Mortgages of the Chicago and Great Eastern, and Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Roads will be paid at No. 57 Broadway, by the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Company.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $1,861,156 43; for Customs, $528,000; Gold Notes, $57,000. Total payments, $1,140,885 75; balance, $94,222,830 97.

The movements in Hops, during the week, Mr. EMMET WELLS, in his circular of this date, notices thus:

> "We notice more activity in the market this week, though with liberal receipts our highest quotations have been barely sustained, and the market at the close shows signs of weakness. While we renew our quotations of last week without change, it must be remembered that in order to realize our extreme high rates, the quality of the Hops must be unobjectionable in every respect. At 25c. ⅌ lb. a few bales "gilt edged" can be placed, while a large proportion of the sales are being made at prices ranging from 18c.@22c. The most noticeable feature of the trade this week is the shipment of over 400 bales to England. We place but little importance to this fact, however, the consignments having been made on owners' account and risk; and not by *bona fide* orders from the other side. The quality of the Hops shipped was of the best that could be found in the market. Genuine orders have been received here from England, and are now on file, for a few hundred bales of our best Hops, but not at the current prices. When choice grades can be furnished and placed free on board at 18 or 20c. ⅌ lb., some business can be done. It will be at least two weeks before we shall hear the result of the shipments just made—in the meantime, buyers and shippers will operate with caution, and no very extensive purchases are likely to be made. We have received some fine samples by express from Wisconsin this week. Although these specimens seem to lack the strength of our best "State" Hops, yet the picking, color and delicacy of flavor surpasses anything we have yet seen this season. Some of the last pickings, no doubt will show more lupulin, if not quite so much 'style.' Considering the very unfavorable reports received from that State within the past week or two, concerning the fearful ravages and great increase of vermin, dealers to whom we exhibited our samples express much surprise on seeing the quality so fine. The fact is, therefore, now well established, that Wisconsin will produce as fine a sample as last year; and of prime to choice qualities it is believed 18,000 to 20,000 bales have been secured in the State unharmed. Imports this week from Hamburg, 23 bales. Exports: To London, 1?? bales; to Liverpool, 362 bales. Our London correspondent favors us with the following: Borough, Sept. 12. Since we last had this pleasure (5th) our market has exhibited a decided change for the better. During the past three or four days of the present week, our trade rated very heavy, with a tendency to lower prices—since then, however, an active demand has set in, and heavy sales have been made on every description of the new crop. At present we cannot report any actual advance in prices, but we feel convinced, fine samples will shortly grow into better value. The character of our growth is much about the same. The quality will doubtless be satisfactory on the whole to brewers, but there is a great deficiency of color in the samples, and fine will be scarce. Picking on the Continent is fast progressing, but the few bales to hand—like our own growth are very various as to quality, and we feel convinced that fine samples will prove scarce. The Bavarian market has experienced a fall during the past week, equal to 30s. ⅌ cwt."

The Albany *Argus* of this morning gives the following statement of the quantity of Flour, Wheat, Corn and Barley left at tide-water during the third week in September, in the years 1867 and 1868:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bushels.	Corn, bushels.	Barley, bushels.
1867	18,100	323,300	634,300	9,200
1868	11,400	729,200	1,107,300	193,800
	Decrease 6,700	Inc. 405,900	Inc. 473,000	Inc. 184,600

The aggregate quantity of the same articles left at tide-water from the commencement of navigation to the 22d September, inclusive, during the years 1867 and 1868, was as follows:

	Flour bbls.	Wheat bushels.	Corn. bushels	Barley. bushels.
1867	114,300	1,403,200	10,953,400	71,200
1868	171,400	6,267,700	12,743,500	653,300
Increase	57,100	4,864,500	1,790,100	582,100

By reducing the Wheat to Flour the quantity of the latter left at tide-water this year, compared with the corresponding period last year, shows an increase of 1,030,000 barrels Flour.

The following comparative table shows the quantity of some of the principle articles of produce left at tide-water from the commencement of navigation to and including the 22d of September, in the years indicated:

Canal opened.	1866. May 1.	1867. May 6.	1868. May 6.
Flour, bbls.	115,400	114,300	171,400
Wheat, bushels	2,080,200	1,403,200	6,267,700
Corn, bushels	18,910,100	10,953,400	12,743,500
Barley, bushels	266,100	71,200	653,300
Oats, bushels	6,162,700	2,647,100	6,226,500
Rye, bushels	687,600	192,900	259,100
Malt, bushels	300,800	204,900	330,300

The week is closing on a moderately active trade in the Dry Goods line, chiefly in the way of dress fabrics, which, as a rule, are selling quite remuneratively. Domestic Cottons are doing better, though no marked improvement can be noticed. Domestic Woollens are in comparatively quick request, and firm and buoyant in price. Foreign Goods, as far as desirable in make and finish, are pretty readily marketed at fair rates. A large number of auction sales occurred to-day at which catalogues presented were generally attractive, eliciting a spirited competition from buyers. The prices realized were regarded as well up to the average of current quotations in private trade. The sale of French Dress Goods was the most successful of the whole.

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,898,500. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool	1,037	$395,805	749	$253,009	1,101	$420,035
Man. of Cotton	693	200,193	190	50,595	180	56,987
Man. of Silk	619	515,146	90	100,579	85	100,941
Man. of Flax	684	163,681	310	84,313	262	60,998
Miscellaneous	273	117,431	45	17,750	23	11,446
Total	3,306	$1,392,254	1,384	$506,246	1,651	$650,357
		506,246				1,392,254
Total entered		$1,898,500	Total marketed			$2,042,611

The *Mark Lane Express* of Sept. 14 notices the British Corn Trade for the preceding week thus:

> "After one day of tropical heat last week there came a sudden transition to cold, with every appearance of rain; but none fell, and the sun once more got the ascendancy. The ponds are very short of water, and the ordinary streams in very many cases dry; yet it is surprising to see what a lasting verdure the late rains have entailed on the pastures, and even forest-trees, which have had a new burst of foliage just as they were drying up. The cracks in the soil are, however, not yet filled up, and the plough works very heavily on some soils; and on others scarcely anything further can be done without bountiful showers. The more the wheat is thrashed the more satisfaction it gives both in quality and yield, and we shall doubtless have to note the present as quite a year of plenty, so far as bread-corn is concerned; but, as the nation looks as much to its cattle as its cornfields, the want of stores will soon clear off the new-grown herbage, and graziers have yet to encounter no small difficulties to make their way and secure provision for the public. Wheat, with fuller markets and favorable reports, has again declined about 2s ⅌ quarter on the average, and the returning claims for rent make the farmer at this season of the year generally anxious to sell enough to meet them, but when these flush deliveries are over we as often find a turn in growers' favor as against him; but, with meat dear, and other corn advancing, it is not likely that the principal grain will be depressed below its relative value for any length of time. Vegetables are already dearer, and without speedy rain must remain so for some time, as there is but little space between now and Christmas. The Paris market continues its strange fluctuations in Flour, somewhat unaccountably, to the disparagement of Wheat; but Danzig is dearer, as well as Holland, and also, as we anticipated, New-York, for the lively merchants there cannot dwell upon stereotyped figures. The arrivals off the coast since 4th of September were 24 cargoes, of which 12 cargoes were Wheat, 8 Maize, 2 Barley, 1 Beans, 1 Rye."

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

East Broadway, No. 143, 25x75	$8,000
Forsyth-st., e. s., 1?5 ft. s. of Delancey, 25x100	17,050
Liberty-st., No. 53, 20.4x66.6	nom.
Lots Nos. 294, 295 and 297, estate of Rutgers	13,600
Market-st., w. s., 50 ft. s. of Henry-st., 113x25	nom.
New-av., w. s., 25.2 ft. s. of 124th-st., 25.3x100 New-av., s. w. cor. 124th-st., 25.2x100	17,300
Ridge-st., w. s., 150 ft. s. of Delancey, 25x100	20,600
Willett-st., e. s., 150 ft. n. of Grand, 25x100	11,800
9th-st., s. s., 124.1½ ft. w. of 5th-av., 22.3x93.11	13,000
13th-st., n. s., 2?2.6 ft. n. of 2d-av., 20x103.3	20,000
16th-st., n. s., 214.3 ft. s. of Avenue A, 25.9x92	16,140
22d-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x98.9	30,000
32d-st., n. s., 370.9 ft. w. of 9th-av., 21.3x98.9	14,000
32d-st., s. s., 126.10 ft. e. of Broadway, 21x98.9	30,000
33d-st., s. s., 280 ft. n. of 1st-av., 98.9x20	9,900
37th-st., n. s., 485.6½ ft. w. of 5th-av., 59x5.6x39.9x12.6½x93.9x18.½	10,000
41st-st., n. s., 120.3 ft. e. of Madison-av., 52x3	nom.
92d-st., s. s., 325 ft. e. of 2d-av., 75x100	8,500
1st-av., w. s., 120.5 ft. s. of 5th-st., 20x66.3	13,500
2d-av., s. e. cor. 120th-st., 100.11x100	8,000
4th-av., n. e. cor. 74th-st., 204.4x125x102.2x25x102.2x100 75th-st., s. s., 3?5 ft. e. of 4th-av., 75x102.2 75th-st., s. s., 475 ft. e. of 4th av., 5?x102.2	46,500
5th-av., e. s., 100 ft. n. of 83d-st., 25x102.2	3,240
5th-av., e. s., 100 ft. n. of 83d-st., 25.2x102.2	1,080
6th-av., n. w. cor. of 58th-st., 100x75.5	14,750
9th-av., w. s., 76.8 ft. s. of 79th-st., 25.6x100	5,250

Leases Recorded.

10th-av., No. 544, 5 years, per year	$800
Ludlow-st., No. 136, 3 years, per year	1,400
Avenue A, n. w. cor. of 61st-st., 200.10x175, 10 years per year	2,000

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Bridge-st., w. s., 75 ft. s. of Sands-st., 30x100x30x90	$11,100
Broadway, e. s., 23 ft. n. of Kossuth-st., 28x100	1,300
Conselyea-st., n. s., 350 ft. e. of Evergreen-av., 25x100	500
Gerry-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of Throop-av., 25x100	835
Gerry-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Harrison-av., 25x100	940
Hickory-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 100x100	2,000
Hopkins-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of Throop-av., 25x100	1,000
Jackson-st., e. s., 59.7 ft. s. of De Kalb-av., 25x100.5	500
Jackson-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of Smith-st., 25x100	2,100
Leonard-st., e. s., 50 ft. n. of Withers-st., 25x100	525
Leonard-st., e. s., 175 ft. n. of Nassau-av., 25x100	900
Market-st., e. s., 575 ft. n. of 6th-st., 25x150	220
Monroe-st., w. s., 150 ft. n. of Liberty-av., 50x90	1,600
Pierrepont-st., s. s., 130 ft. e. of Henry-st., 20x100	25,000
Sackett-st., s. s., 256.3 ft. w. of 5th-st., 18.9x100	1,250
Warren-st., s. s., 412.8 ft. s. of 6th-av., 21x100	14,000
8th-st., s. s., 185 ft. w. of 5th-av., 20x15	650
North 9th-st., n. s., 150 ft. s. of 2d-st., 25x100	1,200
10th-st., w. s., 142.3 ft. w. of 4th-av., 10x100	4,000
12th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 3d-av., 18.3x100	4,200
Bedford-av. and Ross-st., s. e. cor., 8x100	5,000
De Kalb-av. and Skillman-st., n. w. cor., 8x200, q. c.	150
Flushing-av., s. s., 75 ft. w. of Cumberland-st., 25x86	1,000
Fulton-av., n. s., 50 ft. w. of Van Sicklen-av., 50x100	1,000
Gates-av., n. s., 140 ft. w. of Yates-av., 20x100	1,050
Graham-av. and Jackson-st., n. w. cor., 75x100	2,800
Green-av., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Stuyvesant-av., 25x125	700
Hamilton and Lexington avs., n. cor., 25x103	200
Howard-av. and Baltic-st., s. e. corner, 225x183.3	3,500
7th-av., w. s., 50.2 ft. n. of 41st-st., 25x100	3,000
Lots Nos. 241 to 248, 157 to 161 and 184 to 188, on map of heirs of W. Howard	6,480
Line of Brooklyn and Canarsie Railroad	3,000

New Utrecht.

Land of Lyman Allyn on Merle's map, 5 acres	$8,450

Leases.

Pacific-st. and Ralph-av., s. w. corner, 107x225, 5 years, per year	$450

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.

South Broad-st., w. s., 57 ft. n. of Parkhurst-st., 50x110	$5,600
8th-av., n. s., Wm. Allen's property, 25x87	500
Kinney-st., 275 feet from West-st., 75x100	1,600
Summer-av., w. s., 250 ft. s. of 4th-av., 25x100	500
Chambers-st., w. s., 175 ft. s. of Market-st., 25x100	1,200
McKenzie-st., e. s., 75 ft. s. of Sidney-st., 25x100	1,200
McKenzie-st., e. s., 100 ft. s. of Sidney-st., 25x100	1,200
Estate of John Nesbit, 5⅞ acres	1,575

Belleville.

Lincoln-av., w. s., 217 ft. n. of May-st., 35x295	$850
Lincoln-av., w. s., 252 ft. n. of May-st., 80x48.4	2,500

Caldwell.

Road to Westville, J. V. Baldwin's, 2¼ acres	$2,000

Jersey City.

Coles-st., w. s., 75 ft. s. of North 1st-st., 12.6x50	$4,500
South 5th-st., n. s., 137.6 ft. e. of Jersey-av., 18.9x100	8,750

West Hoboken.

Patterson Plank road and Demotte-st., n. e. cor., 91x100x173x129	$1,725
Union-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of Spring-st., 51.4x161	1,800

North Bergen.

Manhattan-av., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Summit-av., 25x100	[illegible]

Hudson City.

Zabriskie-av., s. s., lot No. 3, plot No. 8, block No. 11, Bramhall map, 25x100	$600
Zabriskie-av., s. s., lot No. 1, plot No. 8, block No. 11, Bramhall map, 25x100	600
Zabriskie-av., s. s., lots Nos. 1 and 2, plot No. 8, block No. 11, Bramhall map, 50x100	1,200

Bergen and Greenville.

Lexington-av., n. s., lots Nos. 71, 73, 75, 77, block No. 1, Clendening map, each 25x100	$2,000
Intersection of Morris Canal and Caven Point road, 16.992-1,000 acres	21,840
Intersection of New-Jersey Central Railroad and Caven Point road, 21.626-1,000 acres	21,626

Union.

Blum-st., n. s., lot No. 108, Hudson County Real Estate Co.'s map, 25x100	$350
Jefferson-st., s. s., 500 ft. w. of Bergen Line road, 50x100	900

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞825 MILES OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD are now finished and in operation. Although this road is built with great rapidity, the work is thoroughly done, and is pronounced by the United States Commissioners to be first-class in every respect, before it is accepted, and before any bonds can be issued upon it.

Rapidity and excellence of construction have been secured by a complete division of labor, and by distributing the twenty thousand men employed along the line for long distances at once. It is now probable that the WHOLE LINE TO THE PACIFIC WILL BE COMPLETED IN 1869.

The Company have ample means of which the Government grants the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations; also 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road; also United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built, for which it takes a second mortgage as security.

THE EARNINGS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD, from its Way or Local Business only, during the year ending June 30, 1868, amounted to over FOUR MILLION DOLLARS, which, after paying all expenses was much more than sufficient to pay the interest upon its Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through traffic that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount, ARE ENTIRELY SECURE.

The Union Pacific Bonds run thirty years, are for $1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity. The price is 102, and, at the present rate of gold, they pay a liberal income on their cost.

A very important consideration in determining the value of these Bonds is *the length of time they have to run.*

It is well known that a long bond always commands a much higher price than a short one. It is safe to assume that during the next thirty years, the rate of interest in the United States will decline as it has done in Europe, and we have a right to expect that such six per cent. securities as these will be held at as high a premium as those of this Government, which, in 1857, were bought in at from 20 to 23 per cent. above par. The export demand alone may produce this result, and as the issue of a private corporation, they are beyond the reach of political action.

Subscriptions will be received in New-York at the Company's office, No. 20 Nassau-street, and by JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 59 Wall-street, and by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,

(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)

30 Wall Street, N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Sept. 25, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	27	Barley, bushels	....
Flour, bbls	10,520	Malt, bushels	600
Flour, bags	....	Peas, bushels	....
Cornmeal, bbls	....	Pork, bbls	....
Cornmeal, bags	....	Cut Meats, pkgs	132
Wheat, bushels	15,966	Lard, pkgs	836
Corn, bushels	8,100	Beef, tcs. and bbls	50
Rye, bushels	....	Whisky, bbls	35
Oats, bushels	8,916	Petroleum, bbls	1,748

ASHES—Have been very quiet at $9 50 for Pots and $10@$10 25 for Pearls, ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Continues in limited demand at 45c. @46c. for Yellow, ⅌ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—The demand has been fair for most styles of seasonable work, prices of which have been quoted steady, including Men's Thick and Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 50; Boys', $1 75 @$3; Youth's, $1 38@$2 25; Men's Calf Pegged, $3 25@$5; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $3@$3 75; Youth's, $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 35; Boys' Kip and Split Brogans, 85c.@ $1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $1 75@ $2 50; Boys', $1 35@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Rip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Rip Balmorals, $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 25@$2 25; Ladies' Sewed Goat and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged, Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 60@$2 25; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@ $1; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c. @$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Fancy Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes, 40c.@$1 ⅌ pair.

BRICKS—Continue salable and firm, including common Hard at $8@$12; Croton at $18@$22, and Philadelphia Front at $45@$50 ⅌ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been in moderate demand at uniform rates, including Adamantine at 21c. @23c. for light weights; Plain Sperm at 48c.@52c., and Patent do., 58c.@62c. ⅌ lb.

CEMENT—Has been in demand and firm; Rosendale at $1 75 ⅌ bbl.

COAL—Has been very firm and in fair request. We quote: Anthracite from yard, $5 50@$7 50, as extremes, ⅌ ton of 2,000 lbs.; Liverpool House Cannel, $17 50@$18; do. Gas Cannel, $13@$14; Newcastle Gas, $9 50@$10 ⅌ ton of 2,240 lbs.

COFFEE—Has been moderately dealt in at steady prices, including Java at 21½c.@23c.; Maracaibo, 14½c.@17c.; Laguayra, 15c.@16c.; Rio, 8c.@12½c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17c.@19½c.; Jamaica, 14½c.@15c.; St. Domingo, 14c.@14½c., all in gold, ⅌ lb.

COTTON—Has been quiet but steady to-day. The demand has been mainly from spinners. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 1,361 bales, including 1,243 bales to spinners and 118 bales to speculators. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZEREGA are quoting as follows, in their circular for the current week, the

Closing Prices of Cotton:

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ⅌ lb	21½	21¾	22 @22¼
Good Ordinary, ⅌ lb	23¾	23¾	23¾@24
Low Middling, ⅌ lb	24¾	25	25⅛@25¼
Middling, ⅌ lb	25¾	26	26 @26¼
Good Middling, ⅌ lb	27¾	28	28¼@28½

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	6,061
Receipts last week	4,085
Receipts preceding week	2,288
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1868	12,965
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	406,945
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1868	632,328
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1868	679,672
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	273,927
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,438
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	221,573
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	375,850
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,119
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,590
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,090
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	14,500

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts, from Sept. 1, 1868, to latest mail dates	41,000
Receipts, same time in 1867	22,500
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	2,240,282
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,951,988
Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,000
Exports from all the ports from Sept. 1, 1868, to latest dates	7,350
Exports, same time last year	9,800
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	1,657,015
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,558,787
Exports preceding Cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock at the shipping ports, latest mail dates	51,000
Estimated stock, same time last year	78,000
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, Aug. 31, 1868	38,130
Estimated stock same time in 1867	80,296
Crop of 1867-8	2,430,893
Crop of 1866-7	1,951,988

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—Continue in fair demand at generally firm prices.

FEATHERS—Continue inactive, including Live Geese at 75c.@90c. ⅌ lb.

FISH—The demand has been less active for most kinds, including Dry Cod at $6 75@$7 87 ⅌ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $17 75@$22 50; No. 2 do., $13 50 @$16; No. 3 do., $9 75@$11 50 ⅌ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $5@$9 ⅌ bbl.; Smoked Herring, 42½c.@50c. for Scale, and 22½c.@27½c. for No. 1 ⅌ box.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Have been inactive at $3 15@ $3 25 for Canton ⅌ box.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—Have been in somewhat livelier demand at unaltered prices.

FRUIT—Foreign varieties have been in request, including Layer Raisins at $4 10@$4 15 for old, and $4 55@$4 60 for new crop ⅌ box; Currants at 12½c. @12¾c.; Almonds at 13c.@34c.; Figs at 11c.@22c.; Turkish Prunes at 13½c.@14½c.; Dates, 9½c.@11½c. ⅌ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in fair demand, but, under liberal offerings, have been depressed and quoted lower in price. Sales have been reported since our last of 12,500 bbls., including very poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $6 50@$7 40; very inferior to fair ordinary Extra State at $7 50@$8 10; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat Extra State at $8 10@$9 30, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop Extra Ohio at $8@$8 60 ⅌ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$6 50@$7 40
Extra State	7 50@ 9 30
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c	7 35@11 65
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	8 00@ 8 60
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 65@11 75
Extra Genesee	9 30@11 75
Common to choice extra Missouri	9 50@13 50

Southern Flour is in less demand at declining prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 500 bbls. at $8 70@$9 40 for poor to fair, and $9 40@$15 75 for fair to very superior Extra, ⅌ bbl. California Flour is in limited request at drooping rates. Sales have been reported of 850 sacks at $8 85@$11 as extremes for Extras, and $12 50 for Choice New, received *via* the Isthmus, ⅌ 196 lbs. Rye Flour has been in moderate demand at $6@$8 25 for inferior to choice, ⅌ bbl.; sales 570 bbls. Corn Meal continues in limited demand at $5 75@$5 85 for Jersey; $5 50@$6 25 for Western; $5 60@$6 15 for Yellow and White City; $6 50 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.; sales 425 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been pretty freely dealt in, to-day, opening more firmly, but under the adverse influence of depression in Gold, and the further advance in ocean freights, prices closed about as on yesterday, with a decided tendency in favor of purchasers. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 136,500 bushels, including White Michigan, common, at $2 40; No. 1 Spring, part at $1 87; No. 2 Spring, at $1 71@$1 77; No. 3 Spring, at $1 61½, and White California at $2 62½ ⅌ bushel. Corn has been moderately inquired for at easier and declining prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 103,000 bushels at $1 13@$1 17 for unsound and damp; $1 17½@ $1 19, chiefly at $1 18@$1 18½, for sound new mixed Western; $1 20@$1 21 for White, and $1 23 for yellow Western ⅌ bushel. No important movements have been reported in Rye, Barley or Malt, prices of which have not varied essentially. Oats have been in slack demand at reduced prices; sales have been reported of 35,000 bushels new Western at 73½c.@75c., in store and afloat, ⅌ bushel.

The Albany *Argus* says: "The following canal boats passed Fultonville during 24 hours ending 1:30 P. M., Sept. 24, 1868:

Wood—Oswego, Little Falls.

Sundries—Constitution, Little Falls.

The Fultonville list does not contain any list of boats from beyond the broken locks near Little Falls. If the damage was repaired on Tuesday, as stated, boats should have been at Fultonville at noon yesterday."

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Continue quiet but steady at 18½c.@19½c. and 21½c.@22c., respectively.

GUANO—Peruvian has been inactive at $89@90 ⅌ ton.

HAY—North River bale has been in rather better supply and moderate request at 70c.@80c. for shipping, and $1 05@$1 45 for poor to very choice, for local use, ⅌ 100 lbs. Straw continues salable and steady at 70c.@90c. for short and long ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue quiet, including American at 10c. @25c. for new, and Foreign at 15c.@20c. ⅌ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, good to prime new, 15c.@18c.; New-York State, choice to fancy new, 22c.@25c.; Eastern, good to prime new, 15c.@18c.; Eastern, prime to choice new, 20c.@22½c.; Yearlings, of all grades, 5c.@20c.; Foreign, 15c.@20c. ⅌ lb.

HEMP—Has been lightly dealt in, including American at $160@$170 for undressed, and $275@ $315 for dressed, ⅌ ton; Jute at 5½c.@6c., gold, ⅌ lb.; Manilla, 11½c.@12c., gold, ⅌ lb.

HIDES—Continue in slack request at about previous figures.

LATHS—Have been in demand at $3 for Eastern ⅌ thousand.

LEATHER—A moderate demand prevails for Sole, including Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and salted Good Middle, 38c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, Good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, Light, Cropped, Good, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, Middle, Cropped, Good, 42c. @ 45c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, Cropped, Good, 23c.@25c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Light, 28c.@29½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Middle, 28½c.@29½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., Good Heavy, 27c.@ 28½c.; California, Good Light, 29c.; Hemlock, California, Good Middle, 27½c.@29c.; Hemlock, California, Good Heavy, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Light, 28c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Middle, 27½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Good Heavy, 25c.@26c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and Buenos Ayres Damaged, all weights, 24½c.@26½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and Buenos Ayres, Poor, all weights, 20½c.@22½c.; Hemlock, Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@41c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Light, 41c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Middle, 38c.@ 42c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Heavy, 41c.@45c., cash, ⅌ lb.

LIME—Rockland continues in demand at $1 50 for Common and $2 for Lump, ⅌ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been fairly active and firm, including Eastern Spruce at $19@$22 ⅌ thousand.

METALS—Have been in rather better demand at generally buoyant prices. We quote: Ingot Copper at 23½c.@23¾c. ⅌ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $41 @$43; No. 2 do., $36@$38; American Forge, $32@ $34; Scotch Pig, $43 50@$45 50; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $87 50@$90 ⅌ ton; Pig Lead, $6 35@$6 87½, in gold, ⅌ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, $6 30@$6 50, in gold, ⅌ 100 lbs.; Straits Tin, 24c. @24½c., in gold, ⅌ lb.; Banca Tin, 26½c.@27c., in gold, ⅌ lb.; I. C. Coke Plates, $7@$7 62; Terne do., $6 25@$8 12½, gold, ⅌ box; Zinc, 12c.@12½c. ⅌ lb.

MOLASSES—Continues in fair request at buoyant prices, including Porto Rico at 48c.@68c.; Cuba at 33c. @55c.; English Islands at 53c.@56c.; New-Orleans, 80c. @90c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in moderate request, including Spirits Turpentine at 45c.@46½c. ⅌ gallon; Crude at $3 87@$4; Resin at $2 62½@$8 25 ⅌ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3 25@$4 25; Pitch at $3 25 ⅌ bbl.

OILS—Have been in demand and generally buoyant, including Crude Whale at $1 15@$1 20; Bleached Whale at $1 22@$1 25; Crude Sperm at $1 95@$2; Unbleached Whale at $2 15@ $2 20; Lard Oil at $1 35@$1 70; Red Oil at 80c.@ $1 02½; Linseed Oil at $1 02@$1 07; Olive, $2 35@$2 40 ⅌ gallon.

OIL CAKE—Has been inactive at $62 50@$66 50 ⅌ ton.

PETROLEUM—Has been in fair demand and buoyant at from 16½c.@17½c. for Crude in bulk; 21c.@ 22c. for do. in bbls., and 30c.@33½c. for Refined in bond, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been moderately inquired for, opening rather more firmly, but closing heavily. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,850 bbls., in lots, at $28 25@$28 75 for large and small lots of New Western Mess, closing at $28 35, cash; $28 25@$28 37 for Old Mess; $26 25@$26 75 for Prime Mess, and $23 75@$24 50 for Prime and Extra Prime, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats continue in slack request at drooping prices. Sales equal to 170 packages, at 13½c.@19c. for dry salted and pickled Hams; 12c.@ 13c. for Shoulders; 14½c. for smoked Shoulders; 19½c.@21c. for bagged Hams, ⅌ lb. Bacon rules dull at declining prices. Lard has been quite dull and weak in price. Sales have been reported since our last of 570 tierces and bbls. at 19c.@20½c. for poor to choice, chiefly at 19½c.@19¾c. for Prime Steam, from dock and store, ⅌ lb. Beef is very dull at $13 @$20 50 for Plain Mess; $20 50@$24 75 for Extra do., and $9@$13 for inferior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales have been reported of 125 bbls. Tierce Beef continues dull and heavy, including inferior to choice Prime Mess at $21@$33, and India Mess at $30@$36 ⅌ tierce. Beef Hams are depressed at $20@$28 for State and Western, ⅌ bbl. Butter has been in fair request at buoyant prices. Cheese has been quiet at former rates. We quote:

BUTTER.

Chemung, Sussex and Orange County dairies, firkins, ⅌ lb	44 @47
Chenango, Delaware and Chautauqua County dairies, firkins, ⅌ lb	43 @45
Cortland, Broome and Steuben County dairies, firkins, ⅌ lb	42 @44
Cattaraugus and Yates County dairies, firkins, ⅌ lb	41 @43
Ordinary to Fair State dairies, firkins, ⅌ lb	40 @42
State half firkin tubs, Extra, ⅌ lb	46 @47
State half firkin tubs, Fair to Good, ⅌ lb	40 @45
Welsh tubs, Lewis and Oswego County, ⅌ lb	40 @45
Welsh tubs, Fair to Good State, ⅌ lb	38 @40
State and Jersey, fresh pails	50 @52
Pennsylvania, fresh pails	50 @52
Pennsylvania dairies, firkins, Good to Prime, ⅌ lb	40 @43
Pennsylvania dairies, firkins, Ordinary, ⅌ lb	36 @38
Western Reserve, firkins, Good to Prime, ⅌ lb	34 @36
Illinois and Wisconsin, firkins, Good to Prime, ⅌ lb	32 @35
Ordinary Western, firkins, Fair to Good, ⅌ lb	28 @30
Common Western, ⅌ lb	25 @27

NEW CROP CHEESE.

Factory dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ⅌ lb	16½@17¼
Factory dairies, fair quality, ⅌ lb	15 @16
Farm dairies, fancy and extra quality, ⅌ lb	15 @17
Farm dairies, fair to good, ⅌ lb	14½@15½
Orange County, Skimmed Cheese	8 @12

RICE—Has been lightly dealt in since our last, including Carolina at $9 25@$10 37, and Rangoon at $9@$9 50 ⅌ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been moderately dealt in and quoted steady, including Turk's Island at 47c.@48c. by the cargo, ⅌ bushel; Liverpool ground at $1 80@$1 85; do. fine at $2 50@$2 90, and Prussian at $3 25 ⅌ sack.

SALTPETRE—Continues in demand at 7½c.@ 7¾c., gold, for Crude, and 14c. currency for pure Refined, ⅌ lb.

SEEDS—Have been rather more inquired for, including Clover at from 13½c.@14½c.; Rough Flax at $2 75@$2 82½; Calcutta Linseed at $2 21@$2 27 in Boston and New-York, gold; Timothy at $3@$3 25 ⅌ bushel.

SKINS—Have been rather quiet, including Honduras Deer at 42½c.; San Juan at 38c. @40c.; Bolivar, 30c.; Sisal 42c.@43c.; Vera Cruz, 42c.; Chagres at 43c.@45c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.; Para, 40c., gold, ⅌ lb.; Tampico Goat, 55c.; Matamoras, 50c.; Buenos Ayres, 30c.@35c.; Payta, 31c.@34c., gold, ⅌ lb.; Curacoa, 45c.@52½c., currency; Cape, 55c.@57c., currency, and Madras, 50c.@ 52½c. each.

SOAP—Continues in fair request at buoyant prices, including Castile at 19c.@20c.; Colgate's Pale, 9½c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7c. ⅌ lb.

SPICES—Have been in rather better demand at previous rates, including Mace at 95c.@$1; No. 1 Nutmegs at 88c.@89c.; Cassia at 51c.@52c.; Cloves at 27½c. @28c.; Pepper at 23½c.@23¾c.; Pimento at 20½c. @21c.; Ginger at 11½c.@12c., in gold, ⅌ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in less urgent demand, yet quoted firm. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,050 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@14½c., and 865 boxes Havana, at 11c.@14½c. ⅌ lb. Refined Sugars have been in good request at 13½c.@15½c. ⅌ lb. Messrs. STUART now quote their refined Sugars, thus: Best Crushed Sugar, 15½c.; Granulated, 15½c.; Ground, 15½c.; White A, 15c.; Yellow C, 14½c., cash ⅌ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales 75,000 lbs. Tallow, part at 13½c.@13½c.; 38,000 lbs. Stearine at 19½c.@21c., and 31,000 lbs. Grease at 10½c.@13c. ⅌ lb.

TEAS—Have been in demand and firm, including Gunpowder and Imperial at from $1 05@$1 90; Hyson at from 85c.@$1 65; Young Hyson at 80c.@ $1 75; Uncolored Japan at from 85c.@$1 20; Oolong at from 70c.@$1 65; Souchong and Congou at from 70c.@$1 50 ⅌ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been less buoyant in price, on a restricted trade, including Lugs at 8½c.@10½c.; Common Leaf, 10c.@13c.; Medium Leaf, 12½c.@14½c.; Good Leaf, 13½c.@16½c.; Fine Leaf, 15c.@18c.; Selections, 17c.@20c. ⅌ lb. *Seed-leaf Tobacco*—Connecticut and Massachusetts fillers 6½c.@7½c. for old, and 9½c. @12½c. for new; average lots, 18c.@25c. for old and 25c. @40c. for new; fine wrappers, 35c.@50c. for old and 45c.@65c. for new. New-York State fillers, 5½c. @6½c. for old and 6½c.@7½c. for new; average lots, 8c.@14c. for old and 15c.@22c. for new; wrappers, 12c.@35c. for old and 12c.@35c. for new. Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers, 5½c.@6½c. for old and 6½c. @7c. for new; average lots, 9c.@16c. for old and 19c.@20c. for new; wrappers, 15c.@30c. for old and 15c.@35c. for new. *Havana Tobacco*—Common, 75c. @85c.; Good, 95c.@$1; Fine, $1 05@$1 10. *Yara*—I cut, 80c.@85c.; II cut, $1 10@$1 15; average lots, 88c.@92½c. ⅌ lb. *Manufactured Tobacco*—We quote: Black Work, Common and Medium, 19c.@25c. in bond; Good and Fine, 25c.@30c. in bond. Bright Work, Common and Medium, 15c.@30c., in bond, Good and Fine, 40c.@85c., in bond. Sales since our last, 160 hhds. Kentucky at 9c.@14c. ⅌ lb.

WHALEBONE—Has been scarce and held very firmly, but has been inactive, including Arctic at $1 40@$1 50 ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Has been in slack demand at about previous prices.

WOOL—A fair business has been reported in desirable grades, chiefly of domestic, at firm and rising prices, on very moderate offerings.

FREIGHTS—The market has been quoted firmer, on a fairly active business. For Liverpool there were taken 500 bbls. Flour, by steamer, at 2s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; 30,000 bushels Wheat at 7½d.@8d., by steamer, and 6½d.@7d. by sailing vessels, ⅌ bushel. For London, 15,000 bushels Wheat at 8d. ⅌ bushel. For Glasgow, 1,500 bbls. Resin at 3s. ⅌ 280 lbs. For Bremen, a bark, with Petroleum at 4s. 9d. ⅌ bbl. For Bahia, a brig, with Flour at 90c. ⅌ bbl.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Board of Councilmen—Stated Session.

[OFFICIAL.]

THURSDAY, Sept. 24, 1868—1 P. M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment in their chamber, No. 16 City Hall.

Present—James A. Monaghan, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

The minutes of meeting held September seventeenth were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Councilman Fay—

Petition of residents of East Thirty-fourth-street, relative to the unfinished condition of sewer at foot of said street.

In connection therewith—

Councilman Fay presented the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, The sewer at the foot of East Thirty-fourth-street is yet unfinished, having, instead of being continued to the river in a direct line, been turned abruptly to the left, under the sidewalk, by a box attached to the mouth of the unfinished sewer; and

Whereas, The outlet of this box has become closed by reason of the clay and dirt being dumped every day in or about it, thereby causing the water and filth to overflow the cellars in the vicinity, rendering them useless, besides creating a stench (which arises from the backwater,) exceedingly detrimental to the public health; therefore,

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Board be and it is hereby requested to inform this Board without delay the reason, if any, why the sewer at the foot of East Thirty-fourth-street has not been finished in a direct line to the river.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said preamble and resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Cunningham—

Resolved, That Fourth-avenue, between Seventy-third and Seventy-ninth streets, be regulated and graded, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the same, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Hart—

Resolved, That One-hundred-and-thirtieth-street, from Third to Fourth avenue, be curbed, guttered and flagged, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner; and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Culkin—

Resolved, That Seventy-sixth-street, between Eighth-avenue and the river side boulevard (as laid out by the Central Park Commissioners) be regulated, graded, and the curb and gutter stones set; also that the sidewalks be flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Perley.

Resolved, That gas mains be laid and lamps placed in Fifty-eighth-street, between Lexington and Fifth avenues, immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Daly—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built in Mangin-street, between Rivington and Delancey, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Murphy—

Resolved, That the pier foot of Twenty-eighth-street, North River, be repaired without delay, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Resolved, That Croton watermains be laid in One Hundred and Thirty-third-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, immediately under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Cunningham—

Resolved, That Forty-eighth-street, from Third to Sixth avenue, be paved with Belgian or trapblock pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department; and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Resolved, That Forty-seventh-street, between Third and Sixth avenues, be paved with Belgian or trapblock pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department; and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Hart

Resolved, That gasmains be laid and street lamps set in One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street from Second to Third-avenue, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Galligan—

Resolved, That Forty-first-street, between Lexington and Madison-avenues, be paved with Belgian or trapblock pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department; and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Gibney—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Seventeenth-street, the same to be a continuation of the present sewer in said street, and to extend to Ninth-avenue, to be built under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department; and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Kenney—

Resolved, That the crosswalks from the southeast corner of Fifth-street and First-avenue to the northeast corner of Fifth-street and First-avenue be relaid immediately, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Resolved, That the crosswalks from the southeast corner of Fifth-street and First-avenue to the northwest corner of Fifth-street and First-avenue be relaid immediately, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Thompson—

Whereas, The Avenue B and Dry Dock Railroad Company neglect to properly remove their manure and filth, as well as the water which flows from their stables in Fifteenth-street, between avenues A and B, and remains stagnant in the vaults under the sidewalk, and also in the holes on the sidewalk, accumulating to such an extent that the stench, with the hot, reeking steam arising from the manure, renders the neighborhood almost uninhabitable, and the property almost valueless in the immediate vicinity, besides being prejudicial in a great degree to the public health; and

Whereas, The citizens living near have repeatedly urged the Board of Health and the Railroad Company to abate this most intolerable nuisance, and no notice has been taken of their request; therefore,

Resolved, That this Common Council hereby respectfully call the attention of the Board of Health to the above-described nuisance.

Resolved, That to abate, as far as possible within the power of the Common Council, the above-named nuisance, the sidewalk on the south side of Fifteenth-street, between Avenues A and B, be flagged full width, where not already done, and reflagged if necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Fay—

Resolved, That the sidewalk on both sides of Thirty-fifth-street, between Lexington and Third avenues, be flagged the full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Counsel to the Corporation relative to the opening and extending of Worth-street, from Baxter-street to Chatham-square.

In connection therewith, the President presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the actual opening and extending of Worth-street, from Baxter-street to Chatham-square, in the City of New-York, take place on the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

Councilman Culkin moved that said resolution be adopted.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolved, That the balcony erected on the building at the corner of the Bowery and Canal-street be removed forthwith, as the same has been erected without authority and is a serious obstruction to the free use of the street, and the Street Commissioner is hereby directed and required to carry out the provisions of this resolution.

Councilman Reilly moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Streets.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the negative by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, Gibney, Daly, Brucks, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—9.

Negative—The President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham—13.

Councilman Welch moved that the action of the Board of Aldermen in adopting said resolution be concurred in.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Hampson, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—20.

Negative—Councilmen Culkin, Murphy, Galligan—3.

Preamble and resolution as follows:

Whereas, General George B. McClellan, after an extended absence, is now about to return to his native land, and in view of the distinguished services rendered by him to his country, at a time when treason to the Union appeared likely to result in the destruction of this Republic—a calamity he was mainly instrumental in preventing—and in view, also, of the regard and affection entertained and cherished for him by every disinterested lover of our country and its free institutions, it is both fitting and proper that a reception should be accorded to him, upon his arrival commensurate in some degree with the estimation in which he is held by millions of his admiring countrymen: be it therefore

Resolved, That a Special Committee, to consist of the President and five members of each branch of the Common Council, be appointed, to extend to General George B. McClellan, upon his arrival from Europe, the freedom and hospitalities of this City; that the Governor's Room in the City Hall be placed at his disposal during his sojourn among us, in which to receive the respects and congratulations of our citizens, and that such Special Committee be and are hereby authorized and empowered to perfect the above and make such other arrangements as to them may seem best calculated to give expression to the feelings of respect, admiration and gratitude entertained by the people of this City for the "Organizer of the Army of the Potomac."

(In Board of Aldermen, September twenty-two, adopted, and Aldermen Coulter, Cuddy, Moore, McQuade and Norton appointed as such Special Committee on the part of said Board.)

The President then put the question whether the Board would agree with the Board of Aldermen in adopting said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Subsequently—

The President named as the Special Committee on the part of the Board of Councilmen:

Councilman Kenney,
Councilman Gibney,
Councilman Feitner,
Councilman Welch,
Councilman Cunningham.

Resolved, That the owners of property in Seventy-sixth-street, between the Boulevard and the Riverside Park, as laid out by the Central Park Commissioners, be and are hereby permitted to regulate, grade, set curb and gutter, and flag said street between said Boulevard and Park, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, at their own expense.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with the Board of Aldermen in adopting said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Petition of John M. Barbour and John R. Brady and others, to have room now occupied by the County Clerk allotted to the Law Library.

In connection therewith the following resolution:

Resolved, That the rooms in the City Hall now occupied by the County Clerk be assigned to the use of the Law Institute Library, when said officer shall vacate said rooms; the permission hereby granted to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Councilman Daly moved that the action of the Board of Aldermen in adopting said resolution be concurred in.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Resolved, That Cornelius Duffy be and he is hereby authorized to erect a bay-window on the southeast corner of Fifty-seventh-street and Ninth-avenue.

Councilman Gibney moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Streets.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Resolved, That Lewis-street, from Houston to Eighth-street and Eighth-street, from Lewis to Avenue D, be paved with Belgian pavement, except the portion of said streets included between the railroad tracks, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Front-street, from Whitehall-street to Maiden-lane, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a crosswalk be laid from the northeast to the northwest corner of Norfolk and Grand streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That One Hundred and First-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway, be regulated and graded, curb and gutter stones set, and the sidewalks flagged full width, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Tenth-street, from Broadway to University-place, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Communication from the Comptroller relative to commission for building markets, with ordinance.

(AN ORDINANCE) TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUE OF MARKET STOCK.

Councilman Welch moved that the action of the Board of Aldermen in adopting said ordinance be concurred in.

By unanimous consent,

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—22.

Resolved, That Eighty-ninth-street, from Eighth to Tenth-avenue, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a gas-lamp post be placed in front of No. 45 East Forty-first-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Grand-street, from Ridge to Sheriff-street, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That gas-lamps be placed in front of Ward School number twenty, in Broome-street, between Clinton and Suffolk streets, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a fire-hydrant be placed in front of Fire Engine Company number Twenty-five, in Fifth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Fifty-first-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Acqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Fifty-first-street, from Eighth to Ninth avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That the sidewalk on the south side of Twentieth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be flagged full width where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to enter into an agreement with the contractor for regulating and grading Forty-fifth-street, between Eleventh-avenue and the North River, or his assigns, for the work of removing the filling now in said street, and restoring the street to its former grade, and for regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones, and flagging the said street, between the Eleventh-avenue and the North River, upon the former grade of the street, that grade having been fixed as the established grade of said street; said work to be done immediately.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That two gas-lamps be placed in front of Grammar School number ten, located in Cannon-street, between Broome and Delancey streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That two gas-lamps be placed in front of Grammar School number four, located in Rivington-street, between Ridge and Pitt streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a gas-lamp be placed in front of Grammar School number thirty-four, located in Broome-street, between Willett and Sheriff streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Prince-street, from Bowery to Broadway, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Seventeenth-street, from First-avenue to the East River, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fifty-third-street, from Second-avenue to East River be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Sixtieth-street, from Third to Fifth avenue, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Seventy-seventh-street, from Madison to Fifth-avenue, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That gas-mains be laid and street lamps lighted in Eighty-seventh-street, from First to Third-avenue, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fifty-eighth-street, from First to Third-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fifty-first-street, from Second-avenue to East River, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Leight-street, from Canal to West-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and an ordinance therefor be adopted—any resolution or ordinance heretofore passed by the Common Council to the contrary notwithstanding.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Hubert-street, from Hudson to West-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted—any resolution or ordinance heretofore passed by the Common Council to the contrary notwithstanding.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Beach-street, from Hudson to West-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted—any resolution or ordinance heretofore passed by the Common Council to the contrary notwithstanding.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a crosswalk eight feet wide be laid from the southwest corner of Leroy and West streets, to Pier No. 49 North River, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Gay-street, from Waverley-place to Christopher-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That the sidewalk on the south side of Morton-street, from Washington to West-street, be flagged full width immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That gas-lamps be placed and lighted in One Hundred and Sixth-street, from Second to Third-avenue, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Eighty-ninth-street, from Eighth to Tenth-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Eighty-eighth-street, from the Eighth to the Tenth-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Ninth-avenue, from Eighty-sixth to Ninety-second-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That the salary of the lighter of the City Hall be and the same is hereby fixed at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, the same to take effect from the passage of this resolution, the amount thereof to be taken from the appropriation for "Lamps and Gas."

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to have gas-lamps erected and lighted in front of Number four hundred and forty-two Broadway, and the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was laid over.

Petition of the Rector, Warden and Vestrymen of the Church of All Angels, in Eighty-first-street, corner of Eleventh-avenue, for street lamps.

In connection therewith the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place two gas-lamps in front of the Church of All Angels, in Eighty-first street, corner of Eleventh-avenue.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a culvert be constructed at the northwest corner of Ninety-second-street and Avenue A, and a drainpipe of sufficient size to connect the same with the East River, be laid across the said avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Sixty-sixth-street, from the Tenth-avenue to the bulkhead line on the North River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Water-street, from Roosevelt to Dover-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That two gas-lamps be placed in front of the Station-house, Nos. 87 and 89 Eldridge-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Culkin moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of the Board of Aldermen relative to the salaries of Clerks.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion to discharge the Committee.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

And the paper was then laid over.

REPORTS.

Of Committee on Donations, to donate eight hundred and forty-two dollars and fifty-one cents to St. Luke's Hospital, and twenty dollars to Bond-street Homœopathic Dispensary.

Of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave with Belgian pavement Ninety-fourth-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue; Fifty-first-street, from Eighth to Tenth-avenue; Sixty-second-street, from Second-avenue to East River; Fifty-eighth-street, from Lexington to Sixth-avenue; Fortieth-street, from Sixth to Ninth-avenue; First-avenue, from Fifty-sixth to Fifty-ninth-street; One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue; Eighty-seventh-street, from First to Fifth-avenue; Tenth-avenue, between Fortieth and Fifty-fifth streets; Fifty-seventh-street, between Third and Sixth avenues; One Hundred and Sixth-street, from Second to Third-avenue; Seventy-seventh-street, from Fifth to Madison-avenue; Thirty-sixth-street, between Seventh and Ninth avenues; Forty-eighth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; Corlears-street, from Water to Grand streets; Eightieth-street, from Fifth to Madison-avenue; Sixty-first-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue; Fifty-seventh-street, from Third to Sixth-avenue.

Of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to regulate, grade, set curb and gutter stones, and flag sidewalks in Seventy-second-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue.

Of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave with Belgian pavement One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue; Fifty-eighth-street, from Third to Sixth-avenue; Ninetieth-street, between Third and Fifth avenues; One Hundredth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Bloomingdale-road; Sixty-sixth-street from Third to Fifth-avenue; Fifty-third-street, from Fourth to Sixth-avenue; Seventieth-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue; Sixtieth-street, from Lexington to Fifth-avenue; Fifty-sixth-street, from Third to Sixth-avenue; Second-avenue, from Fourteenth to Twenty-second-street; Fifty-ninth-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue; Fifty-second-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; Maiden-lane; Twelfth-street, from Avenue A to Second-avenue; Stone-street, from Whitehall to Broad; Thirty-ninth-street, from Fifth to Madison-avenue; Forty-fifth-street, between Fourth and Fifth-avenue; Twenty-fifth-street, between Third-avenue and East River; One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; Fifty-fifth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue; Charlton-street, from Macdougal to West-street; Eighth-street, from Avenue A to First-avenue; Eleventh-street, from Avenue A to Fourth-avenue; Eighth-street, from Fourth-avenue to Broadway; Forty-first-street, from Sixth to Eighth-avenue.

Which was laid over.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Resolved, That Fifty-third-street, between Second-avenue and East River, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under the Direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance thereof be adopted.

The President put the vote whether the Board would agree with said resolution and ordinance.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals, and contract with the lowest bidders, pursuant to the amended charter of 1857, for the construction of a pier of the usual dimensions, and not to extend beyond the exterior line of the pier at the foot of Thirteenth-street, at the foot of each of the following-named streets, viz.: Bank, Bethune, West Twelfth, Jane, Horatio, Gansevoort and Little Twelfth streets, as authorized by chapter 881, Laws State of New-York, passed July 29, 1868.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with the said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Avenue B, between Third and Fourth streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

Councilman Daly moved that said resolution and ordinance be amended by striking therefrom the words "Avenue B," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Avenue D."

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

And the same was then again laid over.

Resolved, That Theodore Weston be and he is hereby appointed a City Surveyor in and for the City of New-York.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Resolved, That a gas-lamp be placed in front of number seventeen Goerck-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, without delay.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Peley—23.

Resolved, That gas-mains be laid and street-lamps lighted in Sixty-second-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Councilman Galligan moved that said resolution be amended by striking therefrom the words "Eighth and Ninth," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Ninth and Tenth."

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Resolved, That a public drinking hydrant be placed on the northeast corner of Second-avenue and Sixty-first-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

Resolved, That the compensation to be given the present Clerk of the Common Council, for compiling and superintending the publication of the Manual of the Corporation for the year 1868, be and is hereby fixed at the amount allowed and paid for similar labor in the compilation of the Manual for 1866, viz., three thousand five hundred dollars; and the Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of Joseph Shannon, Clerk of the Common Council, for that amount, and charge the same to the appropriation for City Contingencies.

The President put the question whether the Board would concur with the Board of Aldermen in adopting said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Rielly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

Resolved, That Twenty-eighth-street, from Broadway to Eighth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution and ordinance.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set and the sidewalks flagged full width in front of numbers eighty-three and eighty-five East Houston-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that an ordinance therefor be adopted.

The President put the question whether the Board would concur with the Board of Aldermen in adopting said resolution and ordinance.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

Resolved, That the lamp-post now in front of number eight hundred and forty-nine Eighth-avenue be removed to in front of number three hundred and twenty West Forty-eighth-street immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote (three-fourths of all the members elected voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilmen Reilly, Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkins, Mack, Gibney, Daly, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, Murphy, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—23.

Resolved, That gas-mains be laid and street lamps lighted in Second-avenue, from One Hundredth-street to Harlem River, where not already done, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Councilman Hart moved that said resolution be amended by striking therefrom the words "One Hundredth-street to Harlem River," and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street to One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street."

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

The President then put the question whether the Board would agree with said resolution as amended.

Which was decided in the negative by the following vote, (three-fourths of all the members elected not voting in favor thereof:)

Affirmative—Councilman Jeremiah O'Brien, the President, Councilmen Ivans, Culkin, Mack, Daly, Kenney, Hoffman, Welch, Heinrich, Fay, Brucks, Thompson, John O'Brien, Cunningham, Galligan, Hart, Reynolds, Feitner, Perley—21.

Negative—Councilmen Reilly, Gibney—2.

Councilman Hart moved that the vote just taken be reconsidered.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

And the paper was again laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Councilman Kenney moved that the Board do now adjourn.

The President put the question whether the Board would agree with said motion.

Which was decided in the affirmative.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned till Monday next, the twenty-eighth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM H. MOLONEY, Clerk.

DRY GOODS.

CARPETS AT WHOLESALE.

ENGLISH TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
ENGLISH THREE-PLIES AND INGRAINS,
VELVET RUGS AND MATS.
ALSO,
AMERICAN CARPETS,
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.
L. EDGERTON & CO.,
Importers and Manufacturers,
Nos. 71 and 73 Worth-st.

ENTREPOT DES INDES.
INDIA CACHMIRE SHAWLS.
LACE.
FRAINAIS GRAMAGNAC.
NORMAN & CHANDON, Successors,
Nos. 82 and 84 Rue Richelieu, and Nos. 32 and 34 Rue Feydeau, Paris.

The greatest importers of Cachmire Shawls since 1825, and represented in India by their French agents, (thus putting aside all intermedium,) who manage the manufacture of their shawls at Cachmire and Umritzer (Punjab.)

LACE MANUFACTORIES
at Alencon, Caen, Bayeaux and Brussels, of the newest and richest patterns, being their exclusive property.
SUPERIOR FRENCH CACHMIRE SHAWLS.
Immense assortment of all three articles.
FIXED PRICES MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NEW-YORK DYING AND PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.
WORKS ON STATEN ISLAND.
OFFICES—No. 98 Duane-st. } New-York.
No. 752 Broadway }
Nos. 134 and 136 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn.
No. 40 North 8th-st., Philadelphia.

This old and well-known establishment are as usual prepared to DYE and CLEANSE, in their superior manner, ladies' and gentlemen's garments and, piece goods of every variety of fabric.

FALL BONNETS AND HATS, FEATHERS and flowers.—Great display this day. Please call. Childrens' hats. L. BINNS' Millinery, No. 577 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Theatre.

FURNITURE.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Nos. 87 and 89 Bowery,
Have the largest assortment of
FURNITURE, MATTRESSES,
CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTH,
of any house in the CITY, which they offer to the RETAIL trade at
WHOLESALE PRICES.

WARREN WARD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE.
Established 1850.

Warehouses Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner of Crosby. Manufactory, No. 379 West 12th-st., extending through to No. 120 Jane-st.

Buyers of furniture are invited to examine the largest stock of fashionable furniture to be found in the City, consisting of
CHAMBER, PARLOR, LIBRARY AND DINING-ROOM SUITES OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, AND WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.
Particular attention given to the furnishing of CHURCHES, COUNTRY RESIDENCES, HOTELS, &c.

FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE!!!
BRAUNSDORF & METZ,
Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st.,
OFFER THEIR STOCK AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
All goods warranted.

FURNITURE COVERINGS,
NEW PATTERNS AND COLORS OF SATINS,
BROCATELLES,
TERRYS, REPS, &C., AT
KELTY'S FURNITURE STORE, 447 BROADWAY.

CARPETS, FURNITURE AND BLANKETS.—H. O'FARRELL is offering this week the largest stock of the above goods to be found in the City. His motto is, for the Fall trade, "Quick sales and small profits."

Will undersell all others at his large stores, Nos. 486 and 488 8th-av., and Nos. 267, 269 and 271 35th-st., adjoining.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE IN the lofts at No. 18 4th-av. CONKLINS & BAYLES.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A PARTNER; THE DEMANDS OF one of the best patent medicines of the day being too large for one to control; an active partner with capital is wanted. Address C. E. G., Box 5,772, New-York.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR $40,000 MARKET STOCK.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office until TUESDAY, Oct. 20, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of forty thousand dollars of market stock, authorized by chap. 203, Laws of 1868, and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor Sept. 25, 1868.

Said stock is to be issued for the purpose of providing means for the completion of the market upon the land lying between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets and Avenue C and East River, and will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 1st day of May and November, in each year, and the principal will be redeemed on the 1st day of May, 1897.

The proposals will state the amount of stock desired and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively, together with any premium thereon.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposal should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for market stock," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interests of the Corporation require it.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, Sept. 26, 1868.

TRANSPORTATION FOR UNITED STATES NAVY STORES.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY, }
No. 29 Broadway, }
NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1868. }

SEALED PROPOSALS to be indorsed on the envelope. "Bids for freight," and addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M., the 28th inst., for transportation from the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, to Aspinwall, N. G., for the following freight, viz.:

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.

One suit of sails for the United States steamer PENOBSCOT, about 300 cubic feet. Freight payable in currency, after return of receipted bill of lading, without primage. Parties making proposals for the above are desired to state the name of their vessel, when ready to receive freight and date of sailing. They are also invited to be present at the hour named, when the proposals will be opened and the award made to the lowest responsible bidder.

J. C. ELDREDGE,
Paymaster United States Navy.

UNITED STATES NAVY SUPPLIES.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY, }
NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1868. }

Sealed proposals, to be indorsed on the envelope, "Bids for Navy supplies," will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M., the 1st of October next, for the following supplies, which must be of the very best quality, delivered within ten days, free of expense, at the New-York Navy-yard, subject to the usual inspection thereat. Parties making proposals are invited to be present at the hour named, at which time the bids will be opened.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

Two yoke of oxen to weigh not less than 3,000 pounds per yoke; 5,000 pounds ground feed, 8,000 pounds Indian meal, 800 bushels oats, (32 pounds to the bushel.) 2 sacks salt, and 40 lights rough plate glass, 2 ft.x4 ft.x½ in.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

Two hundred gallons alcohol, 95 per cent.

Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded. Blank forms for bidders to be had at this office.

J. C. ELDREDGE,
Paymaster United States Navy.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.

TO CONTRACTORS: Separate sealed proposals, each endorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the bidder and the date of its presentation will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M., of MONDAY, Oct. 5, 1868, for the construction of stone block pavements in 34th-st. from 10th to 11th avs., and in Perry st. from Bleecker to 4th st., and for crosswalks at the intersection of Waverly-place and West 10th-st., and across West-st. at the intersection of Dey-st.

Plans may be seen and specifications and forms for bids obtained on application at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
GEO. S. GREENE,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 22 1868.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY SAVIOUR, (Hawks' Memorial,) East 25th-st., near Madison-av.—Right Rev. JOHN W. BECKWITH, D. D., Bishop of Georgia, will officiate in this chapel, on SUNDAY, the 7th inst., both in the morning and afternoon. Services commencing at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M.

HOWARD MISSION AND HOME FOR Little Wanderers, No. 40 New Bowery.—Rev. W. C. VAN METER, Superintendent.—Sunday school, 2 to 3 o'clock, to be followed by a meeting of those who have been engaged in the Water-st. meetings, and others interested in them, to report progress and arrange the work for the next week. Pastors and others who have not attended these meetings are specially invited. Meetings at John Allen's and Kit Burns' in the afternoon, at 5 o'clock, and at 4 o'clock every day during the week, from 12 to 1 o'clock. Rev. Mr. VAN METER will speak of the work in which he is engaged on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, in the Stanton-st. Baptist Church, near the Bowery, and at 7½ o'clock in the New-England Congregational (Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT'S) Church, 41st-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

DAILY PRAYER-MEETING IN CANAL-ST. CHURCH, No. 17 Greene. Next week the following will preside: MONDAY, Rev. E. P. ROGERS, D. D.; TUESDAY, Rev. CHARLES H. EVEREST, Brooklyn; WEDNESDAY, Rev. D. MITCHELL; THURSDAY, JAMES RIDDLE, Esq.; FRIDAY, Rev. GEO. J. MINGINS, of City Mission.

GREEN-ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, between Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. J. S. INSKIP, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. Subject: *The white-robed Multitude no Man can Number in Heaven*; and at 7 o'clock P. M.; subject: *The Prayer of the Dying Thief*; followed by the usual prayer meeting. All are invited. Seats free.

STREET PREACHING—THE CITY MISsion will hold out-door services, as usual, if the weather should be favorable. Rev. Dr. CROSBY will preach at Houston and Columbia sts. at 5 P. M., and Rev. S. D. BROWN in the tent, near Central Park, at 5 P. M. Preaching also in Elizabeth and Clark sts. at same hour.

AN OPEN DOOR—NORTH DUTCH CHURCH, Fulton, corner of William-st. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. J. L. MCNAIR, SABBATH MORNING and EVENING at the usual hours. Sabbath School and Bible Classes at 9 A. M. and 2½ P. M. Devotional Singing Meeting, Monday evenings, in the church at 8 o'clock. Lecture Wednesday evening at the usual hour.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—Sabbath services are held at this institution every SABBATH AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. Short addresses and singing by a choir of more than 200 children. Strangers are invited to attend.

S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, FORmerly worshiping in 14th-st., now worship in Irving Hall, Rev. URIAH SCOTT, Rector. Divine service will be held on SUNDAY. Morning service at 10½. Evening at 7½. Sunday School meets at 9. Seats free. Strangers invited.

PUNSHON'S LECTURE.—REV. W. M. PUNSHON, of England, will deliver his celebrated lecture, "Daniel in Babylon," at the Academy of Music, in this City, THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 8. Tickets, $1. Reserved seats, $2. For sale at the book-room, No. 200 Mulberry-st. Apply at once to secure a good seat.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH—Corner Catharine and Madison sts.—Preaching on SUNDAY by the Pastor, Rev. E. D. MURPHY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.; also, preaching at the Mission, corner Water and Dover sts., at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st., at 3½ P. M. All seats free.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH—18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—Rev. THOMAS GALLAUDET, D. D., Rector, Rev. STEPHEN F. HOLMES, Assistant. SUNDAY services at 7½ and 10½ A. M., 3 P. M. for deaf mutes, and 7½ P. M. At the latter Rev. FREDERICK SILL will preach.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION, SITE OF the Old Brewery, No. 61 Park-st.—The original Mission at the Points, Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Sunday School at 2 o'clock P. M. Children's exercises, consisting of recitations and singing, from 3 to 4 o'clock. Short addresses by visitors.

LAY PREACHING AT BROOKES' ASSEMBLY ROOMS, No. 361 Broome-st., every SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock, by Baptist laymen. Speakers for SUNDAY, Messrs. SHOARDS and S. S. SMELLING. Singing under the direction of Mr. T. E. PERKINS. Seats free.

ST. PAUL'S REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, Rev. ALEXANDER R. THOMPSON, D. D., Pastor, will meet for worship, please God, in Lyric Hall, 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts. on SUNDAY. 27th inst., at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M. Sunday School and children's service at 2½ o'clock P. M.

FREE CHURCH OF THE HOLY LIGHT, No. 1,329 Broadway, southwest corner of Broadway and 37th-st.—Rev. EASTBURN BENJAMIN will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School and Bible Class for the Blind at 9½ A. M.

HALL OF THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY, corner of 2d-av. and 11th-st., Presbyterian Congregation.—Preaching on SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. GEORGE S. CHAMBERS. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. and 2½ P. M.

PRESBYTERIAN MISSION—REPUBLIcan Wigwam, 46th-st. east of 8th-av.—Preaching on SABBATH AFTERNOON, Sept. 27, at 4 o'clock, by Rev. GEORGE S. CHAMBERS. Sabbath School at 2½. Come and bring your friends with you.

FORSYTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHing at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. F. BROWN; Temperance meeting at 3 P. M., to be addressed by Mr. SIMPSON, of Brooklyn, and Dr. SNODGRASS, of this City. Seats free.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, YORKVILLE, 84TH-st., between 3d and 4th avs.—Rev. WM. DYMOND, Rector. Free Episcopal services every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 2½ P. M. The public are cordially invited to attend.

OLD JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—THE PAStor. Rev. W. H. DE PUY, will preach at 10½ A. M., and Rev. J. C. NOBLES at 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

WEST TWENTY-THIRD-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near 7th-av., Rev. H. D. NORTHROP, Pastor.—The second service on the SABBATH will in future be held in the afternoon instead of evening.

NOTICE.—THE CHURCH OF THE ATONEMENT, (Protestant Episcopal,) corner Madison-av. and 28th-st., will be opened, without intermission, on every SUNDAY for Divine service, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers are particularly invited to attend.

THE CHURCH OF ST. JOHN BAPTIST, (Protestant Episcopal,) Lexington-av., corner 35th-st.—Rev. Dr. DUFFIE, Rector. Sunday Services—10½ A. M., 3½ P. M. Strangers invited, and will be furnished with seats.

FORTY-SECOND-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Services SUNDAY, God willing, by the Pastor, Rev. W. A. SCOTT, D. D., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Evening—*A study for young people on Saul's sparing Agag.*—1 Sam., xv.

ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH, AMITY-ST., between Sullivan and Macdougal sts.—Rev. THEO. A. EATON, Rector. Divine service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., until further notice. N. B.—Strangers welcomed.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH HOLDS SERvice in the Hall, corner of 5th-av. and 26th-st. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. F. D. ANDERSON, D. D., every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Prayer meeting, 8 P. M.

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, COOPER Institute, Room No. 18.—Preaching TO-MORROW (Sunday) by Elder W. S. BISHOP, on *Prophecy*, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. All interested to hear on the coming and kingdom of Christ are cordially invited to attend.

REV. N. E. CORNWALL, D. D., WILL preach in the Protestant Episcopal Church of Our Lord, corner 37th-st. and 8th-av., SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. A welcome is extended to all. Seats free.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY APOSTLES—Rev. R. S. HOWLAND, D. D., Rector, Rev. T. K. CONRAD, D. D., Associate Rector. Divine service in the chapel of Rutgers College, 5th-av., above 41st-st., every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, MADison-av. and 35th-st.—There will be divine service and sermon in this Church on SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M., and also at 3½ o'clock P. M. Rev. Dr. MONTGOMERY will preach.

ALLEN-ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL Church, between Rivington and Delancey sts.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. L. S. WEED, at 10½ and 7½. Evening Subject—"*What does the Bible Say of Our Country?*" Seats free. All invited.

THIRTY-FOURTH-ST. REFORMED Church. Rev. ISAAC RILEY will be installed as Pastor of this church by the Classis of New-York on SUNDAY EVENING, 27th inst. Sermon by Rev. Dr. STRYKER. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock.

HARLEM UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. T. CLARKE, will preach in Washington Hall, 3d-av., near 126th-st., on SUNDAY MORNING. Services commence at 10½ o'clock.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, on 21st-st., between 5th and 6th-avs., Rev. G. F. KROTEL, D. D., Pastor.—Services SUNDAY, Sept. 27, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

ANTHON MEMORIAL CHURCH, 48TH-ST., between 6th and 7th avs.—Service on SUNDAY next, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Rector, Rev. THOMAS A. JAGGAR, will preach.

OPEN-AIR PREACHING AT THE FIVE POINTS.—Rev. Dr. HARE will preach at 4 o'clock SUNDAY, to the crowd on Paradise-square, in front of the Ladies' Mission. All classes are invited.

THE RAINBOW ANGEL.—THE PASTOR of Mount Zion, S. S. SNOW, will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Mission of Elias*—Rev. x.

CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR (EPISCOpal,) corner Lexington-av. and 30th-st.—JAMES E. HOMANS Rector. Services at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 o'clock.

WEST 53D-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, near 7th-av.; Rev. WM. H. PENDLETON, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., and administer the ordinance of baptism in the evening.

REV. JOHN McNAUGHTON WILL PREACH in the Presbyterian Church corner Houston and Thompson sts., on SABBATH, the 27th inst., at 7½, 10½ and 3½ o'clock. All are invited to attend.

TRINITY BAPTIST CHURCH—REV. J. STANFORD HOLME, D. D., Pastor, corner 3d-av. and 52d-st.—Preaching on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Bible class at 9 A. M. Sunday school at 2½ P. M.

THERE IS SERVICE EVERY MORNING, at 10½, and in the AFTERNOON, at 3½, in the 15th-st. Presbyterian Church, (Dr. ALEXANDER'S,) 15th-st., near Irving-place.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West 50th-st., near Broadway.—Rev. F. F. FORD will preach in this Church, SABBATH DAY, Sept. 27, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M.

FRENCH CHURCH DU ST. ESPRIT. Rev. Dr. VERREN, Rector.—Divine service in French every SUNDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock precisely.

SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner Broome and Ridge sts.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. T. M. DAWSON, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

BLEECKER-ST. UNIVERSALIST Church, corner of Downing-st.—Rev. DAY K. LEE, pastor. Services SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SAINT THOMAS' CHURCH—B. W. WILLIAMS, Sexton and Undertaker, No. 276 6th-av.

IRON WORKS.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS,

14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.
D. D. BADGER, President. S. CHENY, Vice-Pres't.

Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridges.

AUCTION SALES.

JAMES M. MILLER, AUCTIONEER.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF 128 ACRES IN 151 PLOTS, AT FORT WASHINGTON,

PART OF THE ESTATE OF ISAAC DYCKMAN.

JAMES M. MILLER will sell at auction, Oct. 14, at 12 M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the celebrated

FORT GEORGE PROPERTY,

Consisting of 128 acres in 151 plots, extending from Broadway, on which it has a frontage of half a mile, to Harlem River, and from 192d-st. to 204th-st. The most desirable locations for suburban residences on the island are included in this tract. The plots are staked out, and men will be found on the ground every day to show visitors the property. SALE POSITIVE. Fifty per cent. may remain on mortgage. For maps and descriptive pamphlets apply to the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st., or to Lockwood & Crosby, attorneys for executors, No. 133 Nassau-st.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

THE LIBRARY AT OAKWOOD, N. J.

NOW READY—CATALOGUE OF THE LIBRARY AT OAKWOOD, N. J.

The owner of this library, contemplating a residence abroad for a number of years, offers for public competition his entire collection of books, comprising one of the most valuable, extensive and elegant collections of fine books ever offered to the American public. It embraces many very rare and choice ILLUSTRATED WORKS, STANDARD BIOGRAPHIES, TRAVELS, HISTORIES, POETRY, THE DRAMA, NATURAL HISTORY, &c., of the best editions, in the finest possible condition, many of them bound by Riviere, Hayday, Bedford, Bain, Mathews, &c.

The whole to be sold by auction at the Clinton Hall Book Sale Rooms and Art Galleries. LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers, Clinton Hall, Astor-place, New-York, MONDAY, Sept. 28, 1868, and following days, commencing at 7 o'clock P. M. each day.

Gentlemen unable to attend this sale can have their orders to purchase faithfully executed by the auctioneer without charge. Price of catalogue, 50 cents.

The special attention of collectors of fine books is solicited to the above sale, comprising as it does very many books seldom to be met with either in the auction-room or book-store.

The books are in superb condition, and altogether one of the most elegant collections of books ever offered for sale in this City.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on SATURDAY, Sept. 26, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st., HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, &c.

Consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets; carved rosewood and black walnut parlor and library suites, in gold and crimson figured brocatelle, plush and reps; gilt frame French plate mantel and pier mirrors, carved rosewood marble-top centre-tables and etageres, rosewood side tables, black walnut music stands, elegant gilt and marble clocks under glass shades, gilt cornices, carved black walnut library tables, carved rosewood, black walnut and mahogany bedroom suites; rosewood wardrobes, carved black walnut bookcases, mahogany chairs and sofas in hair cloth, china toilet sets, black walnut desks, stair carpets, stair-rods, oil-cloths, carved black walnut buffets, black walnut dining-room chairs, in crimson, reps and green leather; oak cane-seat do., mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c.; black walnut lounge, in green reps; china, crockery, glassware, &c., &c.; also a number of sewing machines.

Also, at 12 o'clock,

Rosewood 7-octave piano, grand action, made by Nunns & Clark; two rosewood pianos; mahogany billiard table, with balls, cues, &c.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., Auctioneer.

ABSOLUTE SALE OF 600 VILLA PLOTS, At Perth Amboy, N. J.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO. will sell at auction, Oct. 1, at 12 M., on the premises, about 1,200 LOTS, beautifully located within the city limits and an easy walk of the depot and steamboat landing. This property fronts on the Raritan River, and commands most magnificent views of Prince's Bay, the Narrows, Long Island, Staten Island and the Highlands of Nevesink. Terms of sale will be very easy.

A special train will leave foot of Cortlandt-st. on the day of sale at 9:45 A. M., reaching Amboy in less than an hour.

A liberal collation will be served at the Brighton House.

For railroad passes, maps and full particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers, No. 26 Pine-st.

66TH AUCTION SALE OF SCRANTON COAL, On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30, 1868.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell, by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers, at the Company's salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30, at 12 o'clock, noon,

60,000 TONS

of coal, from the Lackawanna regions, deliverable at Elizabethport, N. J., during October, 1868.

SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.
500 VILLA PLOTS,
COMPRISING ABOUT 600 ACRES.
KINGSLAND MANOR,

Adjoining Rutherfurd Park, N. J., 7 miles from the City.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, Oct. 15, on the premises, by order of E. W. Kingsland, Esq., Executor, the most attractive piece of property ever offered at public auction, the land having been in the family for upward of 200 years. Must be sold to divide the estate. Terms of sale will be liberal.

For particulars, apply at the Auctioneer's office, No. 77 Cedar-st.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer, Salesroom 101 Liberty-st.

WILL SELL BY AUCTION THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, by order of assignee, superb cabinet, household and office furniture, consisting in part of PARLOR, CHAMBER, LIBRARY and DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, &c. Oil paintings, fancy goods, &c. Catalogues ready.

PUBLIC SALE OF CONDEMNED ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES.

A large amount of CONDEMNED ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES will be offered for sale at public auction, at the Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of October, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. The following list comprises some of the principal articles to be sold, viz.:

26	iron guns, various calibre.
3,400	pounds shot, shells, &c.
820	field carriages.
205	sets of artillery harness.
698	carbines, various models.
3,273	muskets and rifles, various models.
235	revolvers, various models.
40,000	sets of infantry accoutrements.
2,000	McClellan saddles,
3,000	curb bridles.
6,000	watering bridles.

Persons wishing complete lists of the stores to be sold can obtain them by application to the Chief of Ordnance, at Washington, D. C.; of Brevet Col. S. CRISPIN, United States Army, Purchasing Officer, corner of Houston and Greene sts., New-York City, or by application to this arsenal.

T. J. RODMAN, Lieutenant-Colonel Ordnance,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. U. S. A., commanding.
ROCK ISLAND ARSENAL, Sept. 4, 1868.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL, }
CORNER OF HOUSTON AND GREENE STS., }
NEW-YORK CITY, Sept. 12, 1868. }

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder, at 1 P. M., on the 30th day of September next, the side-wheel steamship *Empire City*, of the following dimensions: Length, 240 feet; beam, 40 feet; depth, 23 feet; tonnage, 1,751 tons.

The sale will take place at her anchorage in Erie Basin, Brooklyn, and a steamer will be in readiness at Pier No. 43 North River, at 11 A. M., to convey parties desiring to attend the sale.

The vessel will be sold as she now lies, and the purchaser will be responsible from the time of purchase.

Terms: Ten per cent. cash at time of sale, balance to be paid on the following day in United States currency, when the vessel will be transferred to the purchaser.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brevet Major-Gen. and A. Q. M. G.

SUSPENSION OF GOVERNMENT SALES OF CONDEMNED ORDNANCE STORES.

UNITED STATES ORDNANCE AGENCY, CORNER OF }
HOUSTON AND GREENE STS., }
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1868. }

Notice is hereby given that all sales of condemned ordnance stores, now advertised to take place at the several arsenals and armories of the United States, have been suspended, by authority of the War Department, until further orders.

S. CRISPIN, Bvt. Col. U. S. A., Maj. of Ordnance.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S CLASSES FOR DANCING,

At the old location, corner 26th-st. and Fifth-avenue, commencing Oct. 5th. Classes for children on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, or TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 4 P. M.

At Mr. Dodworth's residence, No. 681 Fifth-avenue, commencing Oct. 3d. Morning class for children on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 10½.

Afternoon class for children on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 4.

SATURDAY MORNING class, at 10½.

Evening class for advanced pupils on FRIDAYS, at 8.

Evening class for gentlemen on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS.

Circulars may be had at either Academy, or by addressing a note to Mr. Dodworth's residence.

BROOKES' DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 361 BROOME-ST.,
will open TUESDAY, Sept. 29, 1868, for adults,
SATURDAY, Oct. 3, for children.

All the fashionable dances in one course of lessons.
Ladies' primary classes instructed by Mrs. Brookes.
Private Lessons at separate hours.
Private Lessons will also be given at Mr. Brookes' residence, No. 133 West 23d-st., which is now being fitted and furnished in elegant style expressly for that purpose.

C. H. RIVERS' NEW AND ELEGANT Dancing Academy, No. 130 State-street, corner of Court-st., Brooklyn. The opening soiree will take place MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 5. Tickets $1. Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular.

HLASKO, INSTRUCTOR OF DANCING at all the leading seminaries of New-York, will open his academy, No. 64 West 34th-st., WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21. Gentlemen's evening classes, Monday and Thursday. Best music in the City.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMY, corner of 28th-st. and Broadway.—Classes will commence on Saturday, Oct. 10, at 4 P. M. Circulars to be had at the Academy.

BROOKES' ASSEMBLY ROOMS, NO. 361 Broome-st., Opening Soiree, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 30. F. F. LARAMEE, Manager.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 29, 1868. Circulars at the Academy.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SEPT. 24, 1868, NOTE DRAWN BY WALter Lockwood, No. 133 Nassau-st., dated Aug. 1, 1868, at three months, due Nov. 4, to order of and indorsed by Loder, Bros. & Co., for $1,278 81. All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating the same, as payment has been stopped. LODER, BROS. & CO., No. 313 Broadway.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. 607 FOR 100 SHARES Quicksilver Mining Company stock, in name of RIGGS & CO. Transfer has been stopped, and all persons are called upon to show cause why a new certificate should not be issued in lieu of the one lost. Signed, MARVIN BROS. & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOtice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

1st. For building sewers in Second-avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-fifth streets.

2d. For paving Pearl-street, from Wall to Hanover-street, with Nicolson pavement.

3d. For building a sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.

4th. For setting curb and gutter stones and flagging sidewalks in Sixty-first-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue.

5th. For flagging Forsyth-street, west side, at Rivington-street.

6th. For flagging the sidewalks of Forty-second-street, between the Ninth and Tenth avenues.

7th. For laying crosswalks on west side of Fourth-avenue, across Forty-ninth, Fiftieth, Fifty-first, Fifty-second and Fifty-third streets.

8th. For flagging sidewalks in Elm-street, on southeast corner of Broome.

9th. For paving Liberty-street with Nicolson pavement, from Maiden-lane to West-street.

10th. For paving Bridge-street with Nicolson pavement, from State to Broad-street.

11th. For paving Marketfield-street, from Broad to Whitehall-street, with Nicolson pavement.

12th. For laying crosswalks at each of the crossings of One Hundred and Thirtieth-street and Fifth-avenue.

13th. For paving with trap-block Fifty-second-street, from Sixth to Seventh-avenue.

14th. For flagging and reflagging sidewalks in Thirtieth-street, from Broadway to Sixth-avenue.

15th. For flagging the sidewalks on the west side of Second-avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets.

16th. For paving William-street with Nicolson pavement.

17th. For regulating and grading, setting curb and gutter stones, and flagging sidewalks in Sixty-third-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

1st. Both sides of Second-avenue, from Forty-first to Forty-fifth-street; also, both sides of Forty-second and Forty-third streets, from First to Second-avenue.

2d. Both sides of Pearl-street, from Wall-street to Old-slip; also, both sides of Beaver-street, from Wall to Hanover.

3d. Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue; also, the east side of Sixth-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-seventh to One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street.

4th. Both sides of Sixty-first-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue.

5th. The west side of Forsyth-street, to a point 100 feet north and south of Rivington-street.

6th. Both sides of Forty-second-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

7th. Both sides of Fiftieth, Fifty-first, Fifty-second and Fifty-third streets, to the extent of half the block west of Fourth-avenue; also, the westerly side of Fourth-avenue, from Forty-ninth to Fifty-fourth-street.

8th. The easterly side of Elm-street, to the extent of 120 feet from the southeast corner of Elm and Broome streets.

9th. Both sides of Liberty-street, from Maiden-lane to West-street, and both sides of the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block north and south of Liberty-street.

10th. Both sides of Bridge-street, from State to Broad-street, and both sides of the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block either way from Bridge-street.

11th. Both sides of Marketfield-street, from Broad to Whitehall-street, to the extent of half the block on Broad and Whitehall streets.

12th. Both sides of One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, and both sides of Fifth-avenue, to the extent of half the block either way from the corner of One Hundred and Thirtieth-street and Fifth-avenue.

13th. Both sides of Fifty-second-street, from Sixth to Seventh-avenue, to the extent of half the block on said avenues.

14th. Both sides of Thirtieth-street, from Broadway to Sixth-avenue.

15th. The westerly side of Second-avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets.

16th. Both sides of William-street, throughout its entire length, and both sides of the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block from William-street.

17th. Both sides of Sixty-third-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenue, to the extent of half the block on the intersecting avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the abovenamed assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to Isaac O. Hunt, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, Basement New Court-House, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

ISAAC O. HUNT, }
E. HARRISON REED, } Board of Assessors.
GUERNSEY SACKETT. }

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, New Court-House, Sept. 23, 1868.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the MAYOR, ALDERMEN and COMMONALTY of the City of New-York, relative to opening One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York.—We, the undersigned, Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner, or owners, occupant, or occupants, of all houses and lots, and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:

First, That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to John Nesbit, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42) in this City, on or before the 17th day of October, 1868, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days, next after the said 17th day of October, 1868, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 12 o'clock M.

Second, That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also the affidavits, estimates, and other documents, which were used by us, in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's Office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the 29th day of October, 1868.

Third, That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid are as follows, to wit: All those lots, pieces or parcels of land, bounded on the north by the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Fourteenth-street and One Hundred and Fifteenth-street; on the south by the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Fourteenth-street and One Hundred and Thirteenth-street; on the east by the centre line of the Eighth-avenue, and on the west by the Hudson River.

Fourth, That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the second day of November, 1868, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

JOHN NESBIT, }
ANDREW BLEAKLEY, } Commissioners.
MATTHEW TULLY, }
Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1868.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 22d day of September, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GEORGE M. WETHEM, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York, City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
SEPT. 26, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALEXANDER BONNELL, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Alexander Bonnell, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 19th day of October, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of September, 1868.

s26-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JASON H. BOCKOVER, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Jason H. Bockover in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 19th day of October, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of September, 1868.

s26-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THOMAS M. COZZENS, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Notice of sale.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of the sale, at public auction, on the 7th of October, 1868, at 10½ o'clock in the forenoon, at the auction rooms of Robert Somerville, No. 37 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, of the following described articles and property of the estate of the said bankrupt, that is to say: One looking glass with clock, one standing desk, one library table, one large wardrobe, one sofa, three chairs, one copying-press and stand, two paper files, one sitting desk, three high stools, one cane-bottom bench, two scrap baskets, one door mat, and one bunch office scraps.

JOHN TODD, Assignee of the estate of Thomas M. Cozzens, No. 202 Broadway, New-York.
s26-law3wSa

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ELIAS B. BROWN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Elias B. Brown, of Mystic, in the State of Connecticut, lately doing business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 7th day of February, A. D. 1868.

s26-law3wSa* JAMES C. ROGERS, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New-York, ss.—At Hudson, the 21st day of September, 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JOHN TRUMPBOUR, Jr., of Germantown, in the County of Columbia, and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

EDWARD P. MAGORM,
se26-law3wS* Assignee, &c., Hudson, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN P. MEYER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.:—At the City of New-York, the 18th day of September, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John P. Meyer, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
s19-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH BERAN and SAMUEL TRISCHET, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before James F. Dwight, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Joseph Beran and Samuel Trischet, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of the said Joseph Beran, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 22d day of August, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK Assignee,
s26-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 19th day of September, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GEORGE H. LIVINGSTON, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
SEPT. 24, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of PHILLIPP LIPPMANN, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Phillipp Lippmann, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 12th day of October, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of I. T. Williams, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 16th day of September, 1868.

s20-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CURTIS JUDSON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Curtis Judson, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 16th day of October, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all other creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 18th day of September, 1868.

s19-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN J. M. RAMSEY, GEORGE H. RAMSEY, JOHN L. COLES, DAVID H. COLES, JOSEPH DWIGHT TREADWAY and THEODORE G. ASCOUGH, copartners in the firm name of RAMSEY, COLES & CO., bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by the persons and firm above named, in said district, duly declared bankrupts, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 18th day of October, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 11th day of September, 1868.

s12-law3wF* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL G. CUTTS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Samuel G. Cutts, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 15th day of October, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 16th day of September, 1868.

s20-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY S. HAWKS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Henry S. Hawks, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 7th day of October, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 20th day of August, 1868.

s12-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DANIEL TYRREL, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Daniel Tyrrel, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 6th day of October, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 11th day of September, 1868.

s12-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—DISTRICT OF NEW-Jersey, ss.—At Newark, the 24th day of September, A. D. 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of HUMPHREY B. DUNHAM, of Newark, in the County of Essex and State of New-Jersey, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

E. N. MILLER, Assignee, &c.,
s26-law3wSa* No. 291 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New-York, ss.: At Hudson, the 21st day of September, 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of WILLIAM H. MELLEN, of Hudson, in the County of Columbia and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

ROBERT B. MONELL,
s26-law3wSa* Assignee, &c., Hudson, N. Y.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—The undersigned, assignee of Doris Housberger and Gustav Zibelin will sell at auction, by WM. TOPPING & CO., auctioneers, at No. 132 Church-st., on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 7, 1868, at 10 o'clock, the stock of dry and fancy goods assigned to him in the above case.

JAMES DAVIS, Assignee.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1868.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ARTHUR W. SHERMAN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before ISAAC DAYTON, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, 25th day of September, A. D. 1868.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
s26-law3wSa*

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DIStrict Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MICHAEL TAYLOR, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Michael Taylor, of the town of Fremont, in the County of Sullivan and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at Newburg, N. Y., the 14th day of September, A. D. 1868.

CHARLES G. LITTLE,
No. 10 Law Building, Newburg, N. Y., Assignee.
s19-law3wSa

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY A. PATTERSON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss. At the City of New-York, the —— day of September, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry A. Patterson, of the City of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings and State of New-York, who has carried on business for the six months next immediately preceding the filing of his petition in the City of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
s12-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MENDEL JOSEPH, bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 1st day of September, 1868—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate and effects of Mendel Joseph, of the City of New-York, in said district, who was on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
s12-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, City of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MICHAEL CRISS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before James F. Dwight, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Michael Criss, of the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings, and State of New-York, carrying on business in the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 11th day of September, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
s12-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ISAAC A. CRANE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 1st day of September, 1868.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate and effects of Isaac A. Crane, of the City of New-York, in said district, who was on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.

FRELING H. SMITH, Assignee,
s19-law3wSa* No. 166 Broadway, City of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of FLETCHER PLACE, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Fletcher Place, of Madison, County of Morris, and State of New-Jersey, doing business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 11th day of September, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
s19-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 1,671.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JEROME FINCH, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 11th day of September, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Jerome Finch, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
s12-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

LECTURES.

REV. WM. MORLEY PUNSHON, THE eminent English preacher, will deliver his popular lecture on "Daniel in Babylon," at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Oct. 12. Tickets, $1 each, with reserved seat, can be obtained at Swayne's book store, Fulton-st., Brooklyn; or 37 Union-square, New-York.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
SIMON BERNARD and DEARER THAN LIFE. Characters by Mr. J. W. Wallack, Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. B. T. Ringgold, Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. A. W. Young, Mrs. E. Fisher, Miss Emily Mestayer, Mrs. Clara Jennings and others.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
BARBE BLEUE, (Opera Bouffe.) Characters by Mlle. Irma, Mlle. Lambele, Mlle. Tostee, Mlle. Duclos, MM. Aujac, Dardignac, Duchesne and others.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Laurent, Mrs. C. Edmonds, Miss E. Harrison, Mr. F. Sinclair and others.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND THEATRE.
Broadway, corner of 30th-st.
ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE at 2 o'clock. Evening FANCHON. Characters by Miss Maggie Mitchell, Mr. J. W. Collier, and others. GRAND EXHIBITION OF CURIOSITIES. Open day and evening.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
MARY STUART, QUEEN OF SCOTS. Characters by Mrs. F. W. Lander, Messrs. J. H. Taylor, George Becks, and others.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
FOUL PLAY. Characters by Mrs. Harry Watkins and others.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

GERMAN STADT THEATRE.
Nos. 45 and 47 Bowery.
GEBRUEDER FOSTER. Principal character by Mr. Hermann Hendrichs.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
FAIR PLAY and JACK O'THE HEDGE.

BRYANTS' MINSTREL HALL.
14th-st., near 3d-av.
LUCREZIA BORGIA, (Burlesque,) VOCALISTS, HUMORISTS, &c.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
BARBER BROWN; OR THE PACIFIC SLOPER. Negro Comicalities, &c.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS.
No. 720 Broadway.
BARBER BLU. Vocalists, Humorists, &c.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.
7th-av., near 58th-st.
POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS. By a grand Orchestra, under the direction of Theo. Thomas.

PIKE'S MUSIC HALL.
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
A TOUR OF IRELAND (Panorama) and VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

DODWORTH HALL.
No. 806 Broadway.
MAGIC AND VENTRILOQUISM. By Prof. Blitz.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

Official dispatches from the Spanish royal authorities report that the fight in Santander was sharp, and resulted in the defeat of the insurgents. Gen. Paira, commanding the royal troops, is preparing to attack Seville. Advices received at London indicate that the insurgents are especially strong on the seaboard.

It is reported that the Russian Minister at Washington will be recalled for instructions in regard to the new policy about to be adopted by the Czar.

The *Times* and *Telegraph* compliment Mr. Johnson's recent speeches at Leeds, England.

The Government organ of France, *La France*, asserts that the rights secured by the United States by the treaty with Nicaragua are also gained by France and England by the stipulation in the treaty of 1860.

The steamship *Union*, which left Bremen Sept. 12, and Southampton Sept. 15, arrived at this port yesterday.

GENERAL.

Official reports received at Washington concerning the recent riot at Camilla, Ga., confirm the statements previously made of the extent and character of the disturbance. A partial list of the killed and wounded has been made up; these number thirty-four, and all except three were freedmen. After the riot freedmen were hunted down with bloodhounds, and when caught were tortured and killed. Major Howard, Sub-Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, calls for immediate aid.

The Brainard House, at Delaware Water Gap, Penn., was robbed yesterday morning. Soon after the robbers had left, their work was discovered, and Mr. Thomas Brodhead, the proprietor, and Theodore Brodhead, his brother, started in pursuit. They soon caught up with them, and, in attempting to arrest them, were shot. Mr. Theodore Brodhead was instantly killed, and Mr. Thomas Brodhead seriously wounded. The murderers fled, but were captured in the afternoon by a large band of the inhabitants of the place, who had been searching for them. An excited crowd accompanied the prisoners to the jail, and were prevented from lynching them by a number of armed men whom the Sheriff had requested to act as a guard.

Hon. James Rogers, the oldest member of the Delaware Bar, died on Tuesday at his residence near New-Castle. He was an able lawyer, and served two or three terms as Attorney for the State, and also as United States District Attorney.

The 27th of October has been fixed upon for the inauguration of Dr. McCosh, of Princeton College, who succeeds Dr. Maclean, for fifty years connected with that eminent institution. Gov. Pollock, Senator Stockton and others will make addresses. The occasion will be one of unusual interest.

Thirteen boxes of muskets and one of swords have been sent to the Virginia Military Institute—the first arms that that institution has been permitted to have since the war.

Mr. Isaac B. Cohen, on his way from Fredericksburg, Va., to Marquette, Mich., on the Central Railroad, was robbed of $1,424 on Thursday.

William F. Foster, a colored man, convicted of murdering Josephine Parke, a colored woman, in Baltimore, is to be hanged on Friday, the 4th of December next.

Silas and Charles T. James, who murdered Joseph Clark in Worcester, Mass., in February last, were executed in that city yesterday forenoon. The scaffold used was that upon which Prof. Webster and Green, the Malden murderer, were hung. Both made speeches on the drop, and Charles confessed their guilt.

Frederick Lopez, a youth of 17 years, accidentally shot himself dead while gunning, in Canton, Mass., yesterday.

Otis H. Horton, a small dealer in fancy goods, in Roxbury, Mass., has disappeared in company with Florence R. Cameron, a girl in his employ. He left a wife and three children houseless in Easton, Mass, having sold his house there and pocketed the proceeds.

The President has directed that the unexecuted portion of the sentence of the Military Commission in the case of Wm. J. Tolar, Thomas Powers and David Watkins, citizens of South Carolina, be remitted and the prisoners be released from confinement.

By order of the Executive Council of Massachusetts, work on the Hoosac Tunnel has been temporarily suspended.

Mr. Ezekiel Dyer, an elderly citizen of Fall River, attempted to get upon a train of cars at the Bowenville Station in Providence, R. I., on Thursday morning, when he slipped and fell, and the cars passed over both his legs, nearly severing them below his knees. Amputation followed, but it was thought his injuries would prove fatal.

Gen. Henry H. Sibley is in command of the troops who have been pursuing the Indians, and have driven them beyond the borders of Texas, and not Gen. Sully, as the telegraph erroneously reported. Gen. Sibley was the first Governor and first delegate to Congress for Minnesota.

The trial of Mrs. Brown, (Henrietta Fox,) the reputed wife of Joseph Brown, the Canaan child murderer, who was hanged a few months ago, will begin in Hudson, N. Y., on the 12th of October. She is charged with complicity in the murder.

The Seventh Assembly District Grant and Griswold Club was formed last night at No. 811 Broadway, under the Presidency of Mr. Salem P. Russell. The officers and Executive Committee are gentlemen of political, legal and mercantile prominence.

The National Labor Union held its fifth day's sitting yesterday at Germania Hall, Bowery, and voted a political platform for the Workingmen's and Workingwomen's Party for the coming year. The Union will close its annual session this afternoon.

A lengthy calendar of cases was disposed of yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, before Judge Russel. The principal case was that of Alfred C. Smith, charged with attempting to kill his wife on the night of the 14th inst., by stabbing her in the breast with a knife. At the hour of adjournment the trial was not yet concluded, the defence having occupied much time in attempting to establish an *alibi*. The Court adjourned until Monday.

Commissioner Guttman yesterday continued the examination in the case of the United States *vs.* Commissioner Rollins and others, for conspiring to defraud the Internal Revenue Department. The cross-examination of H. D. McHenry was concluded, and Alexander Gropp and Robt. D. Anderson were afterward examined for the prosecution. The case will go on this morning, at 11 o'clock.

In the Court of Common Pleas yesterday, before Judge Barrett, eighty-six persons were naturalized, two rejected, and two applications were suspended.

Cotton was quiet but steady yesterday. Flour, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork and Lard closed heavily at a further slight reduction in prices on a moderate trade. There was less activity in Groceries. Freights were brisker and firmer.

In the line of Family Marketing there has been a fair measure of activity reported, and prices have been in favor of sellers, though the available supplies of the leading articles have been up to a full average.

The Change of Southern Temper.

The *World* admits substantially the change in the temper and conduct of the Southern people, to which we ascribed the change in the policy of the dominant party of the North; but it asserts that this change was caused by the harsh action and the still harsher language of the Republican Party. We do not care to contest this point—indeed we deem it to be in part true. We believe now, as we did at the time of the Philadelphia Convention, that immediately after the war, the Southern people were in a mood which would have made it perfectly safe, and eminently wise, to restore them at once to participation in political affairs. We thought then, as did Gen. Grant, that what he styled the "fine temper of the South" should be taken advantage of at once,—that the Southern States should be restored to the Union and to the control of their own affairs contemplated and guaranteed by the Constitution. We still think that this course if taken then by the harmonious action of Congress and the President, would have been wise and judicious.

But it was not taken; and now *it has become utterly impracticable and impossible*. The temper of the South has undergone such a change that what would have been prudent and safe in 1866 would be dangerous and fatal now. Those who have been in the rebellion, and who, upon the surrender of their armies, were ready to return upon any fair terms, and to become loyal and true to the Union, are now rancorous and rebellious. They scoff at proffered terms, and demand concessions. They refuse to recognize the rights conferred upon the blacks, and openly proclaim their determination to reduce them to substantial civil and political serfdom. They have ostentatiously renewed the strife, not perhaps for Southern independence, but for Southern domination over the whole Union. They openly assert this to be the aim and object of their renewed coalition with the Democratic Party. The outrages which are of constant occurrence in the South, and the spirit and temper which prevail among the Southern whites, attest the fact that the spirit of the Southern people has undergone a very great change for the worse, since the date to which the *World* refers.

Now it is *the fact* of this change, and not the causes of it, which decide what public action it makes necessary. Even if it be,—as we believe in part it is,—the action of the Republican Party, which has brought it about,—that circumstance does not render the change itself one whit less important in its bearings upon the wisdom of restoring them to power. They are not now,—as they were then,—ready to accept peacefully and submissively the results of the war. They resume power, if they resume it at all, only to use it against principles which the war established, and to overthrow laws and regulations which the downfall of the rebellion made essential to the public peace. It will not be safe for the country to give them power which is to be used for such ends. And this is true, whether the change in their temper has been caused by the action of the Republican Party or by other causes.

At the time of the Philadelphia Convention it was unquestionably true that the exasperating language of Republicans in Congress and elsewhere, and the "evident purpose" shown in some quarters, to "reduce the Southern communities from the rank of free and equal members of a republic of States, with rights and dignities unimpaired, to the condition of conquered provinces and a conquered people, in all things subordinate and subject to the will of their conquerors; free only to obey laws in making which they are not allowed to share," had very much to do with impairing the "confidence and loyalty" which followed the overthrow of the rebel cause. But other causes speedily added their influence. The President's strenuous and active resistance to Congress, and his advice to the South not to accept the mild terms embraced in the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment, and the violent and intemperate language of his harangues during his Western tour, had very great weight, and contributed very much, not only to change the tone and temper of the South, but to disgust the North with everything that looked like their restoration to power. The action by which the Democratic Party everywhere at once sought to make all concessions and kindly constructions of Southern feeling tributary to its own restoration to power, contributed largely to both these ends. The ex-rebels of the South began to think it needless to accept the terms tendered by Congress, or any other "terms;" they foresaw a time in the near future when they could themselves dictate the terms on which they would consent to return, and the Democratic victories at State elections a year ago confirmed these hopes and made them resolved to renew the struggle which seemed closed with the war, and to make another effort to regain the "lost cause." They have found the Northern Democracy ready to join them in the effort. The adhesion of the Democratic Party was given at the July Convention, and this completed the change which has been coming over the Southern mind for the last two years.

Now, as we have already said, it is the *fact* of this change, and the nature of it, and not the causes which have produced it, which are important in connection with the pending Presidential canvass. If the sentiments and opinions and purposes of the Southern people were now what they were in 1866, the Democratic policy of restoring them to their old control might be safe and wise. But they are not. They have greatly changed, as the *World* concedes; and they have changed for the worse. Power, if acquired by them now, would be used for the overthrow of law and governments, which are essential to the public peace. It would be used for the disturbance of the national tranquillity. And, therefore, it is that this policy has become utterly unsuited to the emergencies of the case, and cannot wisely or safely be sanctioned by the popular vote.

Votes of the Unreconstructed States.

Mr. Pendleton's advice to the Texans, "Vote, by all means," and the assurance which accompanies it—"we shall see that Texas is represented"—are indorsed by the *Express*, with a further application to Virginia and Mississippi:

> "We trust that Virginia and Mississippi will also vote. Virginia has never lost her *status* in the Union, having ever been represented in Congress, even during all the rebellion, and has as much right to vote as Massachusetts. Mississippi was refused representation only because she voted down the negro Constitution. Let all vote. We shall see whether the Rump dare refuse the count."

But the law says distinctly that the votes of these States shall not be counted. There is no room for controversy on that point. When, therefore, Mr. Pendleton asserts that the Democracy will "see that Texas is represented," and when the *Express*, referring to the three unreconstructed States, dares Congress to "refuse the count," they foreshadow a conflict between the Democrats and the law. Congress has its duty defined by statute, and the votes of these States will not be received. Is this to be made a pretext for disturbance?

Besides, the three States named cannot vote without coming into collision with the military authority. There is no civil government in any of them. And Gen. Gillem, in refusing to authorize the holding of an election in Mississippi, discharged a duty which the Generals commanding Virginia and Texas must similarly perform. And by whom, then, are polls to be opened? If by persons pretending to derive authority from officials whom Congress deposed, under Governments which Congress abolished, it is fair to suppose that the district commanders will forbid and prevent proceedings having no warrant in law. They may be expected to do so as well because polls so conducted would be illegal as because the holding of them would imperil the public peace. How does Mr. Pendleton propose to overcome this difficulty?

The truth is, that this scheme for obtaining an exclusively white vote, under rebel influences, in States not yet restored to the Union, with a full knowledge that it will not be recognized by the Electoral College, is one of the devices with which the Southern Democratic leaders propose to create trouble. They have no expectation of success, but they are anxious to make the election of Grant a pretext for quarreling over the exclusion of the unreconstructed States. We calculate upon a Republican majority so large in the Northern States as to render the Southern vote immaterial. But it is well to know of the mine which the Democrats propose to spring if a different contingency arise.

Business and Politics.

The *World* alleges a "general mercantile prostration," which it attributes

> "chiefly to the disturbed state of the country, produced by the unconstitutional attempts of the Rump to postpone the reconstruction of the Southern States until it could be made the foundation of permanent Radical domination."

The only fact assigned in support of the prostration theory is the diminished amount of the internal revenue during the current quarter. The receipts from this source are at present comparatively small, and on this ground we are asked to believe that the whole business of the country is depressed and demoralized.

The fact, however, admits of another and more satisfactory explanation. In the first place, the internal taxation has been greatly reduced by the legislation of last session. The greater part of the manufacturing industry has been relieved from the fiscal burdens which oppressed it, and the receipts from that source are light in consequence. In the next place, the new scheme of taxation, as applied to whisky and tobacco, has not yet come into full operation. The manufacturers of and dealers in both are working off old stocks, and are, moreover, hampered by the doubt which attaches to the introduction of the new law. The official force required by the latter is incomplete, not to say ineffective. When the differences which now impede the administration of the law shall be removed, and the proximate exhaustion of old stocks shall necessitate renewed production, both of whisky and manufactured tobacco, we may hope that the gain to the revenue from these sources will equal the expectations of the Ways and Means Committee. At any rate, let us wait until the new law has had a trial before rejecting the estimates formed by its promoters.

Meanwhile, the attempt to use diminished revenue receipts as evidence of "general mercantile prostration" must signally fail. It runs counter to the almost universal testimony of business men. They know nothing of "prostration," except in one or two particular branches of industry, local and peculiar in their character. So far is trade from being prostrated, that it has not been more healthy than at this moment since the close of the war. Speculation is undoubtedly dormant, or restrained within narrow limits. But legitimate business is both large and profitable, and confidence is felt in the general aspect of the Fall trade. The depression which long existed is almost everywhere disappearing. And though nothing like excitement exists, and the fanciful operator finds himself at fault, the solid progress of mercantile enterprise is satisfactory. The leading lines of business especially are in the enjoyment of a healthy activity.

If the same positive terms may not be applied to the prevailing condition of manufacturing industry, at least we are justified in claiming for it a fair average of profitable activity. A certain caution will be observed until the product of the cotton crop and the coming complexion of our foreign trade be more definitely ascertained; but this temporary lull, which recurs yearly at this season, cannot be truthfully confounded with prostration. In other departments, where these considerations carry less force, moderate activity prevails. The woolen manufacturing interest is stronger and better than for some time past. And all are realizing the benefit of the measure by which their productive forces were released from the incumbrances and vexatious fetters of internal taxation.

Any statement of the business position, however, would be incomplete, which ignored the presence of one disturbing element. The attitude of the Democratic Party in the Presidential canvass, closely connected as it is with the possibility of trouble in the Southern States, naturally develops a degree of uncertainty and uneasiness. These feelings would take the form of panic if there were reason to anticipate the election of Seymour and Blair. The mercantile opinion of the country would shrink from that as from a great calamity. There is confidence, as a general rule, simply because the triumph of the Republican Party is regarded as assured. What uncertainty does appear is mainly in relation to the prospect at the South, as affected by the tendency of Democratic teaching, and the possibility of disturbance in connection with the November election.

The Street Department and the Citizens' Association.

Mr. McLean has made a much better show in his controversy with the Citizens' Association than Mr. O'Gorman did in his. The latter, after promising a reply to their charges at his earliest leisure, has allowed over a year to elapse without any attempt at reply. The Street Commissioner has responded after what must be deemed only a reasonable delay; and it is but just to say that he has done so with very good effect. As the issue made has come to be mainly one of veracity, it is impossible to pronounce decisively upon it until we see the rejoinder; but as the case stands Mr. McLean seems to have the best of it. The charges of the Citizens' Association were explicit and specific. They asserted that Mr. McLean has charged the City with about *twice* the amount of lumber which he had actually used in repairing the City wharves and piers. They cited each specific wharf,—quoted the amount of lumber for which the City was made to pay, and then asserted that a careful examination and measurement of the work done, made by capable and reliable men under their direction, revealed the fact that not more than *one-half* the amount charged and paid for had been actually used. The natural inference was that the City had ben swindled out of the rest.

Mr. McLean meets this serious charge very fairly. He employed Mr. Egbert L. Viele, an engineer of ability and position, and two capable men under him, to reëxamine the piers specified; and he publishes the reply which these men make to each specific allegation. The general answer in each case is, that, whereas in every case *a double tier of planks* was laid down, the men employed by the Association *counted only one tier*, and thus, as a matter of course, counted and reported only *half* the amount actually used. And the figures which they give correspond with this statement, and very closely with the figures of the Street Department as originally reported.

If this statement is correct the Citizens' Association ought to have no hesitation in acknowledging their mistake. We shall wait to see what they have to say on the subject before making further comment upon it.

Lo! The Poor Indian.

The poor Indian, whose untutored mind has been kindly plied with the primer, and whose supplicating hands have been armed by our Government with improved rifles, is now once more on the war-path. The fresh, unavenged murders at Solomon's and Saline creeks, the marauding at South and Pass City, and the Sioux attack upon Major Baldwin—all of recent occurrence—have now been followed by a pitched battle on the Dry Fork of Republican River. Two gallant officers are dead. Col. Forsyth and half of his small party are wounded, and the rest beset by a force of seven hundred savages.

Only the other day Gen. Sheridan recorded "the murder by Cheyennes and Arrapahoes of twenty unarmed citizens of Kansas, the wounding of many more, and outrages on women and children too atrocious for mention in detail." And Gen. Sherman himself has declared that he was compelled to pursue a policy which "amounts to war."

Were these Indian hostilities unavoidable, were no feasible plan suggested for putting an end to them, the friends of the slaughtered troops, and of the plundered and murdered frontier settlers, might be silent. But over and over again the remedy for the whole difficulty has been pointed out. Never was there such unanimity among unprejudiced men as to the policy required. That policy, briefly stated, consists, first, in the immediate transfer of the Indian Bureau from the Department of the Interior to the War Department; secondly, in the abolition of the whole system of civilian Indian agencies; thirdly, in carrying into effect, forthwith, the reservation system; finally, in supplying sufficient military force to the Plains to govern the Indians, and then making the military commandants there responsible for their tranquillity.

But, as it is now, it is folly to expect anything but the old round of massacres and maraudings every Summer, the only question being as to how far the savages will find it pay them to go. The number of troops now on the Plains is ridiculously small; but, what is worse, their policy is quite the reverse of that of the Indian Bureau. The civilian agents of the Government are smoking the calumet of peace with the same Indians against whom Sheridan's troopers are making war. The powder and ball wherewith they shoot our soldiers, our own deputies supplied to them. The Indians make war in order to be pacified by presents; and when the peace-offerings are used up, they make war to secure more.

The whole system pursued at present, we repeat, is thoroughly absurd. Sutlers and Indian traders undermine our policy and debauch the Indian. Never, until we scour these vermin from the Plains, shall we be able to govern the savages. If the War Bureau should be made responsible for the conduct of the Indians, its first act would be to put them on reservations where they could be reached and governed properly, and where improper influences could not be brought to bear upon them. This policy had, indeed, been inaugurated by Gen. Sherman, just before the late skirmish on the Republican River. It is greatly to be hoped that it will be pursued, in spite of the late interruptions.

MINOR TOPICS.

Those who read our Harrisburg letter of yesterday, about what the Republicans are doing to carry the October election in Pennsylvania, will not entertain any doubt of the political position of the State. It has looked as though the vote would be closer there than in any other State of the Union, except New-York. But the accessions to the Grant party lately have been large, and the development of his strength has been such as to give assurance of his success. Our correspondents in the State will keep our readers informed of the progress of affairs until the election.

The Surratt business has ended as might have been expected from the way the prosecution have conducted the case. After two years of pottering over the trial, it has been found that there is an old law which provides that no person shall be prosecuted for an offence, not capital, unless an indictment shall be found within two years of the time of committing the offence; and, under this law, Surratt has been discharged and has received the congratulations of his friends. The District-Attorney attempted to talk about an appeal, but this was evidently only intended as a means of keeping up the farce of a prosecution.

The Augusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist* sees very clearly that a political pilgrimage through the Northern States by Southern Democrats, who were prominent rebels all through the war, is not likely to aid the cause of Seymour and Blair. It advises the Southern people, "since they have placed themselves under the lead of their Northern friends," to treat their counsel with respectful consideration. But they have done nothing of the sort. They have asserted and exercised complete control over their "Northern friends," they have dictated the platform and nominated the candidates of the party. They begin to see how little their efforts will amount to. Let them send on their orators. We are sorry Toombs has decided *not* to "call the roll of his slaves on Bunker Hill" just yet.

Gov. Orr's determination to leave South Carolina and take up his residence in Missouri cannot fail to be regarded as a misfortune for the State in which he has hitherto exerted so much influence, and which now needs the services of all her judicious citizens more than ever before. From the close of the war Gov. Orr has been zealous and unwearied in his endeavors to adapt the political action of the State to the changes brought about by the war. He has appreciated the nature and extent of those changes more truly than most of the public men of the State, and has not shrunk from the responsibility of such action as they require. He has urged the wisdom of acting in harmony with the dominant sentiment of the North,—of accepting the Reconstruction acts of Congress, and of reorganizing the Southern State Governments in accordance with their requirements. He was for protecting the freed slaves in all their newly-acquired rights, and for giving them the share of political power to which their numbers entitle them and which is necessary for their protection. He has been the true and judicious friend of his State in her time of sorest need, and has encountered the sharpest and most bitter hostility of the reactionists and rebels who are resolved to reclaim their old authority. We are not surprised that he finds it necessary for his personal welfare to leave the State and renew his career elsewhere. But his doing so is a calamity for South Carolina.

We have always encouraged the Southern Democrats in their efforts to secure the negro vote in the Southern States. There is much more sense in so doing than in standing afar off and howling about their being permitted to vote at all. But it does not seem to us that they are going the right way to work. Expelling them from the Georgia Legislature, excluding them from juries, and the kindred measures they are putting in execution against them, do not seem to us the best means of convincing them that "the Democrats are their best friends." They *may* be, but there is some danger that the negroes won't see it. However, if the Democracy prefer this style of canvassing for the colored vote, we don't object.

We fear that if Gen. Grant had the management of the electioneering business in this campaign, he would depend a good deal more upon popular intelligence and patriotism than on the other agencies which politicians consider necessary. When a crowd of people gathered around him at one place in the West, a short while ago, he not only refused to open upon them with a speech, but he said he did not wish any one else to speechify them in his behalf. Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, who has been on a tour through the Southern States, where he has great influence, says that, before setting out, Gen. Grant requested him not to advocate his claims for the Presidency while traveling through the South. It is evident that Grant has faith in the inherent common sense of the American people.

The Democrats, who are now enraged at Gen. Dix, our Minister to France, for expressing his preference for Grant, have also a chance of firing a few shots at Gen. Hovey, our Minister to Peru. Gen. Hovey says that no loyal man can hesitate a moment about voting for Grant, and that the thirty thousand Indiana troops whom he (Hovey) commanded cannot possibly entertain the thought of embracing the principles of the "Butternuts," who but lately were firing in their rear. Whether Gen. Hovey committed the greatest offence in fighting under Grant during the war, or in sustaining him now, the Democrat papers will probably tell us.

In this country we are apt to give a preposterous value to what is called "oratorical eloquence." People seem to fancy that a man who can discourse beautifully about "statesmanship" must be a great statesman; that the man who can talk eloquently about the "principles of government" must be the very man to carry them out in the finest style; that a General who can speechify thrillingly about battles and sieges—about the "thunders of artillery," the rushing of cavalry, the flashing of swords and the dashing of opposing hosts, and all that sort of thing, must surely be a great commander, who could win victories as easily as *blow* about them. Of course such people believe Grant to be anything but a great General, and consider him utterly wanting in the genius of statesmanship or administration. Such a correspondence as that which passed between Grant and Sheridan before the culminating triumph of the war at Five Forks, would seem to them altogether unworthy of the great occasion:

To Gen. Grant:
I think Lee will surrender if things are pushed.
Yours, Phil. Sheridan.
To Major-Gen. Sheridan:
Push things.
Yours, U. S. Grant.

Instead of this, they would have had Grant send an eloquent appeal to Sheridan, urging him by all the powers in earth and heaven to marshal his army for the stupendous struggle, and so forth, closing with a peroration about its tremendous importance, and the glory that would accrue from victory, and so forth. But Grant only ordered his Lieutenant to "push things," while at the same time he pushed things himself, and, as a consequence, we had a victorious field, where we should very certainly have had a defeat if he had been a "splendid speaker," or indulged in a "great oration."

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

The entertainments to be given to-day and this evening are worthy to be enumerated. Mrs. Lander's engagement at the Broadway Theatre comes to an end with the performance of "Mary Stuart" to-night; a *matinée* of the same play is also announced to take place at 1:30 o'clock. Miss Maggie Mitchell's engagement likewise finished with the two performances of "Fanchon" this afternoon and evening, at Wood's Museum. "Humpty Dumpty" has its *Fiftieth matinee* to-day at the Olympic!—honor enough for a clown to boast under all events. A *matinée* will be given of "Foul Play" at the New-York Theatre, and this evening, we believe, the last performance of that adventurous drama will take place. *Matinées* are also announced by Signor Blitz, of his merry and marvelous doings at Dodworth Hall, by Prof. MacEvoy, of his "Hibernicon," at Pike's Music Hall, and there is also to be a *Matinée* of "Barbe Bleue" at Niblo's Garden.

At all these establishments various novelties are in preparation for next week, of which we shall know more, of course, when next week comes.

Musical.

OPERA BOUFFE.

Mr. Bateman—whose season at Niblo's Garden is drawing rapidly to a close—will give his last *Matinée* to-day. The opera is, of course, "Barbe Bleue," a work which gains by repetition. The houses during the present week have been admirable, and the *Matinée* to-day will undoubtedly be the best and most brilliant of the season.

WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Friday, Sept. 25.

THE ALABAMA DELEGATION.

Gov. Smith and the five members of the Alabama Legislature, who were appointed a committee to wait on the President and represent the necessity of troops for the preservation of the peace and protection of life in that State, arrived in this city to-night. They will communicate with the President in the morning, and learn when they can have an interview and present their case.

THE CHARGES AGAINST COMMISSIONER ROLLINS.

The statement of the witness McHenry, in the case pending before Commissioner Guttman on the charges against Commissioner Rollins regarding Loeb's room in Willard's Hotel, is not sustained by the facts. He swears that the room was in the second or third story of the hotel, when, in fact, he occupied a room in the fourth story. There are other discrepancies of a similar character in his evidence.

THE NEW TOBACCO STAMPS.

The contract with the Continental Bank Note Company for the engraving and printing of the new cigar and tobacco stamps was closed to-day. The stamps are to be ready for delivery by the 23d of November.

PERSONAL.

Gen. Howard will shortly deliver a lecture in this city on the result of his recent trip through the South, and the educational interests of that section.

Edwin L. Stanton, a son of Ex-Secretary Stanton, and a young man of more than ordinary ability, has returned from a stumping tour in Ohio. He gives most cheering accounts of the canvass in that State.

Mayor Bowen, of this city, has brought a suit for libel against the proprietors of the *Evening Express*, a Democratic newspaper of this city, laying his damages at $25 000.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Sept. 25.

THE HANSEATIC MISSION.

The Hanse Towns having recently been merged in the North German Confederation, Mr. A. Schumacker, their Consul-General at Baltimore, who for sometime past has also been acting as *Chargé d' Affaires*, called on the Secretary of State yesterday to deliver the letters of recall of Mr. Rosing, the regular *Chargé d' Affaires*. Mr. Schumacker made the following remarks on the occasion:

"Mr. Secretary of State: The letter which I have the honor of presenting to you will inform you of the cause of the withdrawal of the Hanseatic mission. The interests of the Republics of Lubeck, Bremen and Hamburg will in the future be represented by the great North German Union of States, and I could not desire them placed in better hands than those of the present distinguished representative. Nevertheless, I cannot help regretting that the relations extending over a period of so many years uninterrupted friendly intercourse should now be brought to a sudden close, and I believe this feeling is common among the citizens of the Hanseatic Republics, and also shared in general by the people in this country. I trust, however, that the Government of the United States will continue to take a lively interest in the future prosperity of the German sister Republics, and that when their representative shall prefer wishes in their name they will receive the same kind consideration which has always been given to them. I cannot allow this opportunity to pass without expressing my own appreciation and thanks for many proofs of this friendly disposition of which I have been the recipient while repeatedly temporarily in charge of Hanseatic legislation; and I assure you, Mr. Secretary, that my official intercourse with your department and other national authorities will ever be held by me in grateful remembrance."

Mr. Seward replied as follows:

"Mr. Schumacker: I will submit to the President of the United States the letters which you have delivered to me from the free Hanseatic cities of Lubec, Bremen and Hamburg, and will at the same time make known to him the friendly feelings and sentiments that you have expressed on this occasion, I feel assured that I shall receive his directions to acknowledge the letter with a cordial appreciation of the energetic enterprise and love of constitutional liberty which have so long distinguished the Hanseatic cities. In closing the direct diplomatic intercourse which has existed between the United States and the Hanseatic Republics, it gives me pleasure to bear witness to the talent and ability with which they have constantly been represented here. It gives me equal pleasure to renew the assurances of personal respect and esteem which I entertain for yourself, and to express very sincere and earnest wishes for your future prosperity and happiness."

PUBLIC LANDS.

Commissioner Wilson has issued instructions to John A. Clark, the newly-appointed Surveyor-General for Utah, directing that officer to proceed to Denver, Colorado, and obtain possession of the original evidences of surveys in Utah, now in the custody of the Surveyor-General at Denver, and repair to Salt Lake City, where the Secretary of the Interior has directed he shall establish his office.

The Commissioner has approved a contract for the survey of eleven townships south of Platte River, in Lincoln County, Nebraska. It embraces about two hundred and fifty thousand acres, a short distance west of Kearney City, and within the twenty miles' limit to the grant of the Pacific Railroad.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

The Secretary of the Treasury has written a letter to Attorney-General Evarts, asking his opinion as to whether a party who failed to take the oath as prescribed by the act of July 2, 1862, is entitled to be paid for services performed by him as Treasury Officer. This covers a class of cases in the South where various persons temporarily acted as such officers but could not take the oath.

THE INDIAN DIFFICULTIES.

THE INDIAN WAR.

The following telegrams were received at the War Department this morning from Lieut.-Gen. Sherman:

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Thursday, Sept. 24.

To the Adjutant-General of the U. S. A.

Gen. Sheridan reports this day in a further description of the fight between his aid-de-camp, Col. Forsyth, and the Indians on the Upper Republican, that several other columns are moving to the same point. I trust the Indians will receive a just punishment.

FORT HAYS, Wednesday, Sept. 23.

Have just heard from Forsyth. The report sent here to-day is substantially correct. Lieut. Beecher is dead, and Col. Forsyth is wounded, as before described; but the party is all right, although surrounded by Indians, and can hold out, as they have plenty of ammunition and mule and horse flesh. They have given the Indians a salty dose. Col. Forsyth has lost Lieut. Beecher, Dr. Moore, mortally wounded, two killed and eighteen wounded. He reports thirty-five Indians killed, and many wounded.

Col. Forsyth says he can whip the party and come in, if it was not for his wounded men, and his horses all killed.

(Signed) P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major-General U. S. A.

To William T. Sherman, Lieutenant-General.

Among the questions considered at the Cabinet meeting, to-day, was that relating to Indian difficulties.

THE LIGHT-HOUSE STATION AT WOLF ISLAND.

Notice is given by the Light-house Board that the light-house station "Two Lights," at Wolf Island, Ga., has been reëstablished, and light will be reëxhibited in the evening in October, 1868. The lights, in connection with the Lapello Island light, are intended to be used as ranges in crossing Doboy Bar and into the Sound. The front light is a fixed white light placed on a skeleton frame tower painted brown, 31 feet above the sea level. The rear light is also a fixed white light placed on the keeper's dwelling, painted white, 38 feet above the sea level, and 40 feet distant from the front light. Both lights may be seen in clear weather at a distance of ten miles.

Official information has also been received, that from the 10th of August, 1868, the light at the entrance of Adour River, on the west coast of France, would be removed to the signal tower recently constructed close to South Jetty. The old tower is 330 yards to the east of the signal tower.

REVENUE MATTERS.

It is not true as stated that Col. Goodloe has been appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue in Kentucky. Col. Moore is the only Supervisor as yet appointed.

The following Internal Revenue appointments were made to-day:

Storekeepers—George H. Walker, Milwaukee; J. H. Kyle, Columbus, Ohio; J. D. Leland, New-York; James Corning, Richard Roman, John Ruedi, St. Louis; T. C. Kendall and William Hibbard, Chicago. Gaugers—J. W. Manly and J. W. Steirs for the Second District of New-York; Jacob Boon for Seventh Pennsylvania.

THE ALABAMA DELEGATION.

The delegation from Alabama, headed by Gov. Smith, to request the President to send troops to that State to preserve order, arrived this evening.

ARMY AND NAVY INTELLIGENCE.

The following officers of the navy have received orders:

Paymaster Dennison, to the Michigan; Chief Engineer William B. Brooks, to the Portsmouth Navy-Yard; Chief Engineer Stamm, detached from the *Powhatan* and ordered to duty as Fleet Engineer of the Pacific squadron in place of Chief Engineer Albert, who is ordered to duty as Fleet Engineer of the South Pacific squadron; Chief Engineer Robie, from the *Pensacola*, and ordered home; Chief Engineer Whittaker from the *Portsmouth*, and ordered to the *Tuscarora*; Lieut. Pythan ordered to continue on duty at the Naval Academy.

Brevet Major Bascom, Seventeenth Infantry, ordered to report for duty to Superintendent-General of Recruiting Service in New-York.

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE BREMEN STEAMSHIP UNION.

The steamship *Union*, from Bremen Sept. 12 and Southampton Sept. 15, arrived at this port yesterday with two days' later news than was previously at hand.

It is announced that M. Guizot will contribute an article to the forthcoming number of the *Revue des Deux Mondes* on the question of the day, entitled, "France and Prussia Responsible to Europe." It is understood that this important article powerfully enforces the necessity of peace.

The death is announced of Sir John Dean Paul, Bart., at the age of 66. He was for many years connected with the banking firm of Strachan, Bates, & Co., which was broken up in 1855 in consequence of some irregularities that led to criminal proceedings. On the 29th of October of that year the three partners were arraigned at the Old Bailey on the prosecution of a Dr. Griffiths, before Baron Alderson, Baron Martin and Mr. Justice Willes, were found guilty, and sentenced by Mr. Baron Alderson to fourteed years' transportation. Few who were present will ever forget the scene in the Court on that cold, grey, autumnal evening. Baron Alderson broke down several times in passing sentence, and was occasionally inaudible; the prosecutor, Dr. Griffiths, wept like a child;* while the prisoners seemed completely stunned, and were unable to utter a word. Then Sir John Dean Paul passed out of the world's ken; rumors occasionally came of his good behavior in prison, where he was engaged in basket-making; then his release on ticket-of-leave was announced, and now we hear of his final release.

The International Workmen's Congress at Brussels was closed, Sept. 13, by a speech from President Dupont, of London. An address from the German branches was read, which declares, among other things, that a war between France and Germany must be regarded as a civil war, for the profit of Russia. It concludes as follows: "The International Association calls upon workingmen to pronounce against war, to oppose it by all the means in their power, to refuse to countenance assassination, and to organize a Propaganda for the education of the poor." The delegates assembled in executive session, and adopted the following resolution: "The International Workmen's Congress recommends workingmen to abstain from all work in the event of war breaking out in their respective countries. The Congress reckons upon the solidarity of workingmen of all countries for this strike of the people against war."

THE ALABAMA.

British Newspaper Comments upon the Proposed Settlement of the Claims.

From the London Times, Sept. 14.

We have as little reason as disposition to doubt the truth of the report that the question of the *Alabama* claims is at length in the way of speedy and satisfactory settlement. The new American Minister, it is said, has brought with him full powers for adjusting the differences between England and the United States, without reference to any previous phases of the controversy. He comes, in short, a Plenipotentiary on the question, and such an Envoy was all that was required. It would be childish, as well as useless, to dissemble the truth in this matter. There never was in the case itself any such difficulty as would have precluded a settlement if the Americans had wished it to be settled. The real question between the two countries was not a question of damages or compensation, but of *offence given and resentment expressed*. Had the general attitude of England during the war been unobjectionable in the eyes of Americans, the *Alabama* Claims would either never have been preferred, or would have been settled out of hand. No American statesman ever believed that the *Alabama* escaped by our willful connivance, or that she was let loose by hostile design to prey upon Federal commerce. Whether the imperfections of our laws or the remissness of our authorities did or did not render us in any degree responsible for the mischief which ensued might perhaps be a question, but it was not a question which would have troubled the two Governments for an hour had it been approached in a spirit of mutual good-will. The real point of contention was something very different, and Mr. Seward disclosed the truth when he desired to include in the proposed arbitration our recognition of the seceders as belligerents. Even this the Americans would have found it hard to turn into a recognizable grievance, but it was the one overt act in which seemed to be expressed that feeling, or want of feeling, on the part of this nation of which the Americans complained. Their true grievance against us was that we had not sympathised with the North in its struggles for union, and not even deprecated disunion as the result of the contest. Then, when the contest was over, they evinced their resentment by keeping open a difference which might otherwise have been settled immediately. We speak the plain truth about the matter, for the Americans are just as conscious of it as we are, and, we are free to acknowledge that on some points we were wrong, and that *neither the offence taken nor the retaliation practised can be considered as entirely unreasonable*. * * * That the real genuine disposition of the American nation toward ourselves was what Mr. Reverdy Johnson described it at Sheffield, we do not doubt, and if we were to trace the resentment of the Americans to any single feeling, we should be disposed to regard it as springing from a comparison of their own conscious sympathies with our manifest want of sympathy in the hour of their extreme peril. But though their chief men assure us, as all travelers assure us, also, of the depth of this affection for the old country, it should not be forgotten that *the ordinary and visible signs of American opinion too often wore a different complexion*. We have no desire to dwell upon this point, but if there were people in this country who doubted whether the aggrandizement of the Union would be conducive to peace, they might certainly have found justification in the views which Americans had set forth. The doctrines, again, which had been openly professed in America on the subject of popular insurrection might have been quoted to defend the insurrection of six millions of the Americans themselves. Nor was this view of the case, indeed, overlooked or dissembled on the spot. We remember well that at a moment when the legal right of secession was flatly controverted in the columns of this journal, it was discussed with something very like approval in the United States. There was a time when the rising Confederates found less favor in England than in America, and if the heroism and skill of the Southern armies afterward attracted our admiration, the Americans need not grudge a tribute to the military qualities of their own countrymen. However, even on a balance of all these considerations, we admit that the resentment of the Americans was natural, but we must also add some we think *its expression has been sufficiently protracted.* For three years the Government of Washington has kept the dispute open, even in despite of our overtures of peace. Mr. SEWARD has had the satisfaction of rejecting for himself and countrymen a very handsome British proposal, and the incident may be set down to the credit side of our account. He now, we are told, cuts all these by-gones adrift, cancels all previous correspondence, and empowers Mr. REVERDY JOHNSON to bring the affair to an end. *In that event the thing is as good as done.* We have not troubled our readers with any reference to the technical questions of the controversy, because these questions never really impeded the settlement of the dispute. Many nice points of law and morality might be mooted on the subject, and perhaps the international code may be amended or improved by the light of these negotiations. But if all that the negotiators now desire is to measure fairly by a reasonable standard the liabilities incurred by England in the matter of the *Alabama*, and to *assess those liabilities honestly in pounds, shillings and pence, the problem will be the easiest possible,* and Americans and Englishmen may enter upon new relations of amity and brotherhood, all the more solid and enduring from this insight into each other's dispositions.

RUSSIA AND FRANCE.

Further Russian Statements in Regard to the Relations of the Two Empires.

From the St. Petersburg Golos, Sept. 10.

We have already more than once expressed in clear and unequivocal terms our ideas upon our relations with France. Already more than once have we detailed in the most precise manner the conditions under which, according to our individual and independent opinion, the Cabinet of the Tuileries may reckon upon the sincere and disinterested coöperation of Russia. It is not true that among the number of these conditions is to be found territorial acquisitions for Russia, who has no need of them. As our ideas are continually misrepresented, and do not appear to be understood, we feel compelled to give new explanations, even at the risk of repeating ourselves. It is so much the more easy for us to give these explanations, because we have nothing to conceal, our policy being of that kind which gains by being placed in full light. The true and well-understood interests of France and Russia are not at all contrary the one to the other, and there is not a single point on the terrestrial globe where those interests may not be in accord, or where those two Powers may not be in a position to afford each other reciprocal coöperation. The *entente* between France and Russia would be the best guarantee of European equilibrium and general tranquillity. But in order that that *entente* should be established in a solid and durable manner two conditions are necessary. The first is, that France should remove from her sight the phantom of a pretended resurrection of Poland. For that it is necessary that at Paris people should try at length to understand that what is called Poland is not a people, but a feudal caste which has detached itself from the people, and that for nearly half a century a handful of feudal anarchists has abused the French nation and all the successive Governments at the Tuileries in making them believe that the reëstablishment of Poland was possible, and that France was interested by her traditions and her principles in its reëstablishment. Doubtless, if such an assertion were true, if France, in order to reject the phantom of the resurrection of Poland, had to sacrifice even the least of her interests, and if it were necessary to place herself in contradiction to any national exigencies, we should not think for a moment of modifying her present manner of seeing or her present attitude; there would no longer be any reason to speak to her of an *entente* with Russia, and we should have nothing to do but to place ourselves on the defensive. But happily it is not so, and the contrary is the fact. Progressive and liberal France, the France of 1789, could have nothing in common with the Polish aristocracy, and there is not one of the traditions of France, not one of her national interests, that can require her to replace under the yoke of the Polish nobility, whom they abhor, the populations inhabiting the banks of the Vistula. (We do not speak of the western provinces of Russia, where the people have never spoken the Polish language.) France would abjure the finest pages of her history if she were to endeavor to undo facts accomplished forever, that is to say, the ruin of the Polish aristocracy, and the regeneration of the Polish people blended into the Russian nation. With regard to the Eastern question, we only ask that France shall not place herself in contradiction to herself, and that she do not think only of her own particular interests. In the East, as everywhere, we only ask of France to do what she owes to herself. We do not wish either to turn her from the care of her interests or to deceive her; we wish only that she should retake the road which she ought never to have left, and on which we are ready to accompany her as faithful friends, provided she will march toward that object which is ours, that is to say—the pacific and liberal development of the Christian populations of Turkey, guaranteed against all foreign intervention.

FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

The Reduction of the Prussian Army a Pledge of Peaceful Intentions.

The following is said to be the text of a dispatch addressed at the end of last month by the Prussian to the French Government:

BERLIN, Aug. 28.

To Count de Solms, Prussian Chargé d'Affaires in Paris:

MONSIEUR LE COMTE: I have the honor to inform you that His Majesty the King has graciously deigned to order, first, that as soon as the Autumn manœuvres are over all the reserves shall be discharged; and, secondly, that the annual levy of recruits shall be postponed for three months. His Majesty's Government has desired by this important measure, which reduces the Prussian army by 120,000 men, to afford a new proof of his moderation and love of peace. His wish, at the same time, was to manifest his confidence in the maintenance of the peace of Europe, for, in our opinion, there exists now no question which can disturb peace. In informing you of the measures which I have the honor to announce, I beg you to let the Marquis DE MOUSTIER know of them without adding any comment. I beg to renew the assurance, &c.,

THIELE.

THE LOSS OF THE MELITA.

Arrival of the Jacob A. Stamler with the Melita's Passengers and Part of the Crew—Narrative of James Dunbar, a Sailor.

The ship *Jacob A. Stamler*, Capt. SAMSON, which, it will be remembered, rescued the passengers and crew of the burning steamship *Melita*, on the 5th inst., arrived in port yesterday with fifty of the *Melita's* passengers, her Captain, purser, doctor, two engineers, steward, mates, and one sailor. These people have lost all their effects, owing, as it appears by the following narrative, to a lack of management difficult to account for, seeing that there was ample time after the first discovery of the fire to save everything in the way of mere personal property.

The statement here given is that of one of the crew of the *Melita*, and in his own words. He, like his fellow-sailors, lost everything. When permission was given to go below and save their clothing, it was too late:

NARRATIVE OF JAMES DUNBAR.

The *Melita* was advertised to sail from Boston for Liverpool the 25th of August, but on account of a leak in her bottom she did not start till next day at 2 P. M. Everything seemed to jog along smoothly till about 12:30, Sept. 5, when the first symptoms of fire were observed. We were then about 800 miles from Queenstown. The boatswain was the first to give the alarm that smoke was issuing from the hold, directly below the forecastle. Quickly and quietly the pipes were laid and brought to play on the spot from which the smoke issued. Every effort was tried to find the real source of the fire, but without avail, and, in fact, no one had at this time any other idea but that the fire would be extinguished immediately. Half an hour afterward the fire began to show unmistakable promise of more trouble than had been expected. The Captain conjectured the real source of the fire to spring from the bottom hold, starboard side, and accordingly gave orders to the carpenter to cut a hole in that direction in order to accommodate the water-pipes. The hole being made, the smoke became so dense and suffocating that a man could not hold the pipe at the mouth of the hole for more than three minutes at a time. Now and then, a man might be seen hauled on deck in a senseless condition, till it was deemed advisable to cover up the hold completely, with the exception of the space allowed for the water-pipes. But I must say the space allowed for the hand-pump was left big enough for the pure air to rush in and feed the flames. The reason of that was simply mismanagement; because the hand-pump was kept for the first ten hours the distance of eight yards from the front hatchway, so that buckets had to be used to carry the water, whereas, if the hand-pump had been placed at first by the side of the hatchway it would have saved immense labor, been of double service, and instead of having such a huge crater to empty the buckets, the hand-pump pipe could have been inserted in such a manner, leaving no vent for the smoke within nor ingress for the oxygen. But in spite of suggestions being made regarding the above plan, it was not adopted till about 10 A. M., and then it was of little service, because by that time sufficient air had rushed in to feed a Vesuvius. I merely mention that in order to show that had the hold been kept tightly closed the fire might have had a chance of being extinguished. About 8 A. M. the American ship *Jacob A. Stamler* was descried, and after signals of distress being given from the *Melita*, signals were given in response from the ship. One of our boats was lowered immediately, and the chief mate taking four of the crew set off for the American. The American Captain said he could accommodate the passengers and crew with shelter, but that his stock of provisions, and especially water, was not sufficient to supply such a large number of people. Accordingly, Capt. SUMNER, of the *Melita*, about 11 A. M. ordered the passengers' baggage to be brought up from the hold and placed aft so that it might at a moment's notice be lowered into the small boats and rowed over to the ship. Every passenger was then placed in the small boats and rowed over to the American where all were hospitably received. Before leaving the steamer most of the passengers were anxious to take their luggage along with them, but were pacified on being assured that the fire would be put out in a couple of hours, and that their stay on the strange vessel would be of short duration; but if it threatened to be more dangerous, there was plenty of time, boats and men to transport their property at a moment's notice from the consuming element, which was true enough. Throughout the rest of the day the pipes poured into the hold a constant stream of water, but still the fire increased by degrees, till about 10 P. M., when the red glimmering flame began to show itself. The men at the pumps, tired and exhausted at seeing their labor fruitless, besides being in danger of their lives, left the pumps with the determination not to pump any more. About 12 M. Capt. SUMNER descended the hold for the last time, but had to be hauled on deck half suffocated. Here I must observe that the Captain did all in mortal man's power to extinguish the fire from first to last, both by his own heroic actions and the fatherly manner in which he encouraged his crew. A glass of grog was then served out to each of the crew, after which another attempt at the pumps was tried, which lasted about forty minutes, when all hands agreed to desist entirely from any further attempt, with the exception of the steam-pump, which had played continually into the hold from 12:30 Friday morning till 10 o'clock Sunday morning, leaving about seventeen feet of water in the hold when the hand-pump stopped. The fire at this time had made rapid progress, the pure flame being visible from beneath the hatchway, the smoke at the same time issuing from the stack-hole, evincing that all had joined the conflagration from the forecastle to the engine-room. The eleventh commandment was the thought of every one now; for each and all rushed to the boats, taking their property along with them the most appropriate way. Half an hour afterward the flame burst up, producing a blaze which illumined the surrounding waste of waters, and making a strong contrast with the peaceful aspect of nature. Not a cloud obscured the virgin blue of the heavens. The stars and full-orbed moon looked down in their glory on the placid ocean, unconscious of the disaster. Capt. SUMNER was the last to leave the burning vessel, arriving at the ship about 4 o'clock Sunday morning. Previous to that, one of the boats made a second trip in order to obtain provisions and luggage belonging to the passengers; but, alas! it was too late, because most of the passengers luggage was lost. Here I would make a few remarks regarding the last-mentioned subject; for, there was ample time during the day to save all the luggage, and enough provisions to serve all parties for the voyage. A couple of boats were kept alongside with four of the crew in them doing nothing. Cooks and stewards had nothing to do, so that there were time, men and boats at any rate. The passengers, being composed chiefly of working people, and having their whole little fortune on board are totally ruined; and in order to save their best clothes had on old clothing when they left the steamer, and now remain without the one shirt to change the other. The fire could not be helped to be sure; but certainly the poor people's property might have been saved. Of course Capt. SUMNER expected to have the fire extinguished, but all hands knew twelve hours after the first symptoms of fire that if there was any chance of saving the vessel it was a very poor one. Why not then have sent the passenger's luggage away as well as themselves; because it would not have taken much trouble to bring both passengers and luggage back again; besides it would have been the surest way, as the poor people's property was not insured, although the steamer and cargo were fully insured. The last view of the steamer was seen about 11 o'clock Sunday morning, bereft of everything save her funnel and a part of her stern; and no doubt an hour or two afterward the sea had swallowed her up entirely. At least that was the last seen of her from the *Jacob A. Stamler*. With the exception of a few remarks, I have nothing more to say concerning the conflagration. About 10 o'clock Sunday morning the bark *Monahungo* took off the *Jacob Stamler* seventeen of the crew, who are no doubt now in Liverpool. On Tuesday, 8th September, the ship *Eurydice* and the brig *Augusta*, the former bound for Greenock, Scotland, and the latter bound for Newry, Ireland, took off the remainder of the crew, with the exception of the Captain, Doctor, Purser, two of the engineers, mates, steward, and one man.

I copy the following from my note-book: "Sept. 8.—There is more room in the vessel to-day since the departure of the *Melita's* crew, although it doesn't make any addition to the rations. Why not have saved provisions when there was every opportunity? The American Captain, it seems, offered to send his boats during the fire in order to obtain provisions for all parties, but Capt. SUMNER gave him no invitation; consequently the poor passengers are starving on that account. And the Doctor, Mr. GORDON, told us, that at the same time to send provisions it was too late, or either carelessness, or what is worse—laziness—prevented that hospitable act."

Previous to the disaster the passengers seemed to rejoice in the anticipation of once more enjoying the scenes of their native land, and embracing dear friends of long ago, happy to think of appearing in circumstances evincing prosperity. There they are now—men, women and children huddled together like so many sheep, dirty, hungry and sad, lying on the bare boards, without a rag to cover them. Surely the poor people have good cause to grumble, when we consider that much of their suffering could have been averted by judicious management, but, at the same time, thank Providence for sending Capt. SAMSON in time to save their lives.

Death of a Veteran Publisher.

A cable telegram announces the sudden death last Tuesday, at Kissingen, Germany, of Mr. RICHARD C. MORSE, of this City, in the 74th year of his age. He was the son of Rev. JEDEDIAH MORSE, D. D., of Charlestown, Mass., and was graduated at Yale College in 1812. After studying theology in the Seminary at Andover, Mass., he came to this City in the year 1823, and in connection with his elder brother, Mr. SIDNEY E. MORSE, founded the *New-York Observer*, the oldest weekly newspaper in the City, and the oldest religious newspaper in the State of New-York. Mr. MORSE remained connected with the paper till 1858, when he retired from active life, and for the last five years he had been a resident of New-Haven, Conn. In company with his wife, he sailed for Europe last May, for the purpose of recruiting their health by foreign travel.

A Daring Bank Robbery and a Lively Pursuit of the Thief.

From the Quincy (Ill.) Whig, Sept. 23.

The coolest and boldest exhibition of larceny ever perpetrated in this city took place this afternoon. About 12:15 o'clock a man entered the First National Bank, on the corner of Fourth and Hampshire streets, with a box wrapped up in a newspaper. [The box afterward proved to be a common slat peach-box, which he had, a few minutes before, bought of BARTLETT BROTHERS.] The man laid the box on the floor beside the west counting-desk, stepped on it, reached over the railing of the counter and seized a pile of bank bills within five feet of where the clerk was standing, and made his way out of the bank. Several persons were standing just outside the door as he passed, but did not appear to comprehend the situation. The clerk, Mr. BLOOM, as soon as he saw the act, made for the rascal instantly, leaping over the counter. The fleeing rogue, after turning the corner of the bank, started down Fourth-street, pursued by Mr. BLOOM. When the fellow came to L. M. LEIN's saloon, he dashed through, and passing along a passage-way, he tore down a window curtain and jumped out of the rear window into the back yard, in the rear of which he encountered a high fence, and in his efforts to leap it he fell back, and had to try a second time before he succeeded. Mr. RODEFER, in MALIN & SON's, seeing the thief, started in pursuit, and gained upon him; but the thief had a pistol, and showed fight at once. The rascal ran down the alley, turned to the right and ran into Vermont-street. Still pursued, he turned into Mr. TAYLOR's yard; then, running back between the high fence and the outhouse, he climbed over the former, and was making for the Market-house-square, and was about leaping the third fence, when he was met by Mr. RODEFER again; he threw down his coat here, and offered to use his pistol again. Some one suggested that Mr. RODEFER return to the store for his pistol, which Mr. R. did, and that is all any man reports having seen of him. The thief afterward presented his pistol to a colored man, threatening to shoot if they caused any alarm. Mr. BLOOM says the man appeared to be about 25 or 30 years old, of dark complexion and medium height; he wore a slouched hat. The coat he left behind was a black cloth frock coat. The amount of money taken, the officers of the bank could not state.

More Democratic Outrages on Freedmen in Georgia.

From the Augusta (Ga.) National Republican, Sept. 23.

We have information the most direct and positive that the Kuklux K'an in Columbia and adjacent counties nightly prowl around the negro cabins, with their horses and themselves in the most frightful disguise, frightening and coercing the blacks into joining the Democratic Clubs. On Friday night last these miscreants visited the cabin of a colored man living three miles from Wrightsboro, broke the door in, and threatened the life of his wife, to compel her to disclose the whereabouts of her husband. Their intended victim, having received information of the raid, escaped to the swamps. A few days previous a black man was caught and whipped until he was glad to consent to become a member of a Seymour and Blair Club. All the blacks refusing to join soon become the victims of Kuklux vengeance. The condition of Columbia County is not exceptional. The same reports come from every county in Middle and Southwestern Georgia.

Extensive Fraudulent Operations in Connecticut.

From the Hartford Courant, Sept. 25.

From prudential motives, while the case was only in a partial state of development, we have refrained for several days from making allusion to extensive frauds perpetrated upon a number of merchants of this city by Mr. L. D. PORTER, of East Berlin, this State. PORTER has been a merchant for a number of years, and had an extensive acquaintance among the business men of Hartford, of whom he has made from time to time large purchases. He was considered a trustworthy man; was always prompt in the settlement of claims against him, and his credit was therefore all that any man could desire. Not long ago he came to this city and made extensive purchases, amounting in all to about $16,000, and gave notes as collateral, drawn up by different parties and indorsed by himself. That the notes were genuine and perfectly good, no one with whom he did business doubted, and he was willingly accommodated. It came to light that PORTER had carried out an extensive swindle, and investigation proved that he had made off, leaving his affairs in a decidedly unsettled state. On Monday of this week PORTER was in town trying to "shave notes," but met with little success. A gentleman who was in East Berlin yesterday, informs us that the frauds thus far discovered will probably amount to $30,000. Parties in Middletown, Meriden, and other places thereabouts, are sufferers in various sums. A few of the firms of this city are fortified against loss by having secured the additional indorsement to paper held by them of PORTER'S father-in-law, who, it is said, is pecuniarily ruined in consequence of lending his name to worthless notes. PORTER inveigled him into it.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

Gen. FORREST repudiates the Cincinnati *Commercial's* correspondent's story of a visit with him to the scene of the Fort Pillow massacre. He says:

He has never been at Fort Pillow, and I have not been there since 1867, when I visited the place to make a map for my book. I am willing to make any sacrifice, save my honor, to relieve my State and its oppressed citizens from the Radical rule that is destroying their prosperity and happiness. If your people only knew one-half the oppression we have to endure, I am confident they would come to our relief by voting for SEYMOUR and BLAIR, and giving us peace and liberty. Our Radical Legislature and officials and negro magistrates are weighing us down with heavy taxes, and so squandering and misapplying, as well as stealing our substance, that we shall not be able to stand it much longer. Patience has been long since exhausted; but, in the fullness of the hope for a lasting and prosperous peace, and a return of our Northern friends to reason and a due appreciation of our common interests, we have endured, and still endure, even after patience has been exhausted.

Yours respectfully, N. B. FORREST.

Gen. ALVIN P. HOVEY has written a letter from Lima, Peru, to Senator MORTON, in which he says: "Gen. GRANT, in my opinion, has made a great sacrifice in permitting his name to be used in the Presidential canvass, but, in his manly nature I know he never considers personal advantages when he thinks duty demands his services. No loyal man in Indiana can hesitate one moment in giving his vote for GRANT and COLFAX over the Democratic nominees. At least thirty thousand Indianians have, at various times, been placed under my command, and I cannot for a moment entertain the thought that one of those noble men could so far forget the records of the past; their long, dreary, hungry marches; their bloody battles, and the fire of the 'Butternuts' in their rear, as to ever cast one vote in favor of their Northern enemies. For myself, I would a thousand times prefer a man who fired bravely at me in the battle, to those who meanly and basely betrayed us in the North."

Gen. FRANK P. BLAIR, in his speech at Indianapolis, Ind., gave it as his opinion that the best remedy for the evils brought upon us through the black race, would be to separate the races by the colonization of the blacks in some country suited to their organization, and where, under the guidance of the Republic, they might fulfill their destiny, leaving the soil of America exclusively to the white race. Nothing short of this, he said, could preserve the superior race from contamination on the one hand, and on the other prevent demagogues from making use of the inferior race to overthrow the political institutions of this country. Gen. BLAIR treated at length the Reconstruction acts of Congress and negro suffrage, denounced those acts as immoral, indecent and unconstitutional, but said nothing as to the mode by which they were to be overthrown.

The venerable Prof. S. D. MCCABE was called upon at a Republican meeting in Delaware, Ohio, a few nights ago, and in responding said: "A great many stories have been put in circulation about Gen. GRANT drinking. Permit me to say that I met, a few weeks since, Mr. DEHASS, Gen. GRANT'S pastor. I asked him to tell me what he knew in regard to the truth of these stories. Said he, they are all false. Gen. GRANT is a regular attendant of my church, and I never saw him drink a drop of liquor since I have been acquainted with him, nor have I ever seen any one else who has seen him. I have taken especial pains to trace up many of these stories to their very beginning, and invariably found them to be untrue."

Says the Ogdensburg *Journal*: "The readers of this paper will recollect that during the war the residence of Mr. FORSYTH, of Macomb, in this county, was destroyed by fire with all its inmates. A son of Mr. FORSYTH, who was in the army when the distressing news reached him, made application for a furlough to return home, but the boon was denied by both his regimental and corps officers. At last he had recourse to Gen. GRANT, who learning the facts, directed that furlough be granted. Mr. FORSYTH says that though a Democrat he will vote for Gen. GRANT, who never denied the private soldier any of his rights."

While in New-Orleans Gen. HOWARD privately expressed himself highly pleased with the Democratic proselyting movement among the negroes. As a friend of the race he could ask for no more powerful auxiliary than the Democratic Party in enforcing the suffrage rights of the black man. He spoke of Gen. GRANT as his warm, personal friend, and as a pure, simple-hearted, good man. Gen. HOWARD also said that Gen. GRANT had requested him not to advocate his claims for the Presidency while traveling through the South.

Senator CONNESS, of California, in a letter to the Central Grant and Colfax Club of Washington, said: "On the 30th I am to speak at New-York to the Irish Republican Clubs of that City at the Cooper Institute. Their organizations there promise very much for the success of our ticket in that State, and for the lasting credit of Irishmen. Emancipation of the Irish people of New-York from the thrall of disreputable politicians would do more to elevate the character of our race in the Republic than any other result that could occur."

The New-York correspondent of the Charleston (S. C.) *Courier* writes: "Let Democratic organs in the North say what they like, the September elections have gone against the Democratic Party. Now for the October elections. Will they go better? There, again, a great deal depends on what Mr. PENDLETON will do in Ohio. Hitherto his theories, though superficially popular, have been repudiated at the polls. Ohio, the young statesman's own home, must tell us whether we can elect SEYMOUR and BLAIR on the platform constructed mainly out of deference to Pendletonian ideas."

The Republican State Committee of Massachusetts have no public speakers in their employment. They leave to the several towns their own selection and payment of speakers for political purposes. To aid them, however, the State Committee have prepared a list of gentlemen, whom they accredit and recommend as capable and worthy of addressing the public on the topics involved in the present Presidential canvass.

Gen. CARL SCHURZ has been invited to speak in Iowa, but writes that all his time until the 3d of November is already taken up. He says in his letter: "From all the States I have visited I have brought back the assurance that the Germans will give a larger Republican vote than ever before, and I have no doubt Iowa will prove no exception to the rule."

Gen. BUTLER addressed a large meeting in Lynn, Mass., on Wednesday night, and was well received. Hon. JOHN B. ALLEY presided. Gen. BUTLER spoke in Newburyport on Thursday night, and in Topsfield on Friday. The meeting of Republicans opposed to his reëlection, the call for which we have already published, is to be held in Salem on the 5th of October.

Gen. FRANK P. BLAIR was on the train from the Suspension Bridge, on Wednesday, and before the cars reached Rochester a canvass of the passengers was made, and resulted as follows: For GRANT and COLFAX—gentlemen, 89; ladies, 61. For SEYMOUR and BLAIR—gentlemen, 47; ladies, 21. BLAIR voted for SEYMOUR and himself, and jocosely asked permission to be recorded twice.

The Jackson (Miss.) *Clarion* reiterates its statement that "every member of the Committee on Platform knows that WADE HAMPTON was neither the author nor the mover" of the clause in the Democratic platform declaring the Reconstruction acts unconstitutional, revolutionary and void. WADE HAMPTON has publicly asserted that he was its author and mover.

In a public speech, delivered in Greensboro, N. C., by Gov. VANCE, a short time after the news of the surrender of Gen. LEE had been received, he said: "We have failed this time, there can be no doubt about that, but the time is yet coming when the *principles* for which we fought will yet succeed. I may not live to see it, but certainly my children will; and if I live to be an old man I shall see it also."

WILLIAM HOLDSWORTH, Democratic candidate for Clerk and Register in Grand Traverse County, Mich., declines to run. While he avows himself with the party on many issues, he says he cannot support the revolutionary element of the present organization, being in favor of universal freedom and impartial suffrage.

The Rhode Island Republicans will hold a State Convention for the nomination of Presidential electors, and District Conventions for the nomination of candidates for Congress, in Providence, on Tuesday, Oct. 13.

The Boston correspondent of the Chicago *Times* understands the Vermont and Maine elections. He says: "Nothing better than a reduction of majorities was expected of them, and that they have done to the extent of their ability."

Senators CRAGIN and PATTERSON, and the three Representatives from New-Hampshire, are on the stump in Pennsylvania. Gov. HARRIMAN, of the same State, who has been speaking in Pennsylvania, has gone to Ohio, and thence will go into Indiana.

While addressing a meeting in Lowell, Mich., last week, Hon. T. W. FERRY, Republican candidate for Congress, was attacked with sudden illness, and he has since been seriously ill.

Information received in Baltimore, a telegram says, leaves no doubt that Hon. REVERDY JOHNSON favors the election of Gen. GRANT.

The town elections in Connecticut all occur on Monday, Oct. 5.

The election in Nebraska is to be held on Tuesday, Oct. 13.

Brick-Making Extraordinary.

There is now on exhibition in the rear of No. 59 Ann-street a machine in active work which, from the character of its labors, cannot fail to awaken general interest. It stands at the further extremity of a court-yard, and, from its simplicity of form, might be passed by unnoticed. Nevertheless there is much to see about it, and its work affords pleasant field for reflection. It is a machine for making bricks, nothing more, and although not the first of its kind, it has peculiar qualities worth making a note of. It consists principally of an upright cylinder, standing on a revolving disc, all standing in a space of about eight feet square, and weighing two and a half tons. The top of the cylinder is about breast high, and into it is easily thrown the clay, which is then simply watered. There is no other preparation. The machine does its own tempering. Within the cylinder revolves an upright shaft, furnished with blades set at an angle, which cut up and temper the clay, at the same time pressing it downward into the brass moulds in the revolving disc, as fast as they are brought round. By a simple arrangement the clay is further compressed as it travels round, and is then tilted out—a perfect brick in a few moments, and lifted off ready for hacking.

Owing to the want of space for dumping clay, the labors of the machine yesterday were necessarily of short duration—while the material lasted. But enough of its working was shown to astonish the visitors. The bricks turned up on the table or revolving disc much more rapidly than two inexperienced hands could remove them. They were perfect in shape, of smooth surface, and so compressed that they could be handled without soiling the fingers. The rapidity with which the unshapen clod turned out a "perfect brick" was truly astonishing, and suggests the hope that the promised machine to grind up the old folk and turn out babies is not a myth after all.

An engine of 15-horse power drives the machine exhibited yesterday. When at its full working power, two men are required to shovel in the clay, two boys to remove the brick, three to truck them off to the hack, in which they are piled for preparatory drying prior to being placed in the kilns. With this force, assuming the clay to be laid down at the machine, 30,000 bricks can be easily made, trucked off and hacked in ten hours. This is truly remarkable, and there is fair reason to hope that the advent of this machine is a promise of reduced prices in the building material it supplies, and, as a consequence, reduced rents. The machine is the invention of Mr. GARD, of Chicago, where it is now in extensive operation, and where, on one occasion, it turned out 44,500 bricks in a single day. It will remain on exhibition at the place above named for some time, where it will well repay the visit of machinists, capitalists and the curious.

RESTORED TO HEALTH.—Mrs. CURTIS, wife of L. J. CURTIS, of Norwalk, Conn., whose throat had become severely affected and general health seriously impaired from catarrh, after every other treatment had failed, has been entirely restored to health by Dr. ROWE, of No. 27 East Twentieth-street, this City, a fact which she gratefully acknowledges in a letter to him.—*Evening Mail.*

Extract from a Letter from Jerusalem.

"We started early to ascend Mt. Olivet, to behold the sun gild the minarets and towers of the devoted city, from the place where memory, stirred by a thousand associations, should exalt the mind as well as the eye to the inspiration of the scene. Well is the voyager repaid for long travels, horrid roads, antediluvian cookery, squalid companionship and the importunities of begging, thieving Arabs. Well would it have repaid you, oh! man of commerce and the crucible! and well might you have been reminded of your own City, for here, painted upon a board nailed against one of the huge ancient olive trees, under which the sacred martyrs toiled for the sins of the world, eighteen hundred years ago, were these familiar figures, S. T.—1860—X. We do not know who did it, but no doubt some poor invalid traveler, cured by the PLANTATION BITTERS, wished to advertise their virtues in a place from whence all knowledge flows."

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.—*Advertisement.*

CHICKERING'S, WATERS', and other first-class new Pianos for rent, and rent applied on purchase. For sale on monthly installments, or at low prices for cash. New Organs and Melodeons of various makers on same terms, at WATERS', No. 481 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES.

SUNDAY EDITION.

The Best and Most Readable Sunday Newspaper in New-York.

THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES for to-morrow will contain a large and attractive variety of original and selected reading matter, in addition to the usual Telegraphic reports of news, Letters from our own Correspondents, Political Intelligence, Affairs about Town, &c., &c., &c.

PARTIAL TABLE OF CONTENTS:

1. TELEGRAMS from all parts of this continent, Europe and the West Indies.
2. INTERESTING LETTERS from our correspondents in Paris, London and Florence, giving political news, scientific intelligence, social and personal gossip, &c.
3. SOUTH CAROLINA, and the inducements she offers to immigrants from the North and Europe.
4. CURRENT LITERATURE, comprising a touching story of English life, poems and a carefully selected miscellany of reading matter from the latest English and American magazines, new books, &c.
5. REVIEWS of the latest American publications, literary notes and gossip.
6. DRAMATIC NOTES, critical and personal; matters of interest concerning plays and players at home and abroad.
7. THE DUTCH IN MICHIGAN, a graphic description, by our special correspondent, of a settlement of Netherlanders in the Peninsula State.
8. EDITORIALS on the current topics of the day, political, literary and social.
9. FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL SUMMARIES, Law Reports, General City Intelligence, &c., &c.

THE SUNDAY EDITION OF THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES, in addition to the usual news reports by telegraph and mail, gives a larger amount and better variety of general reading matter, original and selected, than any other paper in the City. It is not only a NEWSPAPER, in the proper sense of the word, but a LITERARY PAPER of unequaled interest, giving from week to week a complete summary of what is going on in the world of ART and LITERATURE. The selected reading matter is always from the best and latest sources, and is attractively arranged. As a family newspaper it stands without a rival in the country.

The Best and Surest Remedy in the world for all diseases with which children are afflicted during the process of teething, is MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, and by giving quiet sleep to the child, gives rest to the mother. Perfectly safe in all cases.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

The Public Esteem in Which Pank- NIN'S HEPATIC BITTERS are held is another proof of their excellence as a tonic. They give sure and speedy relief in Nausea, Sick-Headache, Dyspepsia, and all similar complaints.

For sale by all Druggists. HEGEMAN & CO., Agents.

Had I Known it Before,

Said a fair young sufferer with burning fever, as they raised her in bed to take the second time a draught of refreshing RHUS WINE, I think I would have been well again ere now. I have taken nothing that so refreshes and quenches my thirst, cools my fever, and gives me strength as this.

RHUS WINE is accepted by the best medical practitioners as the best tonic for invalids. For all affections of the throat and mucus surfaces it is invaluable. Prepared by the UNITED STATES RHUS MANUFACTURING CO., No. 600 Greenwich-st., N. Y. For sale by druggists.

Removal.

CHICKERING & SONS have removed to No. 11 East 14th-st., New-York, between Broadway and 5th-av.

We open our new warerooms with a full and entirely new stock of grand, square and upright piano-fortes, made from the same scales as those exhibited by us at the Paris Universal Exposition, when we were awarded the HIGHEST RECOMPENSE OVER ALL COMPETITION.

Pianos to rent. Also for sale, a large stock of second-hand pianos of various makers, all in THOROUGH REPAIR AND GOOD ORDER.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye

AND

CRISTADORO'S HAIR PRESERVATIVE,

Are articles that have fairly earned the great popularity they enjoy. The first mentioned gives the hair a beautiful black or brown color, and can be used without injury, while the latter gives it a glossy, luxuriant appearance, and keeps it and the scalp in splendid order. Depot No. 6 Astor House; Manufactory, 68 Maiden-lane.

Don't neglect that Cold! Cure it at once by using Napoleon Cough Pills. Sugar-coated, purely vegetable, contain no opium, and are not cathartic. 50 cents per box. Sold by all druggists. Manufactory No. 47 Dey-st.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye. The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N. Y.

Everdell's Wedding Cards, No. 302 Broadway. French Note Paper, Monograms, Crests, &c. Finest in the City.

Wanted—A good second-hand Steinway or Chickering piano for cash. Address Box No. 3,567 Post Office.

Dr. Dillenback, of Boston, Author of a work on Consumption and Diseases of the Air Passages, will be at his New-York office, No. 860 Broadway, corner of 17th-st. and Union-square, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 1st and 2d of October.

Persons suffering from long-standing catarrhal and bronchial affections should lose no time in consulting him.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

DODGE—PARKER.—On Thursday, Sept. 24, at the residence of the bride's parents, Elizabeth, N. J., by Rev. E. Kempshall, OLIVER W. DODGE, of New-York, to Miss ANNIE E., daughter of John W. Parker, Esq.

SMITH—PRICE.—At St. Paul, Minn., on Tuesday, Sept. 8, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. R. A. Paterson, Mr. CHARLES G. SMITH, of Port Jervis, and formerly of Ballston Spa, N. Y., to Miss JULIE A. PRICE, of St. Paul. No cards.

TERHUNE—KIPP.—In Harlem, on Thursday, Sept. 24, at St. Andrew's Church, by Rev. S. B. Bay, WILLIAM H. TERHUNE to Miss NELLIE KIPP, youngest daughter of Quimby Kipp, Esq., both of this City. No cards.

STICKNEY—WESTON.—At the Church of the Transfiguration, on Monday, Sept. 21, by Rev. C. A. F. Richards, ALBERT STICKNEY to ELIZABETH H., daughter of the late Frederick Weston, Esq.

VALENTINE—BIDWELL.—At Rye, on Thursday, Sept. 17, by Rev. A. B. Bidwell, CHARLES E. VALENTINE, of New-York, to SUSIE M. BIDWELL, of the former place. No cards.

VAN WINKLE—WANDLE.—In Hudson City, N. J., on Thursday, Sept. 24, by Rev. M. E. Ellison, Mr. EDWARD VAN WINKLE, of Bergen, to JENNIE, daughter of Jasper Wandle, Esq.

DIED.

BUCKLIN.—In Brooklyn, at his residence, No. 181 Union-st., on Friday, Sept. 25, THOMAS P. BUCKLIN, Jr.

Funeral services will take place on Monday at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 181 Union-st.

CLARK.—On Sunday, Sept. 20, at her late residence, at Chester, Conn., after a severe and lingering illness, JOHANNA, wife of Capt. Oliver H. Clark, formerly of 125th-st., Harlem.

Her large circle of friends will deeply lament her loss.

DAN.—On Friday, Sept. 25, HARRY RAWORTH, only son of W. H. and Mary Dan, aged 2 months.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

GILLESPIE.—On Thursday, Sept. 24, at Fordham, at the residence of her son-in-law, Oswald Commans, SUSAN, relict of the late Dr. John D. Gillespie, in the 83d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral without further invitation, this day, (Saturday,) the 26th inst., at St. James' Church, Fordham, at 3½ o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot on the arrival of the 2½ o'clock train from 26th-st. and 4th-av.

HALLET.—In this City, on Friday, Sept. 25, suddenly, HENRY S. HALLET.

Notice of funeral will be given hereafter.

MORSE.—At Kissingen, Germany, on Tuesday, Sept. 22, RICHARD C. MORSE, of this City, one of the founders of the New-York *Observer*, in the 74th year of his age.

MULFORD.—At Elizabeth, N. J., on Friday, Sept. 25, after a short illness, FANNIE EASTWICK, wife of Geo. T. Mulford.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MUREN.—On Friday, Sept. 25, WILLIAM HAMILTON, only child of George M. and Marion H. Muren, aged 10 months and 5 days.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

PRINDLE.—At Mendham, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 23, CATHARINE, wife of Asa C. Prindle, and daughter of James McFarlan.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 27, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 154 Livingston-st., Brooklyn.

ROSS.—At Rahway, N. J., on Thursday, Sept. 24, TIMOTHY ROSS, father of the late D. L. Ross, of this City, aged 80 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, in Rahway, on Saturday at 2½ P. M. Train leaves foot of Cortlandt-st. at 1 P. M.

STREET.—On Tuesday, Sept. 22, at the residence of her brother, Dr. W. H. Williams, 3d-av., near 17th-st., South Brooklyn, Mrs. ABIGAIL A. STREET, aged 45 years.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the place of her decease, on Saturday, Sept. 26, at 11 A. M.

SMITH.—On Friday, Sept. 25, at Belleville, N. J., of diphtheria, EMMA LOUISE, aged 6 years, daughter of Robert Smith, (of firm of Stewart & Smith.)

Notice of funeral hereafter.

SETON.—At Rye Beach, N. H., on Thursday, Sept. 24, of typhoid fever, EMILY SETON, eldest daughter of the late Wm. Seton, of Cragdon, Eastchester, N. Y.

Remains will be taken to Emmettsburg, Md.

TUTTLE.—At Jeffersonville, Sullivan County, N. Y., on Thursday, Sept. 24, SIDNEY TUTTLE, in the 82d year of his age.

His remains will be taken to Windham, Greene County, for interment.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAN CONSUMPTION BE CURED?

Is a question which is daily asked by thousands all over the land. I answer, it can. How? is the next interrogation. But before answering this question, let us ask, what is consumption? It is a general wasting of the whole body. Patients having diseased and ulcerating lungs, hectic fever, heavy coughs, especially in the morning, night sweats, constipated bowels, sometimes diarrhoea, a furred tongue, deficient appetite, low spirits, and some others, which need not be referred to. Now, what causes these various symptoms of disease? A defective state of blood, which was induced by the fact that the food which was taken into the stomach was not there prepared so as to fit it for making good, healthy blood. The inner coat of the stomach secretes a fluid—the gastric juice—which, when properly mixed in quantity and quality with food, prevents its undergoing decomposition in the stomach. Every one knows when indigestible food is taken into the stomach that gases pass upward into the mouth, accompanied with acid fluids. Now, the explanation of this is simple: It is because the food has decomposed, just as it would do out of the stomach, if exposed to a heat of nearly 100 degrees Fahrenheit for several hours. Decomposed food acts also upon the inner lining of the stomach, and irritates and inflames it, so that the person has pains and uncomfortable sensations in that region. In consequence of this irritation of the stomach and the absence of properly prepared food from which to make blood, there arise sympathetic irritation and inflammation of other parts of the body and hence we see the lungs affected, the bowels torpid or excessively moved, bronchial tubes inflamed, night sweats, &c. Now, we have shown that these diseases of the parts and organs just named are sympathetic—in a word, that consumption is caused by badly prepared blood, the effect of imperfect nutrition. This impoverished blood will not nourish and give a "supply" to the body which will balance the "waste" which is constantly going on; hence, to treat consumption, we must not doctor the symptoms, we must not stop the night sweats, arrest the cough, or stop the diarrhoea, for they are the avenues by which nature is trying to get rid of diseased matter. These symptoms may be alleviated or arrested temporarily, but not with safety, for they return sooner or later with redoubled energy.

But to treat consumption successfully the great first cause must be reached—Digestion must be improved, the blood must be made richer. To accomplish this the appetite must be improved, while the diseased fluid in the different organs must be removed by some gentle influence. The liver must be induced to act more and secrete a greater amount of bile. What medicine, with good, rich food, will produce this result? I answer that years of experience on thousand of cases has demonstrated that consumption can be cured by the judicious use of the three medicines prepared by me, viz: Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. Their action on the system diseased with consumption is as follows: The Mandrake Pills will unlock the duct of the gall bladder, will increase the action of the liver, and induce a healing secretion of bile; the diseased mucus secretions which lined the mucus coats of the stomach and intestines the whole length of the alimentary canal will be thrown off by their stimulating action, and as a consequence the mucus coat of the stomach is in a better condition to secrete gastric juice; the appetite will now commence to improve, expectoration will be increased, while the expectorated mucus will show less evidence of disease.

The Pulmonic Syrup and Sea-weed Tonic gently stimulate the coating of the stomach, and at the same time unite with food, preventing decomposition before the completion of the digestive process, thus favoring and hastening the digestion, enabling food to be so thoroughly and efficiently prepared that good blood may be extracted from it. The claim is not made that these medicines cure consumption, except in so far as they aid nature, first, to rid herself of poisonous properties in the system; second, to assist her in the preparation of food, so that it will nourish, and not pass out of the bowels, as heretofore, without having its blood material extracted.

One of the most common methods of treating consumption is to send patients on a sea voyage, and in some cases it is successful. But what causes this result? An equal temperature, the general stimulation induced upon the stomach by change of food, upon the mind through the medium of sight and hearing by constant change of scene. In a future letter I will give further instructions in my method of treating consumption.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, No. 15 North 6th-st., Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed.

Dr. Schenck will also be professionally at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, on Tuesday, Sept. 29, and at his rooms, No. 35 Hanover-st., Boston, Wednesday, Sept. 30.

He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer, the price is $5. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of Pulmonic Syrup and Sea-weed Tonic, each $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. A full supply of Dr. Schenck's medicines for sale at all times at his rooms.

Also, by all druggists and dealers.

NEW-ENGLAND CHURCH, (CONGREGATIONAL,) West 41st-st., near 6th-av.—Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT, Pastor. Preaching SABBATH MORNING, at 10½, in the EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Sabbath School in the chapel, at 2½ P. M. Prayer meeting FRIDAY EVENING, at 8.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GAS FIXTURES.

NEW DESIGNS IN GLASS, BRONZE AND ORMULU,
OF
FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUFACTURE.
ALSO,
FRENCH CHINA, GLASSWARE, BRONZES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, FINE PLATED WARE, CUTLERY AND FANCY GOODS.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

"FIVE MINUTES FOR REFRESHMENTS."—Everybody who has traveled by railroad has heard the above announcement, and has probably suffered from eating too hastily, thereby sowing the seeds of Dyspepsia. It is a comfort to know that the PERUVIAN SYRUP will cure the worst cases of Dyspepsia, as thousands are ready to testify.

DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

Cure Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Constipation, with Flatulency, Depression of Spirits, Headache, Languor, and all Weaknesses of the Stomach and Digestive Organs. For sale by druggists generally. S. G. WELLING, Sole Proprietor. Price 50 cents per box.

100,000 BOOKS WANTED.—Books bought. Cheapest bookstore in the world. Immense catalogue No. 19, free; send a stamp. 15,000 Magnificent English Books, at our price. 100,000 Scientific, History, &c., Books, at your price. 250,000 Scrap Prints, &c., at any price. LEGGAT BROTHERS, 113 Nassau, below Beekman.

PERFUME YOUR APARTMENTS AND polish your furniture by one process; use RUPERT'S CROWN AROMATIC FURNITURE POLISH. For sale by druggists, grocers and furniture stores throughout the world; 50 cents per bottle. Depot No. 294 Pearl-st., New-York.

OILED FURNITURE LOOKS LIKE new after one application of RUPERT'S CROWN AROMATIC FURNITURE POLISH; the perfume is exquisite; 50 cents per bottle. Depot No. 294 Pearl-st., New-York.

"BRILLIANCY AND FRAGRANCE unequalled" attained by using RUPERT'S CROWN AROMATIC FURNITURE POLISH. For sale everywhere; 50 cents per bottle. Depot No. 294 Pearl-st., New-York.

AWAY WITH BAD SMELLS.—PHŒNIX DISINFECTANT, the best and cheapest deodorizer, meets all the chief recommendations of the Metropolitan Board of Health. First premium awarded by American Institute 1867. Agency, No. 24 Dey-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Europe will be dispatched from this office on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, closing at 12 o'clock M., and at Stations A and B, 11:45; C, O and D, 11.25; E and F, 11:10, and G at 11 o'clock A. M.

Also, on WEDNESDAY notice of the hour of closing which will be posted at the general office, and the stations on TUESDAY, P. M.

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOK-STORE, cor. of 23d-st. and Broadway, and get a box of beautiful French Note Paper. Five quires for $1, stamped.

DR. KIMBELL, AT NO. 58 BOWERY, cured for me, more than five years ago, a very bad ulcerated toe. W. H. UPSON, No. 126 Bowery.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

HANDY VOLUME SERIES.

TWO NEW VOLUMES.

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THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL FOR October contains Charles Darwin, John Laird, Mrs. Eliza Potter, [illegible]; The Turkoman Tribes; [illegible] Who are Yankees? American Dress, by Jennie June; Drink; Use of Disease; [illegible] Self-Culture, by Greeley; What is Genius? [illegible] Terms, 30 cents, or $3 a year. [illegible] Address S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

P. S.—Portraits, characters and biographies of Grant, Colfax, Seymour and Blair, in September No.

POLITICAL.

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THE IRISH REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN CLUB OF NEW-YORK will hold a
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On WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 30, at 8 o'clock, which will be addressed by that GALLANT DEFENDER OF THE IRISH RACE, Senator JOHN CONNESS, and the following eminent speakers: Gen. JAMES L. KIERNAN, Col. JAS. O'CONNOR, (Iowa,) [illegible], Hon. D. A. LYNCH, Att.-Gen. La., DANIEL E. LEDDY, Esq., Capt. PATRICK H. JONES, Hon. PATRICK CORBETT, Capt. W. H. GRACE.

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UNION REPUBLICAN GENERAL COMMITTEE.—At a regular meeting of the Committee, held Sept. 24, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATIONS hold primary elections at their usual places of meeting on TUESDAY, Sept. 29, and by ballot five delegates to a COUNTY CONVENTION, five delegates to a JUDICIARY CONVENTION, five delegates to a CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION, and as many delegates to an ASSEMBLY CONVENTION as [illegible].

The COUNTY CONVENTION shall meet at Headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 5, at 7½ o'clock.

The JUDICIARY CONVENTION shall meet at Headquarters, 23d-st. and Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 7, at 7½ o'clock.

The CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTIONS shall meet on FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 2, at 7½ o'clock, as follows: [illegible] District, at No. 163 Hudson-st. Fifth District, at Rank's Hotel, No. 274 Grand-st. Sixth District, at Bleecker Building. Seventh District, at Bowery Hotel. Eighth District, at [illegible]. Ninth District, at No. 229 3d-av.

The ASSEMBLY CONVENTIONS in each Assembly District will meet at their usual places of meeting on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 12, at 7½ o'clock.

The Presidents of each Association, or, in his absence, the proper officer thereof, shall appoint three tellers, who, with himself, shall receive and count the votes, and report the same to the Association, and, in [illegible] with the Recording Secretary of the Association, shall sign the credentials of the delegates elected.

Notice of the time and place of holding said Primary Elections shall be published in the *Tribune*, *Times*, *Sun*, *Post* and *Commercial Advertiser*, *Post* and *Herald*. The polls shall be kept open from 7 to 9 o'clock.

THOMAS MURPHY, Chairman.
A. J. PLUMB, MICHAEL HALLAHAN, Secretaries.

NOTICE TO CLUBS.

Lanterns, torches, caps, capes, flags, badges, medals, &c., &c., can be procured at lowest prices at [illegible] Headquarters, No. 98 Spring-st., under St. Nicholas Hotel. [illegible]

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Sealed proposals, addressed to William H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon MONDAY, Oct. 5, 1868, for the sale of $125,000 of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned, Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of mortgage, dated April 1, 1863.

The bids will be opened at the office of the Company, in Boston, on TUESDAY MORNING, Oct. 6, and the accepted bids will then be declared.

WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER, } Trustees.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1868.

NATIONAL MECHANICS & FARMERS' BANK OF ALBANY.

Notice is hereby given that a vote of the shareholders owning two-thirds of the stock of this Association to go into liquidation and be closed, has been taken, and that this Association is closing up its affairs accordingly. And the holders of the notes of this Association and other creditors thereof are hereby notified to present said notes and other claims against this Association for payment at the banking house of said Association in the City of Albany.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DUDLEY OLCOTT, Cashier.

Dated ALBANY, Aug. 4, 1868.

This Bank will be reorganized as a State institution, and will continue business as usual.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 227 SOUTH 4TH-ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, MAY 27, 1868.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF BONDS of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, due April 1, 1870:

The Company offer to exchange any of these bonds of $1,000 each at any time before the 1st day of October next at par for a new mortgage bond of equal amount bearing 7 per cent. interest, clear of United States and State taxes, having 25 years to run.

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OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK, PROVIDENCE AND BOSTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
STONINGTON, Conn., Sept. 4, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS Company are hereby notified that their annual meeting for an election of directors for the ensuing year, and also for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the Company's office, in the City of Providence, State of Rhode Island, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of September, instant, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The poll will be open from 10½ to 11 o'clock A. M. Transfer books will be closed from the 19th to the 30th inst.

F. B. NOYES, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Written offers may be made to the undersigned, at his office, No. 12 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, until 12 o'clock noon the 29th day of September, 1868, for the purchase by him of the above-described bonds, by the application of the Sinking Fund set apart by the said Company for that purpose, and now amounting to $25,000.

S. J. TILDEN, Trustee.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S GREEN BAY EXTENSION BONDS.—Written offers may be made to the undersigned, at his office, No. 12 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, until 12 o'clock noon the 29th day of September, 1868, for the purchase by him of the above described bonds, by the application of the Sinking Fund set apart by the said Company for that purpose, and now amounting to $3,000.

S. J. TILDEN, Trustee.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 16, 1868.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF THE Legislature of the State of Tennessee, approved Sept. 4, 1868, providing for the renewal of its matured bonds, notice is hereby given to the holders of such bonds that the same can be exchanged at the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, for Coupon Bonds due Jan. 1, 1900.

G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 16, 1868.

THE INTEREST ON THE BONDS OF the State of Tennessee, due July 1, will be paid on presentation of the coupons at the Fourth National Bank, on and after MONDAY, Oct. 5.

G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller.

The attention of parties interested is called to the above notice of the Comptroller of the State of Tennessee.

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GENERAL OFFICES ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Aug. 19, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Erie Railway Company, for the election of seventeen Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the offices of this Company on the 13th day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M. The polls will be open at 11 o'clock A. M., and close at 2 o'clock P. M. on that day. The transfer books, closed this day, will be opened on the 14th day of October, 1868.

By order.
H. N. OTIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF WALLKILL LEAD COMPANY,
No. 10 BROADWAY.

SHAREHOLDERS OF THIS COMPANY are requested to call at the office, as above, for information concerning their property.

SAMUEL M. FOND, Secretary.

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of the
SOUTHSIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.

These Bonds are for only fifty ₽ cent of the cost of the Road, which is equipped in every way first-class, and running from South 7th-st., Williamsburg, to Islip.

The road is now doing a good business, and the receipts are much larger than the most sanguine anticipated.

For further particulars inquire of
KETCHAM & CLARK, BANKERS,
NO. 68 WALL-ST.

HEDDEN, WINCHESTER & CO.,
No. 4 Wall-st.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.

☞ STOCKS, BONDS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD on commission. Interest allowed on balances.

FOR SALE.

ROCHESTER CITY SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE WATERWORKS COMPANY SINKING-FUND BONDS, DUE 1887, INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY AND JULY, BEING A FIRST-CLASS SECURITY AT A REDUCTION BELOW PAR, AND PAYING A LARGE RATE OF INTEREST ON THE INVESTMENT. A LIMITED AMOUNT FOR SALE BY

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH IN CHINA.

THE EAST INDIA TELEGRAPH COMPANY'S Office, Nos. 23 and 25 Nassau-st.; organized under special charter from the State of New-York.

CAPITAL, $5,000,000.
50,000 SHARES, $100 EACH.

DIRECTORS:
Hon. ANDREW G. CURTIN, Philadelphia;
PAUL S. FORBES, of Russell & Co., China;
FRED. BUTTERFIELD, of F. Butterfield & Co., New-York;
ISAAC LIVERMORE, Treas. Mich. Cen. R. R., Boston.
ALEXANDER HOLLAND, Treas. Amer. Ex. Co., New-York;
Hon. JAMES NOXON, Syracuse, N. Y.;
O. H. PALMER, Treas. West. U. Tel. Co., New-York;
FLETCHER WESTRAY, of Westray, Gibbs & Hardcastle, New-York;
NICHOLAS MICKLES, New-York.

OFFICERS;
A. G. CURTIN, President.
N. MICKLES, Vice-President.
GEORGE CONANT, Secretary.
GEORGE ELLIS, Treasurer.
Hon. A. K. McCLURE, Philadelphia, Solicitor.

The Chinese Government having (through Hon. Anson Burlingame, while U. S. Minister) conceded to this Company the privilege of connecting the great seaports of the Empire by submarine cables, we propose commencing operations in China, and laying down a line of 800 miles between the following ports, viz.:

Canton, population 1,000,000; Macao, 60,000; Hong Kong, 250,000; Swatow, 200,000; Amoy, 250,000; Foo-chow, 1,250,000; Wan-chu, 300,000; Ningpo, 400,000; Hangchean, 1,200,000; Shanghae, 1,000,000; Total, 5,910,000.

These ports have a foreign commerce of $900,000,000, and an enormous domestic trade, beside which, we have the immense internal commerce of the Empire, radiating from these points, through its canals and navigable rivers.

The cable being laid, this Company propose erecting land lines, and establishing a speedy and trustworthy means of communication, which must command there, as everywhere else, the communications of the Government, of business, and of social life, especially in China. She has no postal system, and her only means now of communicating information is by couriers on land and by steamers on water.

No enterprise commends itself as in a greater degree remunerative to capitalists and to our whole people. It is of vast national importance commercially, politically and evangelically.

Shares of this Company, to a limited number, may be obtained at $50 each, $10 payable down, $15 on the 1st of November, and $25 payable in monthly installments of $2 50 each, commencing Dec. 1, 1868, on application to Messrs. DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO., Bankers, No. 18 Wall-st., New-York.

Messrs. BOOKSTAVER, THAYER & SLOSSON, No. 10 Wall-st., New-York.
THE NATIONAL BANK COMMONWEALTH, New-York.
SPENCER VILA & CO., No. 13 Congress-st., Boston.
DREXEL & CO., Philadelphia.
J. L. BROWNELL & BRO., New-York.
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C.
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Washington, D. C.
MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, Syracuse, N. Y.
W. R. HIGBY, Pequonnock National Bank, Bridgeport, Conn.
H. H. ORMSBEE, Manufacturers' Insurance Company, Providence, R. I.
DONAHUE, KELLEY & CO., San Francisco, Cal.
W. H. MORSE, American Express Company, Schenectady, N. Y.
G. F. DAVIS, City National Bank, Hartford, Conn.

And at the office of the Company. Pamphlets and circulars, with full particulars, to be had of all agents.

BONDS OF THE
CITY OF EVANSVILLE, INDIANA,
issued on account of Stock subscription in the Evansville, Henderson and Nashville Railroad Company
Payable May 1, 1888.

Interest at the rate of seven per cent, payable May 1 and Nov. 1, at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

The undersigned is authorized to sell $85,000 of the above described bonds. An exhibit of the financial condition of the city will be furnished on application.

R. G. ROLSTON, President,
No. 26 Exchange-place.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
No. 17 NASSAU-ST.

Bills of exchange bought and sold. Drafts for £2 and upwards issued on Scotland and Ireland payable on demand. Drafts granted on and bills collected in the Dominion of Canada, British Columbia and San Francisco.

WALTER WATSON,
CLARENCE M. MYLREA, } Agents.
ARCHD. McKINLAY.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York.

Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c.

Also, commercial credits.

MARIPOSA CERTIFICATES.—THE books for transfer of Mariposa Certificates will be closed on Oct. 1 until further notice. Parties desiring to convert Mariposa Securities into Certificates Secured under the trust, will please make application prior to that date.

MARK BRUMAGIN,
JOHN A. STEWART. } Trustees.

No. 34 WALL-ST., Sept. 16, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R. CO.,
No. 12 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Aug. 1, 1868.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD first Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot, 21 Bonds, numbered as follows: 486, 143, 188, 237, 336, 189, 100, 248, 391, 225, 296, 400, 25, 466, 588, 440, 450, 382, 538, 43, and 185, of one thousand dollars each, for redemption. According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease Nov. 1, 1868. The undersigned are ready to pay them with interest so far as accrued on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.,
L. H. MEYER, No. 21 Nassau-st.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 7, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE bond and stockholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 353 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio, on THURSDAY, Oct. 8, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. The transfer-books will be closed from 2 o'clock P. M., on the 19th day of September, until 10 o'clock A. M. on the 12th day of October.

E. D. HAMMOND, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON AND NEW-YORK RAILROAD COMPANY,
SYRACUSE, Sept. 11, 1868.

THE INTEREST DUE OCT. 1, 1868, ON the bonds of the Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad Company, will be paid, at maturity, at the Continental National Bank, in the City of New-York, on presentation of the coupons.

O. WELCH, Secretary.

THE COUPONS OF THE BONDS OF THE Portland Water Company, maturing the 1st of October, s. e., will be paid on presentation at our office in gold.

L. VON HOFFMANN & CO.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1868.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,
REMOVED TO
NOS. 16 AND 18 NASSAU-ST.
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1868—3 P. M.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered, 1881..	112¾	113¼	5-20 Coupon, '67..	108⅜	108⅝
Coupon, 1881	114	114¼	5-20 Coupon, '68..	109	109⅜
5-20 Reg., '62..	108¾	109	10-40 Registered..	104	
5-20 Coupon, '62.	113¾	114	10-40 Coupon....	104⅝	104⅞
5-20 Coupon, '64.	109¾	109⅞	Gold..........	142	142⅜
5-20 Coupon, '65.	110⅝	110¾	U. S. Cur. Pac..	100	100⅝
Jan. & July....	108⅜	108⅝			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY,
CAPITAL, $5,000,000.

President—ARTHUR F. WILLMARTH.
Vice-President—WILLIAM H. GUION.
Treasurer—RICHARD J. THORNE.
Secretary—C. A. HARPER.
Counsel—VOSE & McDANIEL.

TRUSTEES.
ARTHUR F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President Home Insurance Company, New-York.
RICHARD J. THORNE, President New-York Equitable Insurance Company, New-York.
Hon. HENRY HOGEBOOM, Supreme Court, Hudson, N. Y.
Hon. WILLIAM D. SNOW, New-York.
SAMUEL U. F. ODELL, Barclay & Livingston, N. Y.
Hon. HENRY A. SMYTHE, Collector of Customs of the Port of New-York.
H. F. SPAULDING, Spaulding, Hunt & Co., N. Y.
CHAS. M. CONNOLLY, Chas. M. Connolly & Co., N. Y.
JOHN H. MORTIMER, Mortimer & Debost, N. Y.
WM. H. GUION, Williams & Guion, N. Y.
RUFUS R. GRAVES, R. R. Graves & Co., N. Y.
ELISHA BROOKS, Brooks Brothers, N. Y.
JOHN S. LYLE, Lord & Taylor, N. Y.
ALFRED NELSON, William & Alfred Nelson, N. Y.
WM. F. DRAKE, Drake Bros., Bankers, N. Y.
JOHN W. MASURY, Masury & Whiton, N. Y.
HENRY M. TABER, C. C. & H. M. Taber, N. Y.
NORMAN S. BENTLEY, No. 75 Front-st., New-York.
EDWARD BURCKHARD, with Christ, Jay & Co., N. Y.
A. CHAPIN, Springfield, Mass.
CHARLES T. SHEPARD, President Board of Trade, Albany, N. Y.
Hon. ALLEN MUNROE, President National Bank, Syracuse, N. Y.
Hon. GEORGE W. CUYLER, President National Bank, Palmyra, N. Y.
JAMES N. MATTHEWS, Editor and Proprietor *Commercial Advertiser*, Buffalo, N. Y.
N. C. SIMONS, Simons & Crissey, Buffalo, N. Y.
HORACE S. WALBRIDGE, President Board of Trade, Toledo, Ohio.
T. J. S. FLINT, Flint & Co., New-York, and Flint, Thompson & Co., Chicago, Ill.
Hon. T. T. FLAGLER, President Niagara County National Bank, Lockport, N. Y.
EMERY WENDELL, Cashier First National Bank, Detroit, Mich.
Hon. O. NOBLE, President Keystone National Bank, Erie, Penn.
H. M. FLAGLER, Rockfeller, Andrews & Flagler, Cleveland, Ohio.
WM BLAIR, Wm. Blair & Co., Chicago, Ill.
ANGUS SMITH, Milwaukee, Wis.
E. D. HUDSON, Detroit, Mich.

We are authorized to sell the residue of the stock of this Company.

The lines will be completed to Chicago by the 1st of October.

Now in connection with all the Eastern States, and will, shortly, be in connection with all the commercial centres of the country with no unprofitable branches.

A paying business already secured, and the proceeds of the remaining stock are to be expended in further extensions of the lines, and additional wires to meet the demands of business. This stock is offered on liberal terms.

HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st.

STATE DEBT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, Sept. 22, 1868.

To Holders of North Carolina Bonds:

The State of North Carolina will resume regular payment of interest on her debt on 1st of October, 1868.

Holders may receive payment of their interest falling due on that date at the office of Messrs. SOULTER & CO., No. 53 William-st., New-York, Financial Agents of the State, or at this office.

The interest authorized to be paid is as follows:

(1.) Interest due Oct. 1, 1868, and afterward, on bonds dated prior to May 20, 1861.

(2.) Interest due Oct. 1, 1868, and afterward, on bonds dated since May 20, 1865, whether issued under authority of the late provisional or present permanent government.

PAST-DUE BONDS AND INTEREST.

Interest becoming due on 1st of July, 1868, and prior to that date, on bonds dated before May 20, 1861, and since May 20, 1865, will not be paid in money, but will be funded into new six per cent. coupon bonds, dated Oct. 1, 1868, and running thirty years, either at this office or at the office of Messrs. Soutter & Co., in New-York.

Mutilated or scratched bonds may be exchanged for any of the aforesaid Oct. 1, 1868, bonds; but this does not apply to those coupon bonds which have been registered on the books of the Treasury Department, duly witnessed by the Public Treasurer, unless regularly transferred to bearer or to the holder.

Past due bonds, with interest until Oct. 1, 1868, may be exchanged for new bonds of the same (Oct. 1, 1868) date.

Certificates for balances due holders on such exchanges will be given, exchangeable for bonds as aforesaid.

The privileges of the exchanges above mentioned will expire on 1st October, 1869.

D. A. JENKINS, Public Treasurer.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
No. 18 Wall-st.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c., bought and sold on commission.

ADVANCES made on approved collaterals.

OFFICE OF THE DUFFUS OIL REFINING CO.,
No. 77 Liberty-st., New-York.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE DUFFUS OIL REFINING COMPANY are hereby notified that their annual meeting for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and also for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, at which meeting a proposition will be submitted to sell or lease the property of the Company. The poll will be open from 12½ to 2 o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed from date to the 7th day of October next.

V. W. FOSTER, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1868.

COLUMBUS, CHICAGO AND INDIANA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 57 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1868.

THE INTEREST COUPONS FROM THE First Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company, due Oct. 1; also the Interest Coupons from the Consolidated First Mortgage Bonds of the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railway Company, due Oct. 1, will be paid on and after this date, less Government tax, upon presentation at this office.

B. E. SMITH, President.

BANKING HOUSE OF SOUTTER & CO.,
NO. 53 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE eight per cent. bonds of the Piedmont Railroad Company, of Virginia, falling due Oct. 1, 1868, will be paid at this office.

SOUTTER & CO.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. J., BONDS.—FOR sale on favorable terms, Elizabeth City seven per cent. six-year Street Improvement bonds, issued by authority of State law, in anticipation of collection of assessments; Coupon bonds, interest payable at the "Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New-York, semi-annually, by A. G. CRANE & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 21 Wall-st., New-York.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 283 Bowery, near Houston-st.

Six per cent. interest (free from tax) allowed on all sums of from $5 to $10,000. Money deposited on or before Oct. 1, will draw interest from that date.

GERMAN SPOKEN. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS and WEDNESDAYS from 10 to 7.

ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham-square, New-York.

DEPOSITS MADE NOW DRAW INTEREST FROM OCT. 1.

Six per cent. interest, free from tax, allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

HARRISON HALL, President.
C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of six per cent. on all sums from $1 to $5,000, free from Government tax. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 58 Bowery, southwest corner of Canal-st.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL SUMS from FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Money deposited now will draw interest from Oct. 1. Bank open every day from 10 to 3, and also in the evenings of MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY from 5 to 7. Bank books in English, German and French.

GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK
Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Interest, 6 per cent. on all sums from $1 to $5,000. Open daily from 10 to 3, and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK, NOS. 1 and 3 3d-av., opposite Cooper Institute.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST (free from Government tax) paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000.

INTEREST COMMENCES OCT. 1 on deposits made now, payable in January.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest, free of tax, paid on all sums, from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Oct. 1, will draw interest from October 1.

R. H. BULL, President.
J. H. WYCKOFF, Sec. J. R. KEELER, Vice-Pres.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON $5 TO $5,000 PAID BY THE UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight. Open daily from 10 to 3. Deposits now draw interest from Oct. 1. Books in English, French and German. Assets, $5,450,-231 34.

JOHN McLEAN, President.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, CORNER of 8th-av. and 42d-st. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Mondays and Saturdays to 8 P. M. INTEREST, SIX PER CENT. NO TAX. All deposits made from this date, to and including Oct. 20, draw interest from Oct. 1.

SAMUEL NEWBY, President.
JAS. F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

ALL DEPOSITS FROM $1 TO $5,000 received and SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID, commencing Oct. 1.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 26th-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a copartnership at the City of New-York, for the purpose of conducting a general Banking and Commission business.

SOUTER & CO., No. 53 William-st., New-York.
SAMUEL B. KEYS & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE,

CLASSICAL, COMMERCIAL, ENGLISH AND FRENCH, PREPARATORY AND POST-GRADUATE DEPARTMENTS.

NO. 40 SOUTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE,
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal.

Progress (of pupils of all ages preparing for business or college) rapid, and terms reasonable. Little boys are watched over with special kindness and care. Messrs. A. R. Wetmore, Robert Bonner, John Hillhouse, W. T. Runk, Charles Bliven, Hon. F. A. Conkling, are patrons, with 150 other well-known citizens, whose names, with those of their sons, are in the Catalogue, to be had at the Institute, now open for inspection and the reception of pupils.

MT. PLEASANT MILITARY ACADEMY,
A SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
AT SING SING, ON THE HUDSON.

The course of instruction embraces the following departments: CLASSICAL, MODERN LANGUAGES, ELEMENTARY, MATHEMATICAL, ENGLISH STUDIES AND NATURAL SCIENCE. Classes are also formed in MUSIC, DRAWING, FENCING and ELOCUTION. Lectures upon NATURAL HISTORY, CHEMISTRY, ANATOMY and PHYSIOLOGY. A THOROUGHLY ORGANIZED MILITARY DEPARTMENT, RIDING SCHOOL, WITH WELL-TRAINED HORSES, GYMNASIUM, &c. Will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 15.

BENJAMIN, GILMAN & ALLEN, Principals.

ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL,
A DEPARTMENT OF
PACKARD'S NEW-YORK BUSINESS COLLEGE,
WILL BEGIN ON MONDAY, SEPT. 14,
AT HIS SPLENDID ROOMS,
NOS. 161 5TH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY.

The course of study is thorough and exhaustive; the training is logical and practical. There are different departments, corresponding to the ages and advancement of the pupils.

The object-method of instruction will be pursued in the elementary year. We fit young men for the second year of college.

Send for a circular. S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

MISS HAINES
AND
MADEMOISELLE de JANON

Respectfully inform their friends and the public that they will reopen their Boarding and Day School, at Nos. 9 and 10 Gramercy Park, East 20th-st., Sept. 24.

Applications for the admission of pupils to be made either personally or by letter to No. 10 Gramercy Park.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., New-York, will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 24. For full information see circular. Address as above.

MRS. MACAULAY'S

English and French Boarding and Day School, Nos. 251 and 253 Madison-av., will reopen Monday, Sept. 21. Letters addressed as above will receive immediate attention. Mrs. M. will be in town from Sept. 8.

MISS A. VAN WAGENEN,

No. 13 East 49th-st.,

Will reopen her Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, on TUESDAY, Sept. 22. Applications for pupils may be made at the above address, during the vacation, either personally or by letter.

THE MISSES HOPKINS'

English and French School for young ladies, NO. 165 WEST 45TH-ST., a few doors east of Broadway, will reopen Sept. 22. The number of Teachers has been increased, and the Classes will be conducted on the same plan of *Individual* Instruction which has hitherto characterized the school.

MISS OLSSEN'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, NO. 278 4TH-AV., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

French and English Boarding and Day School, at No. 1?1 East 38th-st., corner of Park-av., will be reopened WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Mrs. REED will be at home after Sept. 8. Circulars sent on request.

MR. CORNWALL'S

ENGLISH, CLASSICAL AND FRENCH SCHOOL, No. 1,329 Broadway, corner of 37th-st., Will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 21.

WM. MASON & THEODORE THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

No. 129 Fifth-avenue, near 20th-st., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 14. Classes now forming. Circulars forwarded. Office hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—French Classes are now to commence, under the direction of Th. DELOUSST. For ladies: MONDAYS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and FRIDAYS, from 2 to 4 P. M. For gentlemen, the same days, in the evening. Apply at the desk, Clinton Hall, Astor-place. For private lessons, to the teacher, No. 152 East 22d-st.

MR. DUANE S. EVERSON, FOR FOUR years classical tutor in Columbia College, will reopen Sept. 16, at No. 1,182 Broadway, near 28th-st., the Select English Classical and Mathematical School for Boys, lately under the charge of Mr. R. P. Jenks. Numbers limited. For circulars apply at the school or at Randolph's, Sheldon's, Lockwood's or Hastie's bookstores.

MISS REYNS' BOARDING AND DAY School for young ladies, No. 238 East 13th-st., will reopen on the 21st of September. English, French and German in the regular course. Special attention to music and needlework. Miss Reyns will be at home from the 7th inst., except on Saturdays.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE.—BOARDING School for boys. Location of unequaled beauty and healthfulness. Thorough preparation for College, business, or professional schools. Instructors able and experienced. Discipline strict and efficient. For circulars address HENRY W. SIGLAR, A. M., Seminary-place, Newburgh, N. Y.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their Day School for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on MONDAY, Sept. 21. Circulars can be obtained at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway, and Christern's, No. 863 Broadway, and Miss W. can be seen at her residence after Sept. 15.

FEMALE INSTITUTE—BEDFORD, WESTchester Co., N. Y.—A Family Boarding School for girls, in charge of Mr. and Mrs. R. BOLTON, will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Terms, $250 per year. Circulars obtained of J. Mr. J. Bates, No. 155 Broadway, or address Principals.

FRANCO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR Young Gentlemen, 37 West 33d-st.—E. FEZANDIE, Director.—Day and boarding pupils; modern languages, classical, scientific, commercial and primary departments; preparation to College, West Point, Navy and Mining schools. Reopening on Sept. 15.

MME. VALENCIA'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, 124th-st., second brown-stone house east of 3d-av., will reopen Sept. 16. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway, and Chas. L. Jones', No. 843 Broadway, or by letter addressed as above.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 25 East 21st-st., reopened MONDAY Sept. 21. All letters or applications will be attended to at the above address.

THE PROTESTANT FRENCH SCHOOL for Young Ladies, No. 13 Livingston-place, Stuyvesant-square, will be reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 17. Circulars can be found at the above address and at Mr. Christern's, No. 863 Broadway.

Mesdames FORNACHON, Principals.

JOHN MAC MULLEN'S SCHOOL, NO. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will open on MONDAY, Sept. 14. Circulars at the bookstore of Mitchell & Seixas, No. 21 Broadway. Four pupils received into the family of the Principal at Washington Heights, twenty minutes by rail from the City. Terms $600.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S BOARDING-SCHOOL for young ladies, New-Brunswick, N. J., will reopen Sept. 23. The members of this institution receive the personal attention of the Principals. Special provision is made for the practical acquisition of the French language.

MISS WALSH'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH School for young ladies, No. 32 East 28th-st., will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 21. Four young ladies received as members of the family circle, in which French and Italian are spoken.

MOHEGAN LAKE SCHOOL — NEAR Peekskill, N. Y., reopens Sept. 15. Principal, CHARLES D. MORRIS, M. A., late Fellow of Oriel, Oxford. Unsurpassed advantages for the healthy education of boys.

OAK GROVE SEMINARY, NOW LINDEN Hill, at Orange, N. J., near St. Mark's Church, will commence its tenth school year Sept. 12. Grounds spacious and high. Boys enjoy home comforts with rare advantages. Number limited to 12. No day scholars. Address PRINCIPAL, Post box No. 152, Orange, N. J.

A GERMAN LADY, WRITING AND speaking fluently the French, English, and German languages, has some time to spare in which to give lessons. Address Miss MARGARETH WEPPNER, No. 238 East 13th-st.

LESPINASSE'S FRENCH BOARDING SCHOOL, Fort Washington. French, language of the school. Graduating courses for business, modern languages, mathematics, &c. Circulars—Broadway, No. 183, Milhau; No. 701, Schirmer; No. 913, Leroy.

J. HARRIS PATTON'S CLASSES, DEsigned for pupils preparing for college, will reopen Sept. 21, at No. 1,188 Broadway. Four of the senior pupils entered college last year—three Columbia, one Princeton.

MISS ILIONE HOWLAND BEGS TO inform her friends and patrons that circumstances compel her to defer until OCT. 1 the reopening of her school for children.

Apply at No. 22 East 35th-st.

HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding and day school for young ladies and children, combining thorough and systematic education, with home care and training. Reopens Sept. 9. For circulars, address Miss M. METCALF, Principal.

MRS. PARKS AND MRS. BENEDICT'S boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 135 Madison-av., corner 32d-st., will reopen Sept. 24. Applications may be made, personally or by letter.

MISS WARREN'S PRIMARY SCHOOL for Boys opens MONDAY, Sept. 21, in Trenor's Lyric Hall, No. 723 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts. French and English taught.

G. ECKHARDT, TEACHER OF THE German language, No. 93 6th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A.—Persons desirous of acquiring this language are requested to address as above.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—PRIVATE LESSONS by a native Frenchman; best references. Address in writing Prof. BEAUGEZ, care of Prof. E. Charlier, No. 48 East 24th-st.

MISS STILLMAN'S SEMINARY, 1,533 Fulton-av., near Bedford-av., Brooklyn. This boarding and day school for young ladies will reopen Sept. 16. Place unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness.

MISS AIKEN'S SEMINARY, STAMFORD, Conn., will open Oct. 1. For circulars, apply to D. Appleton & Co., New-York, or B. Williams, Stamford, Conn.

MISS MEEKER'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 32 West 46th-st., will reopen on Tuesday, Sept. 22. Miss Meeker will be at home after Sept. 8.

MILITARY, CLASSICAL AND COMMERCial Academy, Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y.

C. RUTHERFORD. A. M., Principal.

THE MISS MARSHALL'S SCHOOL FOR young ladies and children, No. 259 West 38th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 14.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, AT NO. 186 Henry-st., Brooklyn; Fall term begins Sept. 16. Address Mrs. B. B. NEWTON.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE,
NOS. 48, 50 AND 52 EAST 24TH-ST.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL. Fourteenth year. Will open on MONDAY, Sept. 21. Pupils prepared for West Point, Naval Academy, college and business. Complete instruction in English studies, German, Spanish and French, which is the language of the school at large. Primary department for young boys, gymnasium, &c. See prospectus for all details and names of pupils, over two hundred.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

INSTITUTION FOR YOUNG LADIES;
NO. 149 MADISON-AV., COR. 32D-ST., NEW-YORK.

MR. AND MRS. ELISEE CHARLIER'S PROTESTANT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL will open Sept. 21. Thorough instruction in English and French. Mr. and Mrs. C. are French, have taught thirteen years in this country, and wish to establish a *substantial*, not a fashionable, school. Circulars at Lockwood's, 411 Broadway; Christern's, 863 Broadway, and at the school.

GARDNER INSTITUTE—ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 34 West 32d-st., New-York, re-opens Sept. 22. Prof. W. F. de Haas will teach the classes in object drawing and painting.

Rev. and Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MR. WILKINSON'S SCHOOL,

At Tarrytown, on the Hudson. This school, just reopened (Sept. 24) for its third year, has still four vacancies to fill. Mr. Wilkinson has declined applications more than sufficient in number to fill them, in the fixed purpose of receiving only such pupils as will contribute to maintain a generous moral and intellectual spirit in the school. Each boarder may occupy a room, every way comfortable and pleasant, by himself. For the character of the teaching, and for the character of the pupils, as well, reference is invited to the following gentlemen, all present patrons of the school:

Hon. WM. E. DODGE,
Hon. WM. KELLY, Rhinebeck.
Mr. L. ROBERTS, No. 17 Sand-st.
Mr. A. S. HATCH, (Fisk & Hatch.)
Mr. L. E. CHITTENDEN, No. 508 Broadway.
Mr. JAMES O. SHELDON, Geneva, N. Y.

MLLE. ROSTAN'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 111 EAST 36TH-ST., first house below Park-av., Will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 22. The course of instruction is designed to combine a thorough English education with the practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages.

Special attention is also given to drawing and painting, and the Musical Department, under the care of Profs. S. B. MILLS and F. L. RITTER, offers peculiar advantages to those who wish to make music a special study.

A limited number of young ladies will be received in the family and welcomed to share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home. Application can be made at the above address.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st., and
No. 820 Broadway, New-York;
Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Court-st., cor. of State, Brooklyn,
WILL REOPEN TUESDAY, SEPT. 1, 1868.
SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

Every branch of music taught, privately or in classes, by the most competent masters, at moderate prices.

Instruction also in the modern languages.

Circulars at the music-stores of Wm. A. Pond & Co., G. Schirmer, Ditson & Co., S. T. Gordon, Jordens & Martens, Dachauer & Villanova, and at the Conservatory.

MRS. LEVERETT'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 32 West 18th-st.,

Will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Applications may be made to Mrs. L., personally or by letter, at the above address.

MRS. GRUGAN,

Successor to Mrs. J. W. Bligh, begs to announce that her School for Young Ladies, conducted on the same system which was so successful under her predecessor, will open at No. 50 West 17th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 21.

Applications for circulars or admission of pupils, can be made at the above address, either personally or by letter.

THE GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

Nos. 367, 369, 371 West 28d-st.

A DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL for both sexes, With GYMNASIUM, DANCING HALL and KINDERGARTEN, reopens TUESDAY, SEPT. 8.

H. GERCKE, R. F. HEUMANN, E. KOESSLY.

MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 17 West 38th-st., New-York, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 28. Applications for circulars or admission of pupils can be made by letter as above. Mrs. Hoffman will return to the City on Sept. 20.

MISS HAVENS

Will reopen her French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, at No. 250 Madison-av., (Murray Hill,) Sept. 17. Applications addressed as above will receive her prompt attention.

MRS. WILLIAMES'

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 26 West 39th-st., will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 24. Letters addressed as above.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE.

NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.

The Fall term will commence Sept. 17. Charges reduced to $360 per annum for board and English tuition. Address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, President.

DE CRAUZAT FRENCH INSTITUTE.

Fourth year, for young gentlemen, No. 324 4th-av., reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 15. French is the language of the school. The prospectus contains the names of the pupils. There is a primary department. E. DE CRAUZAT has been a teacher at Mr. Charlier's institute for seven consecutive years.

FRENCH SCHOOL.

Prof. LOUIS LANGUELLIER has resumed his course of lessons in French language and literature, at his residence, No. 113 Bleecker-st., and has charge of the French Department in Mr. Cornwall's French and English Classical Institute for boys, No. 1,329 Broadway, corner of 37th-st.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS

DANBURY, CONN.
F. J. JACKSON, Principal.

AN ENGLISH LADY, HIGHLY EDUCATED, having a few hours to spare, is willing to devote them to instructing ladies whose education has been neglected, in general knowledge, music, reading and elocution; also deportment and calisthenics; guarantees to make the most awkward lady elegant and conversable in a short time; will also read with young ladies who have finished school, or will read to aged people. Terms $2 an hour, either at their own or her private residence. Address, in confidence, E. M., Box No. 6,810 New-York Post Office.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, NO. 101 (old No. 69) West 14th-st., corner of 6th-av.—Rev. HENRY B CHAPIN, Ph. D., Rector (successor to GEO. P. QUACKENBOS, LL. D.) The forty-ninth annual session commences on MONDAY, Sept. 14, 1868. Boys fitted for college or for business. Circulars at Clark & Maynard's, No. 5 Barclay-st.; Carter & Bros., No. 530 Broadway, and at the School.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.—THIS INstitution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation.

Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of a corps of more than twenty professors and teachers. For circulars apply to

JOHN H. WILLARD, Troy, N. Y.

MOUNT MORRIS COLLEGIATE INSTItute for young ladies, 124th-st., third house east from 5th-av., New-York, reopens Sept. 22. Six young lady boarders will be received. Evening classes, for youths and adults of both sexes, from 7 to 9 P. M. Languages, mathematics, book-keeping, elocution, &c., taught. For circulars apply as above. Terms moderate.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT BARrington, Mass.—A family school for twenty boys. Home comforts, kind care and thorough teaching. Term begins Sept. 14.

S PARSONS PRATT, A. M., Principal.

MISS SPRING WILL OPEN A PRIvate class for girls under 13 at No. 124 East 25th-st., Sept. 28. Hours from 9½ A. M. to 12½ P. M. Numbers limited.

Reference—Rev. G. Spring, Rev. H. Crosby, Rev. J. McElroy.

MISS DU VERNET WILL OPEN A PREparatory School for Boys, at No. 113 West 41st-st., near 6th-av., on MONDAY, Sept. 28. Circulars can be obtained at Randolph's, No. 770 Broadway, and Miss Du Vernet can be seen at her school-room after the 21st, from 9 to 1.

NEW-PALTZ ACADEMY.—BOYS THORoughly prepared for college and business; instruction given in all English branches, modern languages, mathematics and music. Apply for circulars to Dr. H. M. BAUSCHER, New-Paltz, Ulster County, N. Y.

TOWNSEND'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, No. 260 Bowery. Special instruction, day and evening, in commercial and English branches. Rooms for ladies, and private instruction.

MISS PERINE WILL REOPEN HER English and French School for young ladies, Sept. 24, at No. 106 East 38th-st. Miss PERINE will be at home from Sept. 8.

BROADWAY AND 30TH-ST.—MR. LEGGETT'S Classical French and English School will be reopened Sept. 21. Circulars may be obtained in the store, or of the Principal, No. 224 East 10th-st.

MRS. H. SIMONS, NOS. 265 AND 267 West 39th-st.—English, French, German and Hebrew Institute for young ladies will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 9.

MISS THEODORA ERNST'S FRENCH and English Family School will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 14. No. 40 West 30th-st., southeast corner of Broadway.

MADEMOISELLE TARDIVEL'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH SELECT SCHOOL, for Young Ladies and Children, 240 West 23d-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 15th.

CIRCULARS OF GOOD SCHOOLS, FREE for parents, at J. W. SCHERMERHORN & CO'S Bookstore, No. 14 Bond-st. Also complete record of reliable teachers wanting positions.

MRS. MARY RODGERS GRIFFITTS will reopen her French and English Day-school for young ladies, at No. 106 West 42d-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 21.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL of Dr. F. BERTHET will open Sept. 21, at No. 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply to LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES. Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars, address the principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

THE MISSES GREEN WILL REOPEN their School at No. 1 5th-av., first door from Washington-square, on THURSDAY, the 24th of September.

KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS FOR BOYS, 604 6th-av., near 36th-st.; Girls, 66 W. 38th-st.; reopen Sept. 14. Miss E. M. COE, Princ., 66 W. 36th-st.

MISS FRASER'S ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 44 West 46th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 22.

UNION HALL—YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, Jamaica, L. I. Miss STEVENS, Principal. Reopens Sept. 14.

THE MISSES ROBERTSON'S SCHOOL, late of Cromwell, Conn., will reopen at Hartford, Conn., No. 90 Farmington-av., Sept. 23.

AARON RAND'S CLASSICAL FRENCH and English school will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 14, at No. 1,267 Broadway.

MISS RANNEY'S BOARDING AND DAY school for young ladies, Elizabeth, N. J., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 16.

MISS YOUNG'S SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN of both sexes will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 21, at No. 1,214 Broadway. Gymnasium attached.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
With Primary Department and Gymnasium,
Nos. 212 and 214 5th-av.,
Will reopen Sept. 2.

The circular of the school will be found in the advertising columns of *Harper's Monthly* for September.

RUTGERS FEMALE COLLEGE,
NOS. 487, 489, 491 5TH-AV., NEW-YORK.

This institution will reopen on Wednesday, Sept 16.

Applications for admission, made either in person or by letter, will be received at the College after Sept. 1.

The examination of candidates for entrance to either the regular or the partial course, will take place on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 14, 15 and 16, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Latin, Greek, French and German form a constant and prominent part of the regular course, and are included in the general rates of tuition.

Full particulars of the English, Mathematical and Scientific department, and those of Music and Art, may be found in the College catalogue.

The academic and preparatory schools will open at the same time as the College.

Students who desire board can be received into the family of Mrs. Jackson, a leading teacher, in the immediate vicinity of the College. Early application is desirable, as the number of boarders is limited.

H. M. PIERCE, LL. D., President.

MR. McDOUGALL'S SCHOOL, (HOSACK Hall,) No. 57 West 44th-st., will reopen Sept. 21. Circulars at the Broadway bookstores.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
NO. 161 5TH-AV.; AND 937 BROADWAY,

Corner 22d-st., opens Sept. 14—Thirteenth year. Rooms spacious, light, airy, high-ceiled and steamheated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the others with Mr. Lyon. Within two years 14 have entered college—7 Columbia, 3 Yale, 2 Harvard, 1 Williams, 1 Troy Polytechnic. Light gymnastics. A Literary Union gathers teachers and older pupils weekly. Only pure, contented, working pupils desired. Attendance 130.

This year's patrons of from 3 to 12 years' standing:

H. M. Alexander,	Geo. B. Hawes,	Dan. L. Schanck,
A. M. Allerton,	Josh. J. Henry,	Robert Schell,
John Auchincloss,	Clement Jewett,	Henry Shaw,
John S. Boyd,	Calvin E. Knox,	John Sherwood,
Josiah H. Burton,	Charles Lamson,	Cyrus A. Smith,
Nath W. Chater,	L. Lockwood,	Gilbert M. Speir,
Jos. M. Cooper,	Theo. McNamee,	Ferdinand Stagg,
Kenny Couillard,	Dr. T. M. Markoe,	Geo. P. Trigg,
Henry Day,	Henry Meyer,	A. S. Underhill,
Wm. A. Hadden,	Wm. Morrison,	H. C. Van Vorst,
Oliver Harriman,	James L. Phipps,	Ralph Wells.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE.
MORRISTOWN, N. J.
A SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL.

Combines in an unusual degree the choicest home influences with a thorough and accomplished education.

For circulars, address
C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

PAVILION FAMILY SCHOOL,
REV. L. BIRD AND JAMES BIRD, A. M., PRINCIPALS.

Suburbs of Hartford, Conn., furnishes a pleasant home and superior educational privileges for fifteen boys. Location is healthy and playgrounds ample—10 acres. For circulars inquire of Rev. E. D. G. PRIME, D. D., office New-York *Observer*, or of Principals.

MR. J. H. TYNG'S SCHOOL

For a limited number of boys, will commence on the 21st of September, at No. 907 Broadway. The aim of this school, especially, is THOROUGH INSTRUCTION IN THE ELEMENTS of the several studies.

Mr. Tyng will also be happy to give PRIVATE LESSONS to pupils of either sex, IN ANY BRANCHES, AT CONVENIENT HOURS.

WEST SIDE LADIES' SEMINARY.
MISS C. E. FERRIS
Will open a school for young ladies
at No. 302 West 34th-st.,
on Sept. 15.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—THE REGULAR exercises of this institution, for the one hundred and fifteenth academic year, will commence on MONDAY, the 5th day of October.

Candidates for admission will be received at the College on FRIDAY, Oct. 2, at 9½ o'clock A. M.

Students of the College classes who have conditions to fulfill, will present themselves on SATURDAY, Oct. 3, at the same hour.

Candidates for admission to the School of Mines are desired to apply on THURSDAY, Oct. 1, also at 9½ o'clock.

F. A. P. BARNARD, S. T. D., LL.D.
President.

REV. CHARLES F. DOWD, A. M., FOR the last eight years Principal of the "North Granville Ladies' Seminary," has recently bought the "Temple Grove Ladies' Seminary," in Saratoga, N. Y., where he has enlarged accommodations and very complete facilities for educating young ladies in both the solid and ornamental branches. The expenses for board and tuition in the solid studies will be $330 per year.

The year will begin Sept. 15. For particulars address the Principal, or HENRY M. DOWD, Agent.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 16, 1868.

IRVINGTON FRENCH INSTITUTE, IRvington, on the Hudson, 23 miles from New-York—a French, English, classical and commercial school for boys—will reopen on the 15th of September. The course of studies embraces all the ordinary English branches, including book-keeping. The French is the language of the school. The German and Spanish are taught daily and practically. For circulars, address A. BOURSAUD, Principal.

SCHOOL OF MINES, COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—Instruction in Mining-Engineering, Metallurgy, Geology, Mineralogy, Assaying, Analytical and Technical Chemistry, &c., with laboratory practice; reopens Oct. 5; examinations for admission to regular courses, Oct. 1. For further information and for catalogue apply to C. F. CHANDLER, Dean of Faculty, East 49th-st., New-York.

SEWARD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS, Florida, Orange County, N. Y.—This institution offers superior advantages. Number limited to 25. A few vacancies to fill. Send for a catalogue.

T. H. SCHRIVER, A. M.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS' BOARDING and Day School, No. 56 West 11th-st., will reopen Sept. 21. The class for boys under twelve connected with this school will reopen same date, at No. 68 West 11th-st. The reading class will commence Nov. 1.

MISS WATSON'S BOARDING AND Elementary School, No. 28 East 28th-st., near Madison-av.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 15, at No. 923 Broadway, corner of 21st-st.

MISS F. B. PRIEST WILL REOPEN HER school, No. 203 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, on MONDAY, Sept. 21.

DR. MARTIN'S CLASSES IN NEW OR Light Gymnastics reopen at the Harvard Rooms Oct. 5. Engagements in schools made at No. 3?9 4th-av.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND French School for young ladies and children, No. 352 West 20th-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 16.

MISS MASON WILL RESUME HER CLASS FOR young ladies at No. 113 West 44th-st., on Thursday, Oct. 1.

A HOME AND SCHOOL FOR TEN BOYS, at Lakeville, Litchfield County, Conn. Send to Rev. GEORGE R. HOWELL, Principal, for circular.

MISS BEAN'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 110 West 42d-st., reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 22.

MISS BALLOWS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for young ladies, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23.

MRS. ARTOIS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for young ladies, No. 131 West 36th-st., New-York, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 21.

A FIRST-CLASS COMMERCIAL SCHOOL for twelve boys. For circulars and references address SAM'L M. ENSIGN, Morris, Conn.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL.—White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

LAW SCHOOLS.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL.—The Eleventh Annual Term of this Institution will commence at No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 7, and will continue until May 19, 1869. Graduates are admitted to the Bar without further examination. Catalogues and other information may be obtained at No. 37 Lafayette-place, or by letter addressed at the same place to THEODORE W. DWIGHT, Warden of Columbia College Law School.

LAW DEPARTMENT, UNIVERSITY OF NEW-YORK.—The next annual session will commence on the 1st of October, 1868. Application may be made for all further information, to the subscriber personally, or by letter, at University Building, Washington-square, New-York City.

JOHN NORTON POMEROY,
Dean of the Law Faculty.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE HARTFORD AND NEW-HAVEN R. R. CO.,
HARTFORD, Sept. 24, 1868.

NOTICE.—A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF $3, free of Government tax, has been declared on each share of stock standing on the books the 26th day of September, inst., by the Board of Directors of the Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on THURSDAY, Oct. 1, 1868. Stockholders in New-York will receive their dividend at the Union National Bank. The transfer books will be closed the 26th day of September, to reopen the 2d day of October.

S. P. CONNER, Secretary.

PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURG, Sept. 16, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared the regular Quarterly Dividend (No. 19) of TWO AND A HALF PER CENT., free of Government tax, on the capital stock for the quarter ending Sept. 30, payable on and after the 15th day of October, 1868, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 27 Pine-st., to those registered at New-York, and at the office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburg. The transfer-books will close on the 30th inst., at 2 P. M., and reopen on the 16th day of October, at 10 A. M.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company, held this day, the regularly quarterly Dividend of Two per Cent., free of Government tax, was declared payable at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in the City of New-York, on the 10th of October. The transfer books will be closed on the 25th of September, and reopened on the 12th of October.

GEO. A. INGERSOLL, Secretary.

SEPT. 16, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1868.

FORTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Six (6) per Cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th inst., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th of October next. Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 25th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 7th proximo.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

FORTIETH DIVIDEND—BULL'S HEAD BANK—New-York, Sept. 25, 1868.—The usual QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., free of all taxes, has this day been declared out of the net profits of the last three months, payable on and after the first day of October next.

G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

STATIONERY.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY AND Job Printing at moderate prices. Orders solicited by FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-lane.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURERS, No. 93 Fulton-st.

TEACHERS.

EUROPE.

A lady who has spent several years in study and travel in Europe, and has since held a high position as teacher, wishes to start in October for the Continent, taking under her care a small party of young ladies to travel in Southern Europe this Winter, and in Switzerland, Germany, &c., next Summer, or to spend the Winter in some capital abroad for thorough study of the modern languages. Parents desiring this opportunity for their children, will please apply to Dr. W. H. WHITE, No. 20 East 22d-st.

"AMER. SCHOOL INSTITUTE,"

Founded 1855, has unrivaled facilities for aiding all who seek good teachers, and for representing teachers wanting positions. See circulars. J. W. SCHERMERHORN, No. 14 Bond-st.

TEACHERS WANTED—PRINCIPAL FOR City institution, salary liberal; academy principal, near City; professor of music, South; French lady for seminary on Hudson, and one for Virginia. Several other teachers wanted. All should have American School Institute's application form. J. W. SCHERMERHORN, No. 14 Bond-st.

A NEW-ENGLAND LADY OF MANY years experience in teaching in families and schools in this City, desires to form an engagement for the morning hours; is a thorough teacher of the English branches, Latin, French and music. Address Miss C. B. C., Station E, New-York City.

A YOUNG LADY FROM NEW-ENGLAND, educated at Mount Holyoke Female Seminary, and experienced in teaching the English branches, Latin, French and music, desires a position as teacher in a family or school in or near New-York City, or in New-England. Address S. E. G., Station E, New-York City.

A GERMAN LADY DESIRES TO MEET WITH a family where some instructions on the piano, in the German and French would be considered equivalent for board; best references given and required. Address A. S. A., Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

AS TEACHER.—A GRADUATE OF YALE College, having the best of testimonials, and every way qualified to teach, desires two pupils preparing for college. Address C. T. C., Post Office Box No. 1,441.

WANTED—A GOVERNESS, AT A SHORT DIStance from the City, to give instruction in English, French, Music and Drawing. Call on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week at No. 57 West 42d-st.

A FRENCH YOUNG GENTLEMAN would like to give lessons in the French language at the pupils' residence. Address URFE, Box No. 188 *Times* Office.

MALVINA AMIEL, TEACHER IN PIANO and singing. System Galin, Cheve de Paris, the most easy. Nos. 65 or 338 East 6th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as first-class cook; thoroughly understands all branches of meats, pastry and all kinds of dessert; no objection to a first-class hotel in the City or a boarding-house; the best of City references. Call or address for two days, No. 28½ Elizabeth-st., near Bleecker, in the grocery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to take care of children, and plain sewing; is willing and obliging; has good City reference. Call at 146 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation as cook in a private family; thoroughly understands her business; the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 224 East 26th-st.; ring the bell twice.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid and seamstress, or waitress; can operate on Grover & Baker machine; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 150 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st.

WANTED—FOR A NEW-ENGLAND LADY, AN engagement to take charge of a gentleman's house; references given as to character and capacity. Address BOSTON. Box No. 163 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 23 West 44th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as chambermaid; or would take care of children and do plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 134 West 40th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid and seamstress; can operate on a Grover machine; has no objection to assist with children; best of City reference. Apply at No. 31? East 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION to do chamberwork and fine washing or chamberwork and waiting in a private family; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 93 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERMAN girl to do general housework. Call at No. 18? 2d-st., first floor, between Avenues A and B.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GIRL AS first-class cook; good City reference. Call between 11 and 3 o'clock at No. 480 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER, a few more engagements for the Fall; good City references. Call at No. 157 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO COOKING, washing and ironing; best of City reference. Call at No. 121 West 19th-st.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN every way competent to take charge of the household duties of a family or an institution, wishes an engagement; best of references. Address or inquire of WM. P. LYON, No. 537 Pearl-st., New-York.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERMAN servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

MALES.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO PROcure a situation for his coachman; has lived with him three years; is a first-class man in every respect; reasons given for parting with him. Call or address Q. B., corner West 42d-st. and 7th-av., or T. E. BROWN, No. 64 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant Scotchman as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses perfectly; is a good, careful driver; is also a good plain gardener; willing to make himself useful in City or country; the best of reference. Address J. H., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—AN ENGLISHMAN AND WIFE without incumbrance; the man to take care of a small place in the country, horses, cows, &c.; the wife to cook, wash, iron, make butter, &c.; situation permanent if suited. Apply at No. 106 Wall-st., Room No. 2, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN who understands the care and treatment of horses; is a safe driver and good plain gardener; can milk and be otherwise useful; good references. Address S. S., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom, one who thoroughly understands his business; has no objections to go to the country; can produce the best of reference. Address J. F., Box 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a Protestant man; understands all work on a gentleman's place; can give the best City references. Address J. T., seed store, No. 876 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as gardener and coachman; the best of references given; last employer can be seen if required. Address T. H. O., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A NEW-ENGLAND farmer, who is not afraid of work. Address for two days FARMER, Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A MAN AND WIFE (WITHOUT children) to go into the country; the man to take care of horses, work in a garden, and make himself generally useful; woman to keep house for two gentlemen, wash, cook and bake; must understand milk and butter. Apply at No. 28 West 33d-st., from 10 to 3 o'clock to-day.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED PROTESTANT woman as cook; American or English preferred; also a competent Protestant girl as chambermaid and laundress; must be fully capable and have good City reference; none others need apply. Call to-day, from 10 to 12 o'clock A. M., at No. 91 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS TO canvass for books and make himself generally useful in a bookstore; none need apply except well adapted for canvassing; best of references as to capacity and integrity required. Address, stating amount per week expected, PUBLISHER, Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

WANTED—AGENTS—$75 TO $200 PER MONTH, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. Price only $18. Address SECOMB & CO., PITTSBURG, PENN., or BOSTON, MASS.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS children's nurse and seamstress; to a trusty and capable person a good situation is offered. Address R., Box No. 131 *Times* Office, with references.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERstands the book and stationery business. Apply from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., to W. W. SWAYNE, No. 1?? Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS seamstress and chambermaid, with best references from her last place. Apply at No. 46 West 20th-st., between 1 and 3 P. M., for three days.

WANTED—A DRUG CLERK IN NEWARK, N. J. Apply with references to B. H. GOOD, of the firm of Demas Barnes & Co., No. 21 Park-row.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN AS COACHMAN and groom; must have good references. Apply at No. 46 West 20th-st., at 9 A. M. or 8 P. M.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS NURSE and seamstress. Apply between 12 and 2, at No. 2? Bond-st.

WANTED—BOOK CANVASSERS FOR THAT new and invaluable work, "The Natural Wealth of California." J. F. GREENMAN & CO., 38 Pine-st., N. Y.

$10 A DAY FOR ALL.—STENCIL TOOL SAMples free. Address A. J. FULLAM, Springfield Vt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PATENTS.

In order to apply for a patent, send a model of your invention to MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New-York, with the first installment of Government and Stamp fees, $16, and full particulars of the invention. Send for pamphlet containing Law and full instructions, free. Consultation free. Established twenty-five years—SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN—the best Illustrated Weekly Mechanical paper. $3 a year.

FOR SALE.

A choice cabinet collection of minerals, embracing a rare and splendid lot of gold, silver, copper, lead and other specimens, which cannot be duplicated at any cost, and will be sold cheap, as the room is wanted that it occupies. Apply to ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 43 Pine-st.

GUERLAIN,
PERFUMER,
Paris, No. 15 Rue de la Paix. Paris.

DR. E. B. FOOTE, AUTHOR OF "MEDical Common Sense," may be consulted in person or by letter at his office, No. 120 Lexington-av., corner of East 28th-st. Office hours from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M. Consultation free.

BILLIARD TABLE WANTED—ROSEwood, four-pockets, nearly new, with all the appointments, including chandelier and shades. Address O. S., Room No. 4, No. 25 William-st.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR of the *Scalpel*, operating and consulting surgeon, No. 42 5th-av. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., 1 to 2 P. M., and 7 to 9 evenings.

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

ST. LAURENT.....BOCANDE.....SATURDAY, Oct. 3
VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT.....SATURDAY, Oct. 17
PEREIRE.........DUCHESNE....SATURDAY, Oct. 31

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board.
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.

American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND DERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE,
favorite Clyde-built Steamers, are intended to sail
EVERY SATURDAY.
From Pier No. 20, North River, 12 o'clock, noon.

BRITANNIA....Sept. 26|IOWA.........Oct. 17
HIBERNIA.....Oct. 3|COLUMBIA.....Oct. 24
EUROPA.......Oct. 10|CALEDONIA....Oct. 31

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion Tickets, good for 12 months, $160.
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; Intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York, to HENDERSON BROTHERS.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of mail steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BOSTON.............SATURDAY, Sept. 26
CITY OF ANTWERP............SATURDAY, Oct. 3
CITY OF NEW-YORK (via Halifax)..TUESDAY, Oct. 6
CITY OF PARIS..............SATURDAY, Oct. 10

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, at 1 P. M., tide permitting, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	47

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. Payable in Gold.		STEERAGE. Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool	$90	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	40	St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons *wishing to send for their friends.*
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:

MANHATTAN, NEBRASKA,
MINNESOTA, COLORADO,
With other first-class steamers building.

MANHATTAN..........WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30
MINNESOTA..........WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14
COLORADO...........WEDNESDAY, Oct. 28
NEBRASKA...........WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4

From Pier No. 46 North River.
Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.
Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

CHINA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30
CUBA leaves...........WEDNESDAY, Oct. 7
JAVA leaves...........WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14
SCOTIA leaves.........WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21
RUSSIA leaves.........WEDNESDAY, Oct. 28
CHINA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4

Chief cabin passage	$130
Second cabin passage	80
TO PARIS.	
Chief cabin passage	145

Payable in gold.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

MALTA......Oct. 1|ALEPPO.......Oct. 15
SIBERIA....Oct. 8|SAMARIA......Oct. 22

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK:

Cabin	$80 Gold.
Steerage	$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.
For Freight or Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. E. CUNARD.

NATIONAL LINE.

THE STEAMSHIP LOUISIANA, FORBES, Will leave SATURDAY, Sept. 26, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 47 North River.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE TO
CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,
RATES OF PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED AND AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,
FOUR TIMES A MONTH
On 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
OCT. 1—RISING STAR, Capt. MAURY, connecting with GOLDEN AGE, Capt. CAVERLY.
Steamer leaving Oct. 9 connects closely with steamer JAPAN, leaving San Francisco Nov. 2, 1868, for China and Japan.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama Railroad.
NEW SAILING ARRANGEMENT.
THE 5TH AND 20TH OF EVERY MONTH,
or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., at noon.
OCT. 5—Steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with new steamship NEVADA.
OCT. 20—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship OREGONIAN.

These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars address the undersigned at Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st., New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FREIGHT.

To San Francisco via Panama, by Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer RISING STAR sailing on THURSDAY, Oct. 1.
FIRST-CLASS—Per cubic foot, 90 cents; per pound, 1¾ cents.
SECOND CLASS—Per pound, 1½ cents.
Freight forwarded by this steamer reaches San Francisco about TWELVE DAYS IN ADVANCE of shipments by North American Steamship Company's departure of Oct. 5.
Apply to WELLS, FARGO & CO., Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.
Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, Oct. 1.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, via Nassau, Oct. 8.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, Oct. 15.
For freight or passage, apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, on THURSDAY, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River. For engagements of freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, Oct. 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Nov. 23.
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, Dec. 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this Line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:
MARIPOSA.......KEMBLE..SATURDAY, Sept. 26
GEO. CROMWELL....VAILL....SATURDAY, Oct. 3
Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.
For passage or freight apply to the agents, H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

BLACK STAR INDEPENDENT LINE.
OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY. FREIGHT AT LOW RATES.
The first-class steamship MONTGOMERY, will leave Pier 13 North River on SATURDAY, Sept. 26, and HUNTSVILLE on SATURDAY Oct. 3, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
OCTAVUS COHEN & CO., Agents, Savannah.
Freight received at all times under covered Pier.

FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS, DIRECT.

Freight taken as low as by any other line.
First Steamer.
THE FAVORITE STEAMSHIP TYBEE,
Capt. D. CAULKINS,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30, for Galveston, Texas, direct. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.
The favorite steamship WILMINGTON will succeed the TYBEE.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.—New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, sailing every twenty days. The fine steamer ALABAMA, Capt. LIMEBURNER, will leave Pier No. 17 East River, on THURSDAY, Oct. 1, at 10 A. M. Passage to Havana, [illegible] For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 44 Beaver-st.

SHIPPING.

FOR MOBILE DIRECT, STOPPING AT FERNANDINA.

The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch the first-class steamship
MIAMI
on SATURDAY, Sept. 26, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29, North River.
Is now receiving freight. Cargo delivered at Mobile without lighterage.
Through rates given and bills of lading signed to Selma, Montgomery and all points in the interior, lower than by any other line.
For freight or passage apply to L. K. ROBERTS, No. 174 Chambers-st.
The steamer FLAG follows, Oct. 3.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE.—The A1 fast and reliable steamship MONTEREY, C. RYDER, Commander, will sail on THURSDAY, Oct. 1, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston, RAVENEL & CO., forward all goods free of commission. ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
The fine steamship SARAGOSSA will sail on the following Thursday.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Official passports procured from the Department of State, by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court Buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 162 Broadway.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
8 A. M., for Greenport and all way-stations except Woodside and Willow Tree.
9:30 A. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations except Willow Tree.
3:30 P. M., Express train for Greenport, stopping at Jamaica, Mineola, Hicksville and all stations east.
4:30 P. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations except Willow Tree.
6 P. M., North Islip passenger train and all way-stations.
All passenger trains connect at Mineola with trains to and from Hempstead and Glen Cove.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point at 9 A. M. for Hempstead, Glen Cove, North Islip, Northport and all way stations; arrives at Hunter's Point at 6:10 P. M. Takes effect June 11, 1868.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after Sept. 1, 1868, trains will run as follows: Leave New-York, Grand-st. and Roosevelt-st. ferries, (for South 7th-st., Williamsburg,) at 9:05 A. M.; 3:40 and 4:50 P. M. for Islip and intermediate stations, and at 6:15 P. M. for Jamaica. Returning, leave Islip at 6:15 and 8 A. M. and 4 P. M., stopping at intermediate stations; and from Jamaica, 7 A. M., arriving in New-York at 7:50, 8:55, 9:55 A. M. and 6:25 P. M. Passengers for Rockaway and Fire Island will leave by the 9:05 A. M. and 3:40 P. M. trains. Passengers ticketed and baggage checked to and from Fire Island.
R. WHITE, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
7:30 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, (except Oxford,) to Newburgh, Warwick, Montgomery, Unionville and Port Jervis.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South. By this train sleeping coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
5 P. M.—Emigrant Train daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Rutherford Park, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.
SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York; also, at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.
An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, May 11, 1868, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo, Suspension Bridge and Saratoga, without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and the North. Drawing-room cars from New-York to Rochester, connecting with sleeping-cars for the West, via either North or South Shore Line.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
11:30 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and the North. Drawing room car attached to this train through to Saratoga.
3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with drawing room car attached, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:45 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day, excepting Saturdays, attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North. Drawing-room cars attached at Albany.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 8:40.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving at New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:15 and 9:25 A. M.; 1:22, 4:22, 5:32 and 6:52 P. M. The 5:15 freight and 1:22, 4:22 and 6:32 P. M. passenger run through to Monsey. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

STEAMBOATS.

STONINGTON LINE,
TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.

Fare always as low as by any other Line.
The new and elegant Side-wheel Steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT,
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.
Steamboat Express Train leaves Stonington at 3:30, reaches Providence at 5:15, and Boston at 6:50 A. M., in ample time for all the Eastern trains.
Shortest and most direct and strictly first-class, notwithstanding the false advertisements of other lines.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at the principal hotels, at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway.
D. S. BABCOCK, President Stonington Steamboat Company.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—FARE $1 50, being $1 75 cheaper than by rail, and 75 cents cheaper than by any other line. The elegant steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, connecting with New-York Central Railroad for Buffalo and all points West, and with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Lake Champlain steamers for Montreal, Lake George, Saratoga and all stations. Also with rail for North Adams, Burlington and points East. Fare, Sunday, $2. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock P. M. State rooms secured at office, No. 308 West-st.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—STEAMERS ST. JOHN and DREW—One of these magnificent steamers leaves Pier No. 41 North River, near foot of Canal-st., every evening, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 o'clock. Passengers desiring the comforts and luxuries of a first-class hotel can have their wishes gratified on these steamers, and arrive in Albany in ample time for railroad trains North and West. Freight taken at reduced rates.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Fare $2.—The steamboats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW will leave alternately from Desbrosses-st. at 8 A. M. and 34th-st. at 8:15 A. M.; landing at West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Tivoli, Catskill and Hudson; connecting with 6 and 11 P. M. trains on New-York Central, with 6 P. M. train on the Susquehanna, and with Troy without charge, on arrival at Albany, by steamboat SENECA.

SUNDAY MORNING BOAT FOR NEWBURG.—The steamer THOMAS COLLYER leaves pier foot of Warren-st. SUNDAY MORNING, Sept. 27, at 7:30 o'clock; 34th-st. at 7:45; landing at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Irvington, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Cozzens, Cold Spring and Cornwall. Returning, leaves Newburg at 1:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6 P. M.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., North River, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, 19th, 9:30 A. M.	Monday, 21st, 7:30 A. M.
Tuesday, 23d, 7:30 A. M.	Tuesday, 22d, 11:30 A. M.
Wednesday, 23d, 8:30 A. M.	Wednesday, 23d, 12:30 P. M.
Thursday, 24th, 9 A. M.	Thursday, 24th, 1 P. M.
Friday, 25th, 10 A. M.	Friday, 25th, 2 P. M.
Saturday, 26th, 2:30 P. M.	Monday, 28th, 2 P. M.

FOR SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH AND RED BANK.—The steamer HELEN, Capt. JAMES THROCKMORTON, leaves foot of Chambers-st., every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 8½ A. M.; Saturday at 2 P. M. Leaves Red Bank daily at 3 P. M., Saturday and Sunday excepted.

A REGULAR SUNDAY BOAT TO HARLEM, High Bridge and Karl's Park.—Steamers SYLVAN GROVE and SILVER STREAM will leave Peck Slip every hour from 10 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; leave Harlem every hour from 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Fare to Harlem 15 cents.

REGULAR SUNDAY MORNING BOAT for Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Nyack, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point, Verplanck's and Peekskill. The steamer ANTELOPE leaves foot Harrison-st. every morning at 8 o'clock, touching at West 34th-st. at 8:15.

FOR GLEN COVE, LANDING AT WHITESTONE, Bayles' Dock, Great Neck, Sands' Point, Mott's Dock, Glenwood and Roslyn. On and after SATURDAY, June 13, the new and elegant steamboat SEAWANHAKA, CHAS. POST, Master, leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck-slip,) daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 P. M., for the above-named places.

FOR NEWBURG, WEST POINT, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens' Dock, Cornwall, New-Hamburg and Milton.
THE STEAMER MARY POWELL
leaves Desbrosses-st. every afternoon at 3 o'clock.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.
AT 5 P. M.
THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS LINE TO
BOSTON, PROVIDENCE AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

The largest and fastest steamers in the world, having 560 state-rooms.
BRISTOL, Capt. BRAYTON, from Pier No. 40 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 5 o'clock P. M., MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS; PROVIDENCE, Capt. SIMMONS, at 5 P. M., TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, connecting at Bristol with the Express train, at 4:30 A. M., arriving in Boston at 6 A. M., in time for all conveyances out of that city.
Freight as low as the lowest, and landed in Boston at 8:30 A. M. M. R. SIMONS, Agent.
JAMES FISK, Jr., Managing Director.

FOR BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER.

BY THE OLD FALL RIVER LINE,
BETWEEN
NEW-YORK and BOSTON, NEWPORT, FALL RIVER, TAUNTON NEW-BEDFORD, and CAPE COD TOWNS and NANTUCKET.
Rates of fare and freight always as low as by any other regular line.
One of the Magnificent Steamboats,
NEWPORT, or OLD COLONY,
Leaves Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.
By this route passengers can take train from Newport at 4 A. M., and arrive in Boston at 6:10 A. M., in time to connect with all Northern and Eastern trains; or rest undisturbed, breakfast on board, and take 7:45 A. M. train, and arrive in Boston at early business hours.
E. LITTLEFIELD, Agent,
NEW-YORK, Aug. 19, 1868. No. 72 Broadway, N. Y.

LLOYD'S DOCK (HUNTINGTON,) OYSTER Bay (E. Norwich,) and Northport. The steamboat D. R. MARTIN, Capt. S. E. UNDERHILL, leaves Pier No. 34 East River, (Catharine-st.,) at 3:30 P. M., and foot of 37th-st., East River, at 3:40 P. M.

EXCURSIONS.

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO GLEN COVE and Roslyn, landing at Whitestone, Baylis Dock, Great Neck, Sands Point, Motts Dock and Glen Wood. Steamer ARROWSMITH leaves Peck-slip, Pier No. 24 East River, every morning, at 9¼, for the above landings. Returning, will leave Roslyn at 3½ P. M. Stops at 37th-st., East River, each way.

SUNDAY EXCURSION FOR WHITESTONE, Sands Point, Glen Cove, Glen Wood and Roslyn. The steamer ARROWSMITH will leave Peck-slip at 9:15 A. M. for the above places, landing at 19th and 37th sts., each way. Returning, leave Glen Cove at 4:15 P. M.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

HOUSES FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, TO RENT AND FOR SALE, BY S. W. BENEDICT, NO. 586 6TH-AV.

TO LET—AT NEWBURG, A COUNTRY PLACE of 14 acres of land, with a substantial stone house, supplied with a large furnace, bath, &c., in every way suitable for either Winter or Summer residence; fine stable, ice-house, and good garden on the premises; house is furnished, and will be let for the Winter or on a lease at a reasonable rent. Apply to J. F. BUTTERWORTH, No. 248 Canal-st., or No. 584 5th-av.

ECONOMY.—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR $40 per month; family residence of undersigned on the Sound, near Norwalk, (ten minutes from Rowayton Station,) comfortably furnished; a good tenant may have it till April 1 for the above nominal price; ten rooms furnished; good stable; possession Oct. 1. G. P. PUTNAM, No. 661 Broadway.

TO LET—A LARGE FIRST-CLASS STONE-front house, containing fourteen rooms, No. 364 Henry-st., near Sackett-st.; handsomely papered and painted; near railroads and ferries; possession immediately. Apply to H. STEVENSON, No. 255 Court-st., near Sackett-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET FURNISHED—THE BROWN-stone-front house, high-stoop and basement, four stories high, No. 133 West 44th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; location and neighborhood first class. May be seen from 11 to 2 o'clock daily, by permit from P. NAYLOR, No. 41 South William-st.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED, A FIRST-CLASS four-story brown-stone house in 37th-st., near 5th-av., to a private family only; in perfect order; rent $5,000 per annum. For permits apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, NEAR the Harlem Bridge, five superb country seats, elegantly furnished; one at $2,000 per annum, three at $3,000 per annum, and one at $5,000 per annum. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET IN FLUSHING—A HOUSE FULLY furnished and delightfully situated, with all modern improvements; twelve rooms; will be rented cheap to a desirable tenant. Apply to W. H. DAVIS, with H. B. Claflin & Co., or Flushing, L. I.

TO LET—ON DE KALB-AV., BROOKLYN, A handsome dwelling-house, containing 13 rooms, water, gas, bath, &c., lawn and garden; location strictly first-class; rent $1,000. Apply to THOS. WINTER, with Jas. G. Schofield, No. 16 Maiden-lane.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT brick house, with modern improvements, with or without accommodations for horse and carriage; situated in 86th-st., between Avenues A and B. Inquire of E. WARING, in adjoining house.

TO LET—A SMALL TWO-STORY HOUSE containing four rooms with cellar; a large yard in front, containing fruit trees and shrubbery; near to two lines of cars; price $20 per month. Inquire on the premises, No. 57 Devoe-st., Williamsburgh.

TO LET—NEW-BRIGHTON, S. I. NEW HOUSE, near landing, with all conveniences; will be rented with or without furniture, with immediate possession. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

HOTEL TO RENT—NO. 413 BROOME-ST., CORNER OF ELM, CONTAINING 69 ROOMS. POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY. JOHN LLOYD & SONS, NO. 7 WARREN-ST.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOUR-STORY BROWN stone house, in West 47th-st.; newly furnished and in good order. Permits of PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

TO LET—THREE ROOMS, TO A MAN AND wife, in a small private family. House No. 77 East 85th-st., near 4th-av. Gas, hot and cold water in the rooms.

A HOUSE AND LOT TO LET—LOCATION first class; No. 135 West 23d-st., near 6th-av. Apply to Mr. BROOKES, No. 361 Broome-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.
Nos. 38, 39, and 40 Park-row.
On second, third and fourth stories. They are large, spacious, and splendidly lighted from front and rear. The building is thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.
Inquire of GEO. JONES, *Times* Office.

TO LET—THE STORE IN THE NATIONAL Hall, corner of 4th-av. and 129th-st., Harlem. It has recently been fitted up as a first-class bakery, ice cream and refreshment saloon, at a cost of $7,000. It offers an excellent opportunity to one with some capital and experience in the above business. Apply to SAMUEL DARLING, at the hall.

TO LET—A LARGE ROOM ON SECOND FLOOR, No. 661 Broadway, suitable for a gallery or some light business. Apply to G. P. PUTNAM & SON, No. 661 Broadway.

TO LET—A LARGE BASEMENT ROOM, SUITable for lager beer or other purposes. No. 679 Broadway, next door to Amity-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.

THE PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,
Manufacturers of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS,
BILLIARD TABLE BEDS,
PLUMBERS' SLABS,
Cisterns, Baths, Sinks and shelving of all kinds.
MARBLEIZED SLABS
for piers, tables, bureaus, what-nots, &c.
Wainscoting and paneling for rooms and halls. Every description of slate work made to order. The trade supplied on favorable terms.
ELEAZER JONES, Manager, Middle Granville, N. Y.,
Warehouse and Show Rooms, No. 40 West 18th-st., New-York.

MARBLE DEALERS AND FURNITURE makers are invited to call at the office of the undersigned to see specimen of finest albaster marble, beautifully variegated, quite a variety; part interest in the quarry for sale; location near at hand and very accessible. PHELPS, FALLON, & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

MARBLE AND SLATE MANTELS, OF the latest designs, at very low prices, at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS, MONUMENTS, head-stones; latest designs at reduced prices. S. KLABER'S manufactory, No. 52 1st-av., near 3d-st. Mantels put up in the country. Get price list.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS—Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av. bet. 35th and 36th sts.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court of the State of New-York, held in and for the County of Kings, at the Court-house in the City of Brooklyn in said County, on the 12th day of September, 1868. Present—Hon. J. W. Gilbert, Justice. In the matter of the petition of Gerhard J. Obrig, for the discharge of a mortgage of record. On reading and filing the petition of Gerhard J. Obrig, the owner in fee of the lands and premises described in the petition in the above entitled matter, praying for the discharge of record of a certain indenture of mortgage made and executed by George Gault to John L. Graham and Joseph B. Varnum, assignee of John F. and Elijah P. Delaplaine, bearing date the 20th day of August, 1834, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars and interest, and recorded in the Clerk's (now Register's) office of Kings County, in Liber 29 of Mortgages, page 310, Aug. 29, 1834, and by said John L. Graham and Joseph B. Varnum, as such assignees, said mortgage was assigned to said John F. and Elijah P. Delaplaine by assignment dated July 13, 1835, and recorded in said office in Liber 48 of Mortgages, page 305, Jan. 3, 1837; that the premises affected by said mortgage are situated in Classon-avenue, in the Seventh Ward of the City of Brooklyn and County of Kings.

Now on motion of David Barnett, counsel for said petitioner, it is ordered and adjudged that all persons interested herein show cause before this Court at a special term thereof, to be held at the County Court-house, in the City of Brooklyn, on the 19th day of October next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, why such mortgage should not be discharged of record. And it is further ordered that this order be published in the Brooklyn *Daily Eagle*, a newspaper published in the City of Brooklyn, for the space of four weeks, once a week in each week, and also in the *New-York Times*, a newspaper published in the City and County of New-York, for the same period of time, and that a copy of this order be served on the administrator of the estate of said Elijah P. Delaplaine, deceased, if there be one appointed and if living, and also upon the executors of John F. Delaplaine, deceased, if they are appointed and if living.

A copy. JOHN J. WHITE, Clerk.
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IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF William D. Veeder, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings: Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. BROWN, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, at the office of David B. Phillips, Counselor at Law, No. 9 Court-st., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 5th day of January next.—Dated July 2, 1868.
MARY A. BROWN, } Administratrix.
ly4-law6mSa* MARIA BROWN,

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ELEGANT ROOMS IN SUITE, WITH private table, at No. 6 Madison-square, (23d-st.;) may be had by application; references exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN, or gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, desiring a good home in a private family, and willing to pay liberally, can hear of such an opportunity by addressing C., Box No. 2,465 New-York Post Office. A handsomely furnished chamber on second floor, adjoining bath-room; storage for trunks; location first-class, and near the ferries.

PERMANENT BOARD FOR A LARGE family, with a small, strictly private family of adults; good location; first-class table, private if desired; below 50th-st., east side. Those willing to pay a reasonable compensation for good accommodations and home comforts, address, for two days, E. T., Box No. 155 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN IN THE BOOK BUSIness wishes board and a comfortable room for himself and wife in a respectable part of the City; not above 30th-st.; a small family, of cultivated tastes and quiet habits, desirable; satisfactory reference given. Address, stating terms, with reference, READER, Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

A LARGE, HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED front room, located in 18th-st., east of 4th-av., to rent, without board, to a single gentleman; family strictly private; reference required. Those wishing first-class accommodations may address HOME, Box No. 126 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVING TWO large, pleasant, well-furnished rooms to spare, with bath, gas, &c., would like to meet with gentlemen or two gentlemen and wives to board, who could appreciate a good table and home comforts. Apply at No. 225 East 31st-st.

NO. 122 WEST 12TH-ST.—A PRIVATE family, occupying a first-class house a few doors from 6th-av., will rent a handsome back parlor and extension; also, second floor, en suite four rooms, to gentleman or gentleman and wife, with board; location first-class.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, HAVING TWO large, pleasant and well furnished rooms to spare, with gas, bath, &c., would like to meet with gentlemen, or two gentlemen and their wives, to board, who could appreciate a good table and home comforts; no other boarders. Apply at No. 225 East 31st-st.

TO LET—WITH BOARD FRONT ROOM AND bedroom, to gentlemen; also a room to suit a lady that goes to business; terms moderate to parties that will suit; the location good. Apply at No. 186 2d-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE DESIRE board, with room and bedroom, up town; Yorkville, Harlem or Manhattanville; private family preferred. Address, stating terms, &c., C. L. A., Box No. 6,084 Post Office.

A SMALL FAMILY OR PARTY OF FRIENDS looking for comfortable accommodations in a private family, will find a desirable suite of rooms and good board at moderate rates by inquiring at No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 53. Location up town, west side.

WINTER BOARD AND FIRST-CLASS house and location, unusually desirable rooms, furnished and unfurnished, No. 319 West 30th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Rooms for young men at reasonable prices.

BOARDING.—A LARGE AND HANDSOMELY furnished front room, with fire, gas, &c., and board for two, $23, one for $18, one for $16, in the first-class brown-stone house, No. 149 East 51st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

THIRTY-SECOND-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV. —Handsome rooms on second and third floors, separately or together, with all the comforts of a first-class home; reference given and required. Address C. W., No. 192 5th-av.

BOARDING—NO. 21 5TH-AV.—THIS SPLENdid mansion has been newly furnished throughout, and is now opened as a first-class private boarding-house. Rooms en suite; also single rooms. References exchanged.

ROOMS TO LET—WITH BOARD, FOR young ladies and others wishing to be in the City a few months, in a pleasant New-England family, where French may be acquired and spoken, at No. 28 East 28th-st.

SEVENTEENTH-ST., FOUR DOORS east of 2d-av., opposite Stuyvesant Park.—Well-furnished rooms, with fire and gas, on the fourth floor, front, to a party of gentlemen, with first-class board; references exchanged.

NO. 13 EAST 28TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH and Madison avs.—Freshly decorated and beautifully furnished parlor floor; also second floor; other rooms in a French family; board first-class; private table or otherwise; references exchanged.

NO. 11 UNIVERSITY-PLACE—CORNER of 8th-st., handsomely furnished rooms, en suite, on first, second and third floors, to let with board; also double and single rooms for gentlemen; table unexceptionable.

TWO LARGE ROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR, newly and handsomely furnished as parlor and bedroom, to let to gentlemen, without board. Apply at No. 248 4th-av., near 20th-st.

NO. 13 WASHINGTON-PLACE, FIVE doors from the New-York Hotel.—Choicest rooms to let, singly or en suite, with or without board, with or without private table.

A FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR, CONsisting of parlor, bedroom, dressing-room and bath, to rent to one gentleman only; location between Union-square and 5th-av. Address Box No. 5,243 Post Office.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, above 35th-st., from Monday to Friday each week, by a student in Columbia College. Address Room No. 53, No. 19 Broad-st., New-York.

NO. 14 (OLD NO. 80) EAST 9TH-ST., between 5th-av. and University-place, rooms on second and third floors, en suite or singly, with board; references exchanged.

BOARD—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, FOR GENtlemen and wives, or single gentlemen; pleasant rooms; good location; at No. 315 West 19th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; reference exchanged.

BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMILY FOR two gentlemen and their wives, or four single gentlemen; pleasant rooms; good location. Call for two days at No. 50 Charles-st.

NO. 351 FIFTH-AV., SECOND DOOR below 34th-st., a fine suite of rooms to rent with board. Also single rooms for gentlemen; private table if preferred. References exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, IN FLOORS, en suite or single; house brown-stone, and first-class in every particular. Apply at No. 112 East 17th-st., near Union-square.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS on second floor, modern conveniences, to gentlemen only, without meals, or board on Sunday, at No. 108 West 12th-st., near 6th-av.

A NICELY FURNISHED SECOND STORY front room to let, with or without board, to one or two persons, in a private family, at No. 360 West 19th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

NO. 412 LEXINGTON-AV.—A FEW LAdies and gentlemen can be nicely accommodated with pleasantly furnished rooms and excellent board; references exchanged.

NO. 225 EAST 12TH-ST., NEAR BROADway.—A few gentlemen accommodated with first-class board. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Also, an elegant suite of rooms for gentleman and wife.

NO. 145 EAST 21ST-ST., GRAMERCY PARK.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite, for single gentlemen or families, with board; private table if desired; house and location desirable.

MISS SNOW HAS A HANDSOMELY furnished second floor, in perfect order, to let, with board; also, rooms for gentlemen. No. 48 West 15th-st. Highest reference exchanged.

NO. 34 WEST 25TH-ST., NEAR MADISON-SQUARE.—Desirable suites of furnished rooms for gentlemen, without board, in a first-class house.

NO. 36 WEST 9TH-ST.—HANDSOME rooms to let, with or without board; private table if preferred.

EXCELLENT BOARD—WITH ROOMS ON first, second and third floors, for families; an entire floor, with private table. 52 West 15th-st., near 6th-av.

NO. 52½ ELDRIDGE-ST.—A PRIVATE family will let, without board, a neatly furnished room, with fireplace and gas.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD FOR A GENtleman and wife, or two gentlemen, in a private family of adults. No. 216 West 15th-st.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS OR single rooms, at No. 29 West 15th-st., a few steps from Manhattan and New-York Clubs.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN FIND A VERY handsomely furnished front room on second floor of house, No. 93 2d-av.; gas, &c. Private family.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE accommodated with rooms and board in 92d-st., near 3d-av. Address M., Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, THIRD FLOOR, and plenty closet, fire and gas, with board for two, $25; house first-class; references. No. 271 West 11th-st.

NO. 56 10TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—A suite of rooms, with gas and bath, for one or two gentlemen. References exchanged.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—NO. 87 HENRY-ST. —Handsomely furnished rooms to let, with board; house strictly first-class; references.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, with first-class board. Apply at Nos. 80 and 82 West 29th-st., near 6th-av.

NO. 87 CLINTON-PLACE, NEAR 5TH-AV.—Handsomely-furnished rooms to let to first-class families and gentlemen; table first-class.

THE SECOND STORY FRONT ROOMS and a room on the fourth floor, can be had, with board, at No. 117 East 17th-st.

NO. 1,179 BROADWAY, NEXT TO COLEman House; furnished rooms, en suite or singly; hot and cold water; good location.

CHOICE OF TWO LARGE, CHEERFUL, well-furnished rooms with board, on third floor, in a private family of adults. No. 216 West 15th-st.

NO. 281 HUDSON-ST.—LARGE WELL-furnished room, with adjoining room if needed, with full or partial board. Apply as above.

ONE OR TWO DESIRABLE ROOMS TO let, with board, to permanent parties. No. 271 West 11th-st., between Bleecker and 4th sts.; references.

A LARGE, PLEASANT ROOM, WITH board, in a strictly private family of adults, for gentleman and wife or gentlemen. No. 216 West 15th-st.

NO. 33 ST. MARK'S-PLACE.—ROOMS TO let to families with first-class board; also, single rooms for gentlemen; references given and required.

NO. 22 BOND-ST.—WINTER BOARDERS accommodated, on very reasonable terms, with good board and noon dinner.

BOARDERS MAY BE ACCOMMODATED in Lafayette by addressing S. S. BERGEN, Hudson County, N. J.

A FAMILY AT NO. 260 WEST 11TH-st. will let a room on second floor, with board for two, at $18 per week. Everything home made.

BOARDING CAN BE HAD AT NO. 45 West 128th-st., in a new house and private family; reference given and required.

IN A PRIVATE GERMAN FAMILY A PHYSIcian's office and several well furnished rooms for gentlemen, without board, at No. 105 West 21st-st.

ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD, AT NO. 109 3d-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

NO. 30 WEST 16TH-ST.—FIRST-CLASS rooms, with board.

NO. 61 MADISON-AV.—ROOMS IN SUITES and single; also, entire second floor; reference

NO. 410 WEST 23D-ST.—FIRST-CLASS rooms, with board.

HARLEM.—NO. 188 128TH-ST., TO LET, WITH board, neatly furnished rooms en suite or separate.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WANTED—PERMANENTLY, BY A GENTLEman, a furnished sitting room and bedroom adjoining, or one large room, with breakfast, in a strictly private family; location near Union or Madison squares; references exchanged. Address R. S., Box No. 3,420 Post Office.

NO. 109 EAST 35TH-ST., ONE DOOR from Park-av.—A handsomely furnished suite of rooms on the first floor and a large front room on the second floor, with closets, hot and cold water, bath, &c., to let, with first-class board.

FIFTH-AV.—125.—FURNISHED ROOMS, EN suite or single, with private table.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

AT JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELS
HORSE AUCTION MART,
No. 112 East 13th-st., near 4th-av.
Regular sales every TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

Gentlemen having private establishments which they wish to dispose of, or those wishing to purchase anything in the horse line, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.
Our dealings are almost exclusively with merchants and business men, and our establishment is conducted on the same straightforward principles which govern honorable people in other branches of trade.
We give the purchaser of every horse that is warranted sound twenty-four hours for trial.
Our down-town office is at No. 39 Nassau-st., opposite the Post Office, where a register is kept of horses, carriages, &c., at private and public sales. Liberal advances made on everything in the horse line.

FACTORY OF
"BREWSTER & BALDWIN,"
No. 65 East 25th-st.

We beg to apprise the public that the price of the "BREWSTER ROAD-WAGON" IS REDUCED TO $300, and invite the inspection of all appreciating first-class carriages to call at this factory, and see our work in process of construction.
We are also prepared to show our new designs of PARK and FAMILY CARRIAGES for next Spring. Orders placed now will be put in the works early, and thus secure the advantage of slow painting.
The public are positively assured that no work is sold at this factory that is not made on the premises.
BREWSTER & BALDWIN.

BREWSTER & CO.,
OF BROOME-ST.,
Warerooms 5th-av., corner of 14th-st.,
Offer a variety of elegant carriages, exclusively of their own build; also, an assortment of the well-known "Brewster Wagons," of which they are the sole manufacturers. Strangers in town are respectfully informed that we have no connection with any establishment on Broadway, dealing in cheap carriages, under the name of Brewster.

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that the fact set forth in the advertisement of Brewster & Co., in reference to their having no connection with our house, is true; but the further statement or insinuation that we are dealers in low or inferior grades of carriages we emphatically deny. Our customers and the public generally know very well that we have a large manufactory in 25th-st., in this City, where we are, and have been for many years, building work exclusively first class, and in all essentials required in fine carriages is not excelled in this or any country. Mr. James B. Brewster, of our firm, has conducted the business in this City for thirty years, and is striving no less to-day than formerly to deserve the confidence of the public as a first-class builder. He devotes his attention exclusively to the manufactory. Messrs. Brewster & Co. are comparatively a new concern, and no doubt build good work. We have nothing to say against them; but against the imputations put upon us in their advertisement we feel called upon to defend ourselves. Our stock is large, and embraces heavy and light open and close carriages of first quality, which we offer at very reasonable prices, and guarantee in every respect to give satisfaction.
BREWSTER & BALDWIN,
Corner Broadway and 10th-st.

MINER, STEVENS & CO.,
Wareroom No. 656 Broadway, manufactory Nos. 115 to 121 East 13th-st., have on hand and are making to order every desription of the latest designs of fashionable Carriages and light Wagons, and for excellence of workmanship, design, beauty of finish and durability are warranted equal, if not superior, to any made in this market.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGES, used but a few days and as good as new; one a City coach, trimmed in blue satin; the other a caleche, trimmed in drab silk, both with combination springs, with iron loops, and made to order; can be seen at north-east corner of 5th-av. and 16th-st. Apply at entrance on 16th-st.

BAY HORSE FOR SALE—SOUND AND kind; 7 years old; about 15½ hands high; a good traveler in harness and an excellent saddle horse; Lexington stock, and sold for want of use; price $350. Can be seen at private stable No. 33 East 12th-st.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF BLACK HORSES, 7 and 8 years old, Morgan and Black Hawk stock; can travel in 3:30 to pole; also, tax wagon and double harness; the property of a private gentleman. Inquire at private stable No. 3 West 13th-st., between 9 A. M. and 12 M.

NEW BOARDING AND LIVERY STABLES, No. 132 West 31st-st. and No. 129 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; the best of ventilation and personal attention given to boarding horses.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

ACT PRUDENTLY!

Or you will go further, fare worse and pay more. See the choice PLOTS of the

MOUNT RUTHERFORD CO.,

At the Station,
RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J.
40 minutes only.

For maps, terms, &c., apply to BLAUVELT & OGILBY, No. 157 Broadway; CHARLES BLAKISTON, No. 26 Liberty-st., Agents for the Company; or to R. H. BARROWS, General Superintendent, Rutherford Park, N. J.

ROSELLE
LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,

Offers for sale lots and plots of ground, with or without houses thereon, in this beautiful region.
Roselle is only forty minutes distant from New-York, on the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, which is one of the best managed roads in the country, and has frequent communication with the city. It is seventy-five feet higher than Elizabeth, from which it is only two miles distant, and is one of the most thriving and rapidly increasing suburban towns.
There are two churches, Episcopal and Presbyterian, and a large hotel or suburban resort, with fine store on the first story, now in course of construction, and to be finished this Fall.
Applications should be made in Roselle to
W. W. DILTS, Superintendent,
Or in New-York, to
A. D. HOPE, President, No. 103 Liberty-st.

CHERRY HILL.

A. W. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., Auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey real estate, No. 26 Pine-st., will sell on TUESDAY, Oct. 14, at Cherry Hill, ten miles from New-York, 1,000 building lots, beautifully located on elevations affording fine views. Particulars hereafter.

THE COUNTRY SEAT RECENTLY OWNED BY E. C. DELAVAN FOR SALE.—The property known as "Elmwood," formerly the residence of E. C. Delavan, Esq., situated in South Ballston, Saratoga County, N. Y., on the line of the New-York Central and Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroads, half way between Schenectady and Saratoga, with a fine mansion, furnished complete, with all the modern improvements; comfortable farm-house and extensive and most convenient barns, outbuildings and stock-yards; as complete as any in the country; 250 acres of land, 50 woodland, and the remainder under a high state of cultivation. All stock, implements of husbandry and present crops to be sold, if desired, with the property. Good real estate in Albany taken in part payment. For particulars apply to the owner, J. S. DELAVAN, No. 77 Columbia-st., corner of Chapel, Albany, N. Y., or to J. CADY, Esq., Schenectady Bank, Schenectady, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A PLEASANT LITTLE PLACE among the Berkshire hills, near Pittsfield, Mass. A house, partly furnished, if desired, containing four bedrooms and three servants' rooms, parlor, dining-room, large pantries, kitchen, laundry, &c. A stable with three box stalls or loose boxes for horses. A spring of purest water is brought into the house and stable from the mountain side, supplying sinks, water-closet, &c. An acre and half of rich land under cultivation, containing large apple trees in full fruit. Three minutes' walk from railroad station, churches and schools. A very desirable little resort for a small family. Price, $6,000. Terms easy. For further particulars address D., Box No. 4,422 New-York, or Gen. BARTLETT, Pittsfield, Mass.

CHEAP AND VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS.—Price $300 each; easy payments; only $10 monthly. Right in the centre of the beautiful village of Woodside, less than three miles from New-York City. Depot on the property; only twelve minutes from 34th-st. ferry, and only thirty-five minutes from City Hall, by the James-slip Ferry. No prettier or more healthy spot around New-York. Go to meeting at MILITARY HALL, No. 193 Bowery, SATURDAY NIGHT, Sept. 26, to see and hear all about it, or apply at the store No. 58 Spring-st., under St. Nicholas Hotel.

FOR SALE—IN FLUSHING, AN ELEGANT and desirable country residence, newly built, with all the modern improvements; gas, water, baths, heater, range, wash-tubs, closets, &c.; 14 rooms; house well located on high ground; lot 100x117 feet; shrubbery, fruit trees, &c.: price $9,800; cash required, only about $2,000; balance in annual sums of $1,200, payable quarterly; by these unusually easy terms the buyer may gradually pay for a beautiful house at the cost of a moderate rent. JOHN P. ELLIS, 264 Broadway, New-York.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT FOR sale at Amboy, situated on a bluff, affording a fine view of Prince's Bay and the Highlands of Neversink. Brick mansion, three and a half stories high, containing 17 rooms, with all the modern improvements. Lot is 200x300 ft., inclosed by an iron picket fence, and beautifully improved; barn, stable, &c. $20,000. A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT INWOOD, ON THE HUDSON, a beautiful country seat, 5 acres, with brick villa, carriage-house, stable, gardener's house and other outbuildings; location on high ground, with fine view in all directions. Also, at Inwood, an elegant place of about 25 acres; Kingsbridge-road to Hudson River. For price, &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A SNUG house, 36x40, 12 rooms; barn, 4 stalls; 1½ acres, prettily laid out; 15 minutes' drive from depot, at Hackensack, N. J.; time from City to house, 1¼ hours; house and barn built within two years; price, $12,000; would exchange for house between 4th and 6th avs., worth about $25,000. Address M. L. TAYLOR, 17 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT ORANGE, N. J., NEAR Llewellyn Park, villa sites on property of A. P. Pillot, Esq., of size and terms to suit; scenery most picturesque; fine old trees on premises, and surrounded by beautiful residences; ten minutes' walk from depot. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., Room No. 3, New-York.

FOR SALE, IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—210 acres, with mansion and farm-houses, barns, and all necessary outbuildings, situate about two miles from Williamsbridge; fine view of Long Island Sound. Apply to CHAS. M. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st. No agents need apply.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FARMS IN GREAT VARIETY AT $3,000 to $20,000; also country seats and cottages at $2,000 to $35,000; good soil, healthful location and easy terms. GEORGE T. HARING, No. 170 Nassau-st., corner of Frankfort.

GREAT SALE OF VILLA PLOTS FRONTING the Raritan River, at Perth Amboy, Oct. 1, by A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO. For particulars see auction column.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE FRANCAIS. SEASON 1868-69.
Sole Lessee and Director..........J. GRAU
REOPENING NIGHT.
The Director has the honor to announce that the Theatre Francais, having been entirely remodeled, reconstructed, enlarged and newly and beautifully embellished throughout,
WILL BE REOPENED
ON MONDAY EVENING, OCT. 5, 1868,
when the new and brilliant
CORPS OF RENOWNED ARTISTS,
engaged in Europe expressly for this establishment,
WILL INAUGURATE THE SEASON WITH
FRENCH OPERA BOUFFE,
presented with a splendor of mise en scene and a perfection of detail never before attempted.
NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—The stockholders and others desirous of subscribing for the entire season, or for any stated evening each week, are respectfully requested to apply at the office of the Theatre Francais, the only place where subscriptions will be received.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager......Mr. LESTER WALLACK
TWO NEW PLAYS.
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
New and original drama in one act, entitled
SIMON BERNARD.
MR. J. W. WALLACK, MR. CHARLES FISHER, MR. B. T. RINGGOLD, MR. G. F. BROWNE, MR. E. MILTON, MR. T. WARD, MR. E. CASHIN, MRS. E. FISHER, MISS FANNIE GREEN.
To conclude with an original play, by H. J. BYRON, Esq.
DEARER THAN LIFE.
MR. JOHN GILBERT, MR. J. H. STODDART, MR. A. W. YOUNG, MR. J. B. POLK, MR. L. L. MATTHEWS, MR. J. W. LEONARD, MRS. CLARA JENNINGS, MISS EMILY MESTAYER, MISS ANNIE WARD.
Doors open at 7¼. To commence at 8 o'clock.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
THIS SATURDAY, TWO PERFORMANCES.
MATINEE—LAST APPEARANCE OF MRS. LANDER.
FAREWELL LANDER AND MARY STUART MATINEE.
MATINEE AT 1½. EVENING AT 8.
Mrs. F. W. LANDER. THE LEDGER STORY,
MARY STUART. THE HIDDEN HAND.
LAST TIME. LAST TIME.
On MONDAY, commencement of the engagement of
THE BRIGHT AND SPARKLING STARS,
Mr. and Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE,
DICKENS' NO THOROUGHFARE.
L'ABIME. L'ABIME.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
BROADWAY THEATRE.
Engagement of the distinguished artists,
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE,
COMMENCING ON MONDAY, SEPT. 28,
When will be produced a dramatization from the French of DICKENS' "NO THOROUGHFARE."
L'ABIME. L'ABIME.
Now playing with enormous success at
THE VAUDEVILLE THEATRE, PARIS.

READ
JOHN BROUGHAM'S LOTTERY OF LIFE,
in the FIRESIDE COMPANION.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st. Open from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M. Two performances daily.
Most positively last appearance of
MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL.
Afternoon at 2. Evening at 8.
FANCHON. FANCHON.
Supported by J. W. COLLIER.
MONDAY, Sept. 28, first appearance in America of MISS LYDIA THOMPSON. Comedy and Burlesque Combination and production of IXION.
Great rush for places. No Free List. No advance in prices. Box plan now open. Objects of great interest are continually being added to the Wonders of Wood's Museum.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
EIGHTH WEEK OF
FOUL PLAY.
SATURDAY MATINEE.
MONDAY, Oct. 5, will be produced, Charles Gayler's great local and sensational Drama, entitled
OUT OF THE STREETS.

GERMAN STADT THEATRE,
Nos. 45 and 47 Bowery.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Sept. 26,
Mr. HERMAN HENDRICHS
As STEPHEN FOSTER,
In Dr. Carl Taepfer's five-act drama,
GEBRUEDER FOSTER.

BRYANTS' MINSTRELS OPERA HOUSE
14th-st. Adjoining the Academy of Music. 14th-st.
CROWDED BY THE ELITE OF THE CITY,
to witness the successful burlesque opera,

Eugene as	LUCREZIA BORGIA,	The Duchess.
Unsworth as	LUCREZIA BORGIA,	Orsini.
Dempster as	LUCREZIA BORGIA,	Gennaro.
Seymour as	LUCREZIA BORGIA,	The Duke.

produced with superb scenery, costumes, appointments. Original music for grand orchestra arranged by J. H. Ross. Eph. Horn, C. Henry, Grier, Hogan, Hughes, Rockefeller.
CAPT. JINKS OF | DAN BRYANT, DAN BRYANT, | THE HORSE MARINES.
and in his original comic character of "SMOKE," in
JEEMS, THE POET.
Tin-pan-o-ni-on. Woman's Rights. Exempt Shakers.
14th-st. BRYANTS' MINSTRELS. 14th-st.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
No. 720 Broadway.
THE MOST ASTONISHING TRIUMPH ON RECORD.
ORIGINALITY, ELEGANCE AND WIT.
Crammed nightly. THE ONLY LEON. BOULOTTE. Crammed nightly.
15,000 of the elite 15,000 of the elite
ARE WITNESSES OF THE SUCCESS OF
BARBER-BLU. BARBER-BLU,
WITH
Burlesques the opera. THE ONLY LEON'S BOULOTTE. Burlesques the opera.

SIGNOR BLITZ—THE GREAT ORIGINAL.
Matinee. Dodworth's Hall, No 304 Broadway. Matinee.
Evening at 8 o'clock.
Grand Matinee to-day at 2. Magic. Grand Matinee at 2.
Sphinx, Sphinx. Magic. Sphinx, Sphinx.
The Learned Canaries. Magic. The Learned Canaries.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Mr. A. FITZGERALD—Harry Seymour's immense drama of FAIR PLAY. The new drama of JACK O' THE HEDGE.

MISS ALIDE TOPP.
Court Pianiste of the Prince of Hohenzollern-Hechingen, and pupil of Dr. Hans von Buelow, is prepared to give instruction to a limited number of pupils, and also to give finishing lessons to those who are already far advanced, and wish to become concert players. Persons desirous of engaging MISS TOPP'S services will please address her, care Steinway & Sons, No. 109 and 111 East 14th-st.

PIKE'S MUSIC HALL,
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
MacEvoy's great National Panorama, entitled THE NEW HIBERNICON, representing the beautiful scenery of Ireland. The musical illustration by talented artists. Mr. Charles MacEvoy as Barney the Guide. Full chorus and orchestra. Matinee every SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

LIBRARY HALL, ORANGE, N. J.
MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, SEPT. 28 AND 30,
CARRINGTON'S POETIC READINGS, WITH RUNNING COMMENTS.

READ
THE DISGUISED TRAPPER OF OLANCHO.
In the FIRESIDE COMPANION, just out.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st., and
No. 820 Broadway, New-York;
Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Court-st., cor. of State, Brooklyn,
WILL REOPEN TUESDAY, SEPT. 1, 1868.
SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.
Every branch of music taught, privately or in classes, by the most competent masters, at moderate prices. Instruction also in the modern languages. Circulars at the music-stores of Wm. A. Pond & Co., G. Schirmer, Ditson & Co., S. T. Gordon, Jordens & Martens, Dachauer & Vilanova, and at the Conservatory.

EXERCISE, HEALTH, AMUSEMENT.—J. WOOD'S Gymnastic Academy, No. 6 East 28th-st.; open day and evening; $20 per year.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

BROADWAY PROPERTY TO LEASE.
No. 627, near Bleecker-st.; building marble, seven stories; lot 200 ft. by 50, through to Mercer-st.; desirable for a LARGE WHOLESALE BUSINESS, or may be occupied as FOUR STORES, each 25 by 100 feet—two on Broadway and two on Mercer-st., if wanted the lessee can have a loan of
$150,000 or $200,000.

$8,500.—A CHANCE SELDOM OFFERED.—For sale, a splendid corner house with French roof, gas and all improvements; stable and coach-house in rear; convenient to horse and steam cars. Apply to JOHN L. BURNETT, corner of 145th-st., Boston Road, North New-York.

FOR SALE—ON 38TH-ST., BETWEEN MADIson and 5th-avs., an elegant brown-stone high-stoop house, with furniture (new) and stable in rear, on 39th-st.; lot 24x200 feet. Apply to W. W. WAKEMAN & CO., No. 17 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—18TH-ST. NEAR IRVING-PLACE, house furnished and in complete order; immediate possession. Price, $18,500. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

MADISON-AV. LOTS FOR SALE—ENtire front on the avenue, between 45th and 46th sts., west side. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE stable No. 140 West 18th-st. Apply to WM. H. ROSS, No. 117 Broadway.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, NO. 87 SECOND-place, first-class brown-stone dwelling, three-story and basement, in complete order; immediate possession; 25x50x115, 33 feet courtyard. Keys at No. 350 Clinton-street, corner of Carroll, or apply to JOHN RANKIN, Jr., No. 128 Broadway, New-York.

JOHNSON & MILLER'S REAL ESTATE GAzette, published at 12 o'clock this day, will contain descriptions of the Brooklyn property offered by them for sale. Send for a copy to No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

SEND TO JOHNSON & MILLER'S FOR A map of the great sale of 548 Flatbush lots near Prospect Park, to be sold by them Oct. 13. Offices No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY A BROOKLYN house or lot, a farm or a country-seat, send for a copy of the *Real Estate Gazette*, corrected and published weekly by JOHNSON & MILLER, Auctioneers, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING a furnished house, with the privilege of taking a few select boarders: must be in a good location, and rent not to exceed $300 per month. Address Mrs. HUDSON, No. 49 West 20th-st.

WANTED TO HIRE—FROM NOV. 1, THREE-story house, good location, between 10th and 40th-sts., and 3d and 8th-avs. Address, stating full particulars, R., Box No. 126 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, A WELL-furnished house in a good location. Address Box No. 97 Post Office.

COUNTRY BOARD.

BOARD AT CORNWALL FOR THE FALL and Winter. JAMES G. ROE.
CORNWALL, Sept. 15, 1868

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—SATURDAY.
THIS AFTERNOON AND TO-NIGHT.
221st performance of G. L. Fox's Pantomime,
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
The great Pantomimist,
Mr. GEORGE L. FOX as CLOWN.
MATINEE at 1½, and TO-NIGHT.
FAIRY MARVELS, H. D.
INTREPID LEAPS, H. D.
UPROARIOUS FUN, H. D.
GREAT DANCING, H. D.
GORGEOUS SCENERY, H. D.
COMIC TRICKS. H. D.
The Great Danseuse, Mlle. SANGALLI.
THIS AFTERNOON at 1½, and TO-NIGHT.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
JARRETT & PALMER..........Lessees and Managers
BATEMAN'S OPERA BOUFFE.
LAST NIGHTS OF BARBE BLEUE.
LAST NIGHTS OF THE CHARMING IRMA.
Last nights of the popular tenor, AUJAC.
Notwithstanding the perfect success which has attended the production of
BARBE BLEUE,
Mr. Bateman regrets that he is compelled to announce its withdrawal on and after THURSDAY, Oct. 8.
Last nights of Jarrett & Palmer's
PARISIAN BALLET TROUPE.
Seats secured six days in advance at the box office, and Schirmer's music store, No. 701 Broadway.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
POSITIVELY LAST MATINEE
THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, AT 1.
BARBE BLEUE,
With Mlle. IRMA and Mons. AUJAC.
Seats secured as usual.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.
7th-av., between 58th and 59th sts.
THEODORE THOMAS'
POPULAR GARDEN CONCERTS.
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, SEPT. 26, AT 8.
EXTRA GALA NIGHT.

1. March, "Greeting"	Granes
2. Marche des Imperiaux (Julius Cæsar)	Bulow
3. Song, "Wandering Minstrel"	Gumbert
4. Waltz, "Telegrams"	Strauss
5. Fantasie, "Don Juan"	Mozart
6. Ballad, "The Two Grenadiers"	Schumann
7. Overture, "Jubel"	Weber
BY THE TWO ORCHESTRAS.	
8. March and Chorus, "Ruins of Athens"	Beethoven
BY THE TWO ORCHESTRAS.	
9. Grand Fantasie, "Ernani"	Verdi
BY THE TWO ORCHESTRAS.	
10. Chorus, "Hallelujah" (Messiah)	Handel
BY THE TWO ORCHESTRAS.	
11. March, "My Austria"	Hamm
12. Overture, "Maritana"	Wallace
13. Fantasie, "Grande Duchesse"	Offenbach
14. Waltz, "Autumn Roses"	Strauss
15. Song, "After"	Millard
16. Polka, "Grecian Bend"	C. Mueller
17. Coronation March, "Prophet"	Meyerbeer
BY THE TWO ORCHESTRAS	
CONDUCTOR	THEODORE THOMAS

ADMISSION FIFTY CENTS.
Private Boxes, TWO DOLLARS EXTRA.
For sale at G. Schirmer's music store, No. 701 Broadway.

NEW-YORK MENDELSSOHN UNION.
FIFTEENTH SEASON.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1868.
The Board of Officers beg leave to announce to the subscribers and members that they have secured the valuable services of
MR. THEODORE THOMAS
AS CONDUCTOR OF THE SOCIETY
during the season of 1868 and 1869.
They also announce that the first rehearsal of the season will be held at the Society's rooms, corner of 5th-av. and 14th-st., on
MONDAY EVENING, 28th inst.,
and every succeeding Monday evening, at the same time and place.
Persons desirous of joining the Society are invited to make early application on the evenings for rehearsal, or of the Secretary, T. L. HARRIS, No. 18 East 14th-st. WM. A. POND, President.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
NO. 585 BROADWAY.
GLORIOUS SUCCESS, RECEIVED WITH SCREAMS OF DELIGHT.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD AND BACKUS,
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
When they will produce an original Opera Bouffe entitled BARBER BROWN; OR, THE PACIFIC SLOPER. And produced in a style of splendor never yet equaled on the minstrel stage.

SIGNOR BLITZ—THE GREAT ORIGINAL.
Matinee. Dodworth's Hall, No. 304 Broadway. Matinee.
Evening at 8 o'clock.
Grand Matinee to-day at 2. Magic. Grand Matinee at 2.
Sphinx, Sphinx. Magic. Sphinx, Sphinx.
The Learned Canaries. Magic. The Learned Canaries.

READ
AUGUSTIN DALY'S "FLASH OF LIGHTNING,"
in the FIRESIDE COMPANION.

THE TURF.

RICHMOND COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—Owing to the storm, the racing and trotting is postponed until THIS DAY, (Saturday.) The hurdle race comes off at 1 P. M., the members' running race at 2 P. M., and three trots between 2½ and 4 o'clock. Lobelia, Capt. Moore, Birague, Tycoon, Newburg and other good horses are on the ground, ready to start. Special train will leave on arrival of 11 o'clock boat from New-York.
HIRAM DIXON, Superintendent.

MUSICAL.

MME. WM. VINCENT WALLACE
Begs respectfully to announce to her friends, pupils and the public that she has returned to the City for the season. Address Chickering & Sons and Wm. Hall & Son, Broadway.

MR. CHRISTIAN HOFFMANN BEGS to announce to his pupils and the public that he will return from Europe in the steamer *Hammonia*, from Hamburg, to resume his instruction in the art of piano-playing, singing, theory of music, &c. Applications will be received at GEORGE STECK & CO.'S Piano Warerooms, No. 141 8th-st., near Broadway.

A FEW ADDITIONAL PUPILS ON THE piano are desired by a young lady who is a competent teacher, and herself a pupil of one of the first professors in the City. Address Miss N., Station L., New-York City.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN COMPANY WAREROOMS, No. 596 Broadway, New-York, offer the largest assortment of instruments of this class in the country, including the celebrated Mason & Hamlin cabinet organs, fifty styles; Metropolitan organs, five styles; portable organs, four styles. Also second-hand organs and melodeons. Organs rented or sold payable by installments.

AN EASY WAY OF PROCURING WHAT YOU WANT.—HORACE WATERS & CO., No. 481 Broadway, will dispose of a few new and second-hand pianos, melodeons and organs of five first-class makers, and take from $5 to $25 monthly until paid. Fifty new and second-hand instruments for rent, and rent applied if purchased, or for sale at bargains for cash.

NO. 82 EAST NINTH-STREET, OPPOSITE STEWART'S.—Agents for the celebrated Decker & Co. Pianos. First-class instruments of all styles at very low prices. Good second-hand Pianos from $100 upward. Also rented, and rent allowed if purchased. A very superior Nunn's Piano, 7¾ octave for $135.
JOHNSTON & HARDENBROOK.

BOOSEY'S 50 CENT. PIANOFORTE OPERAS.—Grand Duchess, La Belle Helene, &c. "In cheapness and neatness these publications are unsurpassed."—New-York *Times*, Sept. 21. Catalogues of Boosey's cheap publications free, No. 644 Broadway.

J. & D. WALKER'S PIANO-ROOMS, formerly Astor-place, now No. 47 12th-st., a few doors west of Broadway.—A large assortment of new and second-hand pianos for sale and hire at low prices. N. B.—Allowance made for hire, if purchased.

PIANOS—50 SECOND HAND PIANO FORTES OF various makers in thorough repair and good order, which in consequence of removal, we offer for sale at low prices. CHICKERING & SONS, No. 11 East 14th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

100 NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES cheap for cash; also, to let, and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square.

CHURCH ORGANS.—W. H. DAVIS, NO. 46 Downing-st., church organ builder, has for sale organs from 10 to 22 stops, pedal bass: warranted.

NEW MUSIC.—MUSIC BOOKS. MUSICAL Instruments. General assortment cheap. MILLET'S Music Store, No. 395 Broadway.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED ladies, with or without medicine, by Mme. RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared for married ladies, price $5, which never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., and at Druggists, 152 Greenwich-st., or sent by mail. Caution—All others are counterfeits.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES—DR. AND Mme. DUBOIS (25 years' practice) guarantee certain relief to married ladies, with or without medicine; no pain or inconvenience. Female restorative, $5. Patients from a distance provided with board, nursing, &c. Electricity scientifically applied. Office, No. 38 3d-av., below 10th-st., N. Y. No deception, no quackery.

BLOOD.—MANHOOD—NOTHING SO IMPORTant. Send two stamps for sealed 72 pages on the whole subject. Dr. WHITTIER, confidential physician, 617 St. Charles-st., St. Louis, Mo., stands preeminently above all others in his specialty. No matter who failed, state your case. Patients treated by mail in every State.

VIGOR AND MANHOOD REGAINED by using Dr. POWERS' Life Elixir; recommended to all contemplating marriage. Office 116 Chatham-st.

THE WORST PRIVATE DISEASES cured immediately, without mercury, by Dr. POWERS, No. 116 Chatham-st.; only medicine to cure.

LADIES—DR. POWERS, NO. 116 CHATHAM-st., will relieve you, whatever the cause, with or without medicine: his powerful medicines, $5, certain.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st. Since 1834.

ASTROLOGY.

MME. DECOLAM, THE BUSINESS AND Medical Clairvoyant, has returned, and can be consulted at No. 60 East 26th-st., corner 4th-av.

NO. 165 BOWERY.—MME WIDGER, CLAIRvoyant, tells all you want to know; losses, sickness, medicines for all diseases, &c.

THE ALLEGED POLICE OUTRAGE

Examination Before Justice Mansfield—Corroboration of the Story of the Complainant—The Statement of the Accused Officers.

Yesterday the examination in the case of MICHAEL BAUST, No. 99 Third-street, who charges Sergeant MCCREADY and Officer SHEEHAN, of the Seventeenth Precinct, with an assault, which was fully reported in the TIMES of yesterday, was proceeded with before Justice MANSFIELD, at the Essex Market Police Court. The affair appears to have created a great excitement, and the court-room was densely crowded throughout the day by spectators, who manifested the deepest interest in the case. The accused officers were present, and whatever may have been their conduct Wednesday evening, they were yesterday the reverse of rampant, contenting themselves with quietly watching the proceedings. MCCREADY, however, during the morning, occasionally cross-examined the various witnesses. The following testimony was taken at the morning session.

Michael Baust, the complainant, upon cross-examination, said that he was positive McCready was in the store with the two men who asked for lager, and that McCready asked him who was his choice for President; he was also sure that the Sergeant beat and kicked him on the steps, and pushed him violently in the Station-house, but did not strike him while there.

Michael Gerber, of No. 99 Third-street, was called, and testified that he is barkeeper for Mr. Baust, the last witness; remember the occurrence on last Wednesday evening; I recognize Sergeant McCready and Officer Sheehan as two of the men who were in the saloon on Wednesday night; the men came in and I was behind the bar; they called for lager; I said we had no lager, then Mr. Baust came and said we have wine, and gave them three glasses of wine; two then drank the wine, and the Sergeant's glass fell over; they then asked for more wine and got it; I then heard Mr. Baust and the Sergeant have a conversation about the President: I heard the words "President" and "Seymour" in English; Mr. Baust said, "My man is Seymour," and McCready said, "My man is Grant;" after this Officer Sheehan took a hold of Mr. Baust behind the bar; the Sergeant told him, "You have got to go along to the Station-houser." Mr. Baust said to me, "Give me my coat and hat," and I gave him his coat and hat, and he went with the officers and they pulled him along, and when next I looked I saw him lying on the steps in front of the door; I called "Watch, watch," and some people came; the men took a hold of Mr. Baust and kicked him and knocked him down; they kicked me afterward; all three kicked him at once; I can't tell who struck him first; the officers were dressed in citizens' clothes; they arrested me when I came to the assistance of Baust; the Sergeant took hold of me till another man came, and they took us to the Station-house; I was not in the saloon when Mrs. Baust came in; the Sergeant (McCready) kicked me in the Station-house; I mean to say he pushed me with his fist; this was when I was walking to the cell; I was brought before the Judge here and he told me to go home; there was no complaint against me.

Peter Skeltknecht was sworn and testified: On Wednesday evening heard a voice "murder," and ran to Baust's house, where I saw three men kicking Baust, who was lying on the steps; I asked the men who they were, and Sergt. McCready, after they got back in the saloon, said, with an oath and offensive remark about Baust's parentage, "I am Sergeant of the Seventeenth Precinct;" Mrs. Baust came to the doorway to protect her husband, and I saw McCready and Sheehan strike her on the breast; Mr. Baust then came into the saloon, after having been beaten on the steps, and sat down on the table; McCready came into the saloon, and slamming his fist down on the table, exclaimed in a loud voice, with an oath, "I'll be d—d if I don't close every Dutch hole in First-avenue, from Seventh-street to Houston-street," and then commenced to turn the people out of Baust's place, saying that he was going to close that up; Baust said you have no right to close my place, I pay license, and it is not twelve o'clock yet; Sergt. McCready then took hold of Baust and took him off to the Station-house; I followed, and on the way there I asked who was Sergt. McCready, and he then said I was his prisoner; Sheehan said, "You Dutch ——," and he grabbed me and used me very roughly; on the way to the Station-house I think the men were so drunk that they could scarcely stand on their feet; at the Station-house the Sergeant at the desk asked me my name; Sergt. Delamanter was in command at the time; I turned around, and Sergt. McCready struck me twice in the face with his clenched fist in the presence of Delamanter; they then carried me to the cell; I asked what I was arrested for, and I got an answer for "disorderly conduct;" the Sergeant at the desk told me so; I was then locked in a cell, where I remained all night, and was taken to the Court next morning by Officer Axtell, who said he had no complaint to make, and I was discharged; saw Officer Sheehan push and jerk Baust against the railing of the desk; the officers were certainly under the influence of liquor, and were boisterous in their conversation; they were very much excited; the man who was with them, Patrick McCauley, was also excited; I have been informed Patrick McCauley is the name of the third party; the officers were dressed in citizens' clothes.

At 2:30 o'clock the examination was resumed. Judge QUACKENBUSH appeared as counsel for MCCREADY, and asked for an adjournment, saying that the defendants were not ready to proceed, and that when prepared with their evidence they would be able to show an entirely different state of facts from those deposed to by the witnesses for the prosecution. Justice MANSFIELD refused to grant the motion for an adjournment, and the case was proceeded with.

William Diehm, No. 40 First-avenue, testified that on Wednesday evening, hearing a loud noise in Baust's saloon, he went in and saw three men pulling somebody out and down upon the steps, where they beat and kicked him; he saw it was Baust, who, getting out of their clutches, went back into the saloon and sat on the table; in about three minutes the three men, one of whom he knew to be Sergt. McCready, entered the saloon, and the latter said, "All you Dutch must clear out of here," and took hold of Baust by the neck and pushed him out the door, saying he was a prisoner. Witness stated that he saw Sheehan strike Mrs. Baust, and also that Baust was cut and bleeding at the time of his arrest by McCready, and that both he and Sheehan were dressed as civilians at the time, and appeared to be intoxicated.

Deidrich Geils, No. 72 Third-street, testified, that Wednesday night he heard the cry of "help," "watch," and ran over to Baust's place, from where it proceeded; he found two men lying on the steps, the top man being Sheehan, who was beating the man underneath, who was Baust; witness endeavored to separate the parties, and that at this juncture Mrs. Baust came down and tried to rescue her husband, when Sheehan struck her twice in the breast with his fist; when Sheehan let go of Baust, the latter went back in the saloon and sat down; shortly Sergt. McCready came in with Officer Axtell, who was in uniform, and directed him to arrest Baust, saying he (the Sergeant) would make the charge against him: McCready and Sheehan were not in uniform, and both appeared to be under the influence of liquor; he did not hear either of them use any abusive language.

Andrew Egert, of No. 139 East Fourth-street, testified that he went in the saloon and saw Baust sitting on a table, cut and bleeding; McCready came in and said, putting his hand on his shoulder, "You are my prisoner," and then took him by the neck and "chucked" him violently against another policeman, who was in uniform; Skeltknecht asked McCready who he was, and he replied that he was Sergt. McCready, and, using an obscene epithet, took the questioner into custody, Sheehan taking hold of him and pushing him along; witness stated that he went to the Station-house, where he saw McCready strike Skeltknecht in the face with his fist, and also saw him push Baust violently with his knee.

Upon the conclusion of the testimony of this witness the further hearing of the case was adjourned until this morning at 9 o'clock, when the testimony for defence will be introduced.

STATEMENT OF THE OFFICERS.

The accused officers yesterday made statements explanatory of the affair, and that of Sergt. MCCREADY is to the effect that Wednesday evening, about 11 o'clock, he was approaching BAUST's place, No. 99 Third-street, when he saw a scuffle going on upon the steps between three or four men. Being in citizen's dress, he put on his shield and went up to put an end to the difficulty. The persons scuffling were SHEEHAN, the officer, one MCCAULEY and BAUST, and upon the representations of SHEEHAN, BAUST was arrested, and a moment later the man SKELTKNECHT was arrested for an attempted rescue of the prisoner BAUST. The two prisoners were taken to the Station-house and locked up, and Sergt. MCCREADY denies most emphatically that either of them was struck or roughly used in any way in the Station-house; and in this he is corroborated by Sergt. DELAMATER, who was in command at the time. Sergt. MCCREADY says, in addition, that he was not in BAUST's place on Wednesday evening, and hence that he did not strike BAUST for saying he was for SEYMOUR, and that he did not strike him at all on any occasion. The Sergeant further says that he is abundantly able to prove that he was not under the influence of liquor on the evening in question, and also that he did appear at the Essex Market Police Court against the prisoners Thursday morning, but that they were discharged before he could make a charge against them.

Officer SHEEHAN states that he entered BAUST's saloon in company with a friend named MCCAULEY; that the difficulty originated between the latter and BAUST in consequence of a remark made by MCCAULEY as to sour kraut being a good thing to get fat on; SHEEHAN also declares that he appeared at the Essex Market Court Thursday morning to make good his charge against BAUST and SKELTKNECHT, and he also denies that Mrs. BAUST was struck by himself or any one else, so far as he knows.

The accused officers are at liberty on their parole, and manifest a desire for a thorough examination, which they say is their only means for a vindication of their character as officers and citizens, and they are also sure that Justice MANSFIELD will accord them the desired opportunity.

THE CORNELL UNIVERSITY.—Thursday, at noon, a meeting of the Board of Examiners, appointed by the Boards of Supervisors and Education, met at the depot of the latter Board in Red Hook-lane, for the purpose of hearing the claims of candidates for scholarships in the Cornell University at Ithaca, N. Y. There were present, on the part of the Supervisors, Messrs. SMITH and SPRAGUE and Drs. WRIGHT and COCHRAN, and on behalf of the Board of Education, Dr. THORNE, Mr. PIERSON, Dr. CONKLIN and Mr. FIELD. Several candidates presented themselves, but, with the view of making the schools generally acquainted with the matter, an adjournment was had until Monday week, at 3 o'clock P. M. All public schools and academies under the supervision of the Regency of the University of New-York are each entitled to send one competitor. The University at Ithaca will open on the 7th of October next. Candidates under 15 years of age are not received, and it should be understood that every scholar must pay his own board. Nine scholars may be sent from Kings County—one from each Assembly District.

DARING ROBBERY.

Simplicity and the Land Shark—A Box of Coin Stolen from a Sea-Captain in a Banking-house.

A very adroit and daring robbery was committed yesterday afternoon, when the thief obtained possession of nearly $2,000 worth of foreign coin. It appears that a Mr. BALFOUR, an English sea-captain, temporarily stopping at the Stevens House, in Broadway, near Bowling-green, entered the Bank of Commonwealth, on the corner of Pine and Nassau streets, about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, with a small wooden box about eight inches square, containing £400 in foreign coin, mostly English sovereigns, and as he entered the bank, (supposing it to be the office of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,) he laid the box on the narrow ledge outside of the railing protecting the cashier's desk. He then passed up the office and inquired for the managing partner of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.'s firm. As he was standing talking to the cashier, the box was noticed in a casual way by Mr. COYLE, the private detective of the bank, who, out of mere curiosity, took it up to examine it. He found it to be marked. "Capt. BALFOUR, Lloyds, England," and as it was quite heavy he made inquiries and ascertained that the English stranger owned the box and had entered the wrong office. As Capt. BALFOUR left the bank to call at DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.'s, who have their office directly opposite the bank, the detective remarked: "That man carries his money about very carelessly, and if he leaves it like he did here he may lose it. I guess I'll go over and see how he acts."

Mr. BALFOUR, on entering the banking office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co., deposited the box of coin on some boxes which were piled up near the door, and then carelessly walked down the office and repeated his inquiry for Mr. DUNCAN. He was directed by the clerk to the door of the manager's room, and when he turned round to direct the clerk's attention to the box, he was astonished to find it gone. So quietly and rapidly had the robbery been effected that even Mr. COYLE did not see the thief leave the office, though he was only a few seconds behind the despoiled owner. The Police were instantly informed of the occurrence, but they are, of course, at a complete loss where to look for the audacious operator in bullion. Capt. JAMESON, of the First Precinct, at once notified the Inspector on duty at headquarters, and an effort will be made to discover the thief. Capt. BALFOUR took his loss very philosophically, remarking, "I might as well have left it on the sidewalk," as indeed he might, for it would have been far more safe than where he did leave it.

National Labor Union.

The National Labor Congress resumed its sitting yesterday morning at Germania Hall, Bowery, Mr. WM. H. SYLVIS, the new President, being in the chair.

The platform was taken up, debated, and adopted. The first clause related to a reform of the monetary system of this country, and contained, among other items, an attack on the system of National Banks:

The platform further asserted that money should, instead of being a power to centralize wealth in a few hands, be a power to distribute products to producers, in accordance with the labor performed in their production.

Another clause stated it to be essential to the prosperity and happiness of the people and the stability of our Democratic Republican institutions that the public domain be distributed as widely as possible among the people, a land monopoly being equally as oppressive to the people and dangerous to our institutions as the present money monopoly. To prevent this the public lands should be given in reasonable quantities and to none but actual occupants.

Also that it is the imperative duty of Congress to make such wise and just regulations as shall afford all the means of acquiring the knowledge requisite to the intelligent exercise of the privileges and duties pertaining to sovereignty; and that Congress should ordain that eight hours labor between the rising and setting of the sun should constitute a day's work in all Government works and places where the National Government has exclusive jurisdiction, and that it is equally imperative on the several States to make like provision by legal enactment.

A general system of labor organizations was recommended. Coöperation of industry, or the formation of industrial associations, was recommended as a sure and lasting remedy for existing industrial abuses. The support of the Union was pledged to the working women. It was, among other kindred resolutions, decided that where a working man is found capable and available for any office, the preference should be invariably given to him. The abolition of the contract system in prisons was urged.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mrs. MCDONALD offered a resolution that this Congress see that woman's labor cannot cease to be other than a degradation until she has the right to say what she shall be taxed and who shall disburse her money. Therefore we recommend that the State Legislature take immediate steps to amend the charter of the village of Mount Vernon, Westchester County, N. Y., so that women holding real estate can vote on the election of town and village officers, on appropriation of moneys, and be eligible to hold office under the town and village charter.

A number of other resolutions were passed, and an adjournment took place until this morning at 9.

Fatal Railroad Accident at White Plains.

Thursday night, about 11:45 o'clock, when the milk train on the Harlem Railroad was about leaving White Plains, going north, a man named AUGUSTUS REYNOLDS, about 60 years old, living at Bankerville, fell either from the depot or car platform on the track, between the tender and first car. The train being in motion, his head was completely severed from the body. The conductor stopped the train, and the body was taken into the depot. Coroner VAN TASSLE held an inquest yesterday morning, when it appeared in evidence that he had been left by the up way-train, and had probably attempted to get on the milk train while in motion, and had fallen between the cars, as he went out of the Oriwampum House just as the train was ready to start. He leaves a family.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

MUSIC AT CENTRAL PARK.—The Park Commissioners announce that if the weather be fine there will be music on the Mall, at the Park, to-day, commencing at 3:30 P. M. The following is the programme:

PROEM MARCH.

1. Overture, "La Sermont"....Auber
2. March, "The Scholars' Gate"....Dodworth
3. Polka, "Katy Did"....Jullien

PART II.

4. Grand Selection, "Orphee aux Enfer"....Offenbach
5. Waltz, "Ander Shonen Blauen donau"....Strauss
6. Concert March, "Gen. Chickering"....Brignoli
7. Overture, "William Tell"....Rossini

PART III.

8. Mazurka, "Greeting from Afar"....Heinsdorf
9. Quadrille, "L. Oeil Creve"....Herve
10. Miserreri from Trovatore....Verdi
11. Galop, "Hit or Miss"....Herve

Finale, Union.

YOUNG AMERICAN LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—At the semi-annual election of this Association, held at their rooms, No. 699 Broadway, the following officers were elected: CHARLES SPEYER, President; MYER GOLDSMITH, Vice-President; NATHAN STERN, Recording Secretary; MOSES S. WYMAN, Financial Secretary; MYER KALLMAN, Treasurer. At the instance of the installation of the officers, Mr. SPEYER, the President, made some eloquent remarks reflecting the progress of the Association. He was followed by Mr. GOLDSMITH, Vice-President, and Mr. WYMAN, Financial Secretary. Mr. ISAAC RITTER, Ex-President, was appointed Librarian. The public are invited to call and see the rooms. The library will be open every evening after Oct. 1, 1868.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—L. A. de Padua Fleury, Secretary of the Brazilian Legation, is at the New-York Hotel. Gen. J. K. Barnes, of Washington; Hon. Robert S. Hale, of Elizabethtown; Gen. J. H. Martindale, of Rochester, and Col. Ludington, of the United States Army, are at the Hoffman House. R. de Aguilar, of the Spanish Legation, is at the St. Denis Hotel. Gen. Anderson, of the United States Army, is at the Clarendon Hotel. Gen. H. A. Barnum, of Syracuse, and B. Buffum, of Providence, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Hon. S. P. Wrisley, of Washington, is at the Metropolitan Hotel.

ACCIDENTS.—Last evening ELIZABETH WEISS, aged 69, who resided in One Hundred and Fifteenth-street, was knocked down near her house by a train on the Harlem Railroad and had both arms broken. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital. A man named JOHN ORR, who endeavored to rescue her, was also struck by the engine and was seriously hurt....Last night MARY DOYLE, living at No. 1 State-street, fell down two pairs of stairs and was severely injured. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Last evening CARRIE WHITMORE was arrested for being drunk and disorderly in the street, and was placed in a cell in the Eighth Precinct Station-house. During the evening she twice attempted to commit suicide by hanging herself with portions of her clothing to the cell grating, but on both occasions she was cut down by the doorman before she had done herself any serious injury. She was then handcuffed to insure a cessation of her efforts.

MEETING OF MASTER MASONS.—The regular meeting of the master masons was held yesterday, at 2 P. M., at No. 51 Liberty-street, the President, Mr. JOHN T. CONOVER, in the chair. The original resolution with regard to eight-hour labor was passed; reports representing that ten-hour labor was plentiful were presented, and the meeting adjourned. The master masons meet regularly every Monday and Friday for the formal reiteration of the ten-hour resolution. The striking is practically at an end.

ROBBED BY A WOMAN.—THOMAS RYDEN, of No. 75 Elizabeth-street, visited MINNIE SMITH on Thursday night, and managed to lose $35 while in her company, which he carried in a pocket-book. As the victim discovered the empty wallet concealed under a bed, he caused MINNIE's arrest, and she was arraigned before Justice HOGAN yesterday, who fully committed her for trial.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Last evening a Spaniard known only as "JOSEPH," who resided at No. 37 Thompson-street, died suddenly, and the Coroner was notified to hold an inquest.

BRIEF ITEMS.—Considerable excitement was occasioned in Broadway, yesterday afternoon, by the discovery of flames issuing from one of the chimneys of DELMONICO's restaurant, corner Chambers-street and Broadway. The fire was extinguished without damage to the building and the crowd dispersed....The body of a male infant was found yesterday morning on the basement steps of the building No. 60 Mulberry-street, by Officer GARLAND, of the Sixth Ward Police....MARY ANN BEATTY, aged 35, fell on the sidewalk in Seventeenth-street, near Eighth-avenue, and sustained a fracture of a leg. She was sent to the Bellevue Hospital....A rabid dog, which had bitten a child in Forty-second-street, near Broadway, was killed yesterday by Officer REMSEN, of the Twenty-second Precinct....CONRAD ACKERMAN was found dead in bed at No. 786 First street, yesterday morning....WM. ATKINS died suddenly at his residence, No. 422 Eighth-avenue.

NEW-JERSEY.

CLEVER ROGUES—ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN MONEY UNDER FALSE PRETENCES.—In September of last year an industrious young man named JOHN K. JERKINS, of Jersey City, was burned out, and all his property, consisting of two horses, carts, &c., destroyed. Several gentlemen in Jersey, taking pity on the young man, immediately set about raising a subscription list, which was headed by Mayor GOPSILL with $25. Contributions flowed in fast, and many a friend offered to assist JERKINS in any way they could be of service. Among those who came to tender assistance was Mr. CHARLES LOBDELL, who saluted JERKINS with all the familiarity of an old acquaintance, and promised to go around with him collecting subscriptions. The offer was kindly and thankfully accepted, although it came from a perfect stranger. That night CHARLEY managed to obtain the subscription list under the representation that "as our Club meets to-night, it would be well to lay that document before the members." JERKINS, however, got suspicious. He could not believe in such kindness from a total stranger, and in company with a friend watched LOBDELL, whom he saw going to New-York with CAMPBELL instead of to the Club. He dogged him through the streets, but at length all unfortunately met and recognized one another. The sympathetic individual, however, darted off again and was seen no more that night, but the following day the list was sent back to JERKINS, one name added, and inclosed was a dollar and an anonymous note, saying that the writer had to go to New-York and had not time to collect. Since then he had not been seen or heard of until a few days ago, when he was arrested by Detective NUGENT. He was remanded.

SUICIDE AND IDENTIFICATION.—Wednesday afternoon an unknown man deliberately threw himself under a train of cars of the New-Jersey Railroad at Newark. He was so horribly mangled that it was feared his remains could not be identified. It has been since discovered that the unfortunate man is a Mr. JOHN SHELDON, who resided in Prospect-street, sashmaker by trade. On the day of the occurrence deceased was laboring under a fit of temporary insanity, and had that morning been arrested for breaking the window-panes of Mr. COMPTON's livery stable, Newark. He was then given in charge of his relatives, from whose surveillance he escaped and ended his life, as already described.

SHIP DESERTION.—A man named ELI PHINNEY, a native of New England, and Captain of the schooner *Belsora L. Sherman*, made a complaint yesterday at Jersey City, before United States Commissioner JACKSON, against JAMES DOUGHERTY and AUGUST BORK, for having deserted his ship. Both were engaged for a trip from Barnstable, Mass., to New-York, and then for a three months, general freighting voyage. But upon the arrival of the ship at Jersey City, the men refused to work, hence the present case. At the suggestion of the Commissioner an arrangement was made whereby they received their discharge.

CRANBERRIES.—Mr. JOHN TORRY, of Manchester, N. J., has seven acres of land planted with cranberries. In 1864 the planting of his bog cost $1,520 99, and the cost of cultivation, &c., came to $1,664 60, making a total of $3,185 43. His first yield was in 1865, when he gathered six barrels, which sold for $58 78. In 1866 the crop netted $800; in 1867 the value of the crop was $1,600, and in 1868 it will net $2,600, so that up to the present there has been a profit of about $2,000. The bog will not be in full bearing before the seventh year.

BURGLARY AND ARREST.—Shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday morning the store of JOHN HINCE, No. 297 Newark-avenue, Jersey City, was burglariously entered through a rear window, and an accordion valued at $50, and $15 in money, were stolen. Yesterday afternoon Officer STRATFORD arrested an Englishman named WM. KASHOW, manufacturer, on suspicion of being an accomplice of two other men in committing the robbery. He was committed for examination.

SHOCKING RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—A laborer named THOMAS RING, who resided at the corner of Third and Prospect-streets, Jersey City, was run over yesterday evening at the Prospect-street crossing of the Erie Railroad. His head having been crushed between the wheels, he was instantly killed. Deceased was 27 years of age, and leaves a wife and child. Coroner WARREN will hold an inquest.

ALLEGED PERJURY.—A saloon-keeper of Summit-avenue, Hudson City, named FINEN, was yesterday arrested charged with perjury in having falsely accused several young men of maltreating him, and threatening to take his life in his saloon. He was held to bail in $500.

BOYS IN BLUE.—The Grant and Colfax Legions of Jersey City turned out in full force last night, with uniform and lamps, and proceeded to the City of Bergen, for the purpose of participating in a meeting held at that place.

POETIC READINGS.—CARRINGTON'S Poetic Readings, with running comments, will be given at Library Hall, Orange, N. J., next Monday evening. The entertainment will be continued on Wednesday evening at the same place.

Brilliant Wedding.

On Thursday, 24th inst., was married in St. Peter's Church, Albany, by Rev. Dr. DOANE, Brig.-Gen. MARVIN, Adjutant-General of the State of New-York, to CATHERINE L., daughter of Hon. AMASA J. PARKER. Among the distinguished personages present were Chief Justice CHASE, (and daughter,) United States Supreme Court; Gov. FENTON, the Judges of the Court of Appeals, Gens. LIEBENAU, of this City, OLCOTT and YOUNG, Cols. LUDWICK, BURT and WAGSTAFF, all of the Governor's Staff. No reception was held, owing to the death during last Summer of a sister of the bride. The members of the bride's and the groom's families, with the Governor and his staff, assembled after the marriage ceremony at the house of the bride's father, where the usual congratulations were extended to the happy couple. The General and his wife left in the evening for Boston.

COURT OF SESSIONS—KINGS COUNTY—BEFORE JUDGE TROY AND JUSTICES HOYT AND VOORHEES.—THE ATLANTIC-STREET HOMICIDE.—The trial of CONSTANTINE BAUDENDISTEL, who was indicted for the killing of THOS. CUNNINGHAM, on Atlantic-street, on the night of Aug. 25, was commenced yesterday afternoon. District-Attorney MORRIS conducted the case for the prosecution, and Messrs. BERNARD HUGHES and H. MOORE for the defence. WM. COCK, GEORGE DUNN and FRED. KOCH, witnesses, were examined, and repeated the details of the homicide as before published in the TIMES, when the case was adjourned until this morning 11 o'clock.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

PARIS, Friday, Sept. 25.

The bullion in the Bank of France, as shown by the report of the officers, made public to-day, has decreased 1,500,000f. since last week.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25.

Advices from Foo-Chow report the Tea market dull and declining. The exports of the new crop had been 90,000,000 pounds.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25—11:15 A. M.

The following are the opening prices at the Stock Exchange:

Consols for money	94¾
Consols for account	94¾
Illinois Centrals	92¾
Erie Railway Shares	33¼
United States Five-Twenty Bonds	73¾
Atlantic and Great Western	38¼

The whole list of American securities is quiet and steady.

FRANKFORT, Friday, Sept. 25.

United States Five-twenty Bonds, 75⅞ for the issue of 1862.

PARIS, Friday, Sept. 25.

The Bourse is firm. Rentes closed last night at 68f. 92c.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Sept. 25—11:15 A. M.

COTTON—The market opens steady at 10d. for Middling Uplands and 10¼d. for Middling Orleans. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

The Broker's Circular furnishes the following statistics:

The total sales of Cotton for the week have been 67,000 bales, of which 14,000 were taken by exporters and 6,000 by speculators. The stock in port is estimated at 422,000 bales, of which 126,000 are American.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet. Red No. 2 Wheat, 11s. 2 . per cental.

PROVISIONS—The market is unchanged.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25—11:15 A. M.

Sugar on the spot firm; to arrive buoyant. Sperm Oil, £89 per ton. Other articles steady.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25—1:20 P. M.

Consols 94¾ for both money, and the account.

United States Five-twenty Bonds	73¾
Erie Railroad Shares	[illegible]
Atlantic and Great Western	[illegible]
Illinois Centrals	[illegible]

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Sept. 25—1:20 P. M.

COTTON—The market is steady at previous prices. The total stock of Cotton at sea bound to this port is estimated at 645,000 bales, of which 3,000 are from the United States.

HAVRE, Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON 132f. ₩ cwt. for tres ordinaire.

PROVISIONS—Lard is quiet and steady. Pork is firm. Bacon, 56s. 6d. ₩ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—Spirits Petroleum 1s. 1d. ₩ gallon.

ANTWERP, Friday, Sept. 25.

Petroleum is quiet at 49¼f. for Standard White.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Sept. 25—2:30 P. M.

COTTON—The market continues steady.

TRADE REPORT—The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is less favorable and causes declines in the Cotton market.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is dull. Corn is easier but not quotably lower. Wheat is declining at 12s. 8d. ₩ cental for California White, and 11s. for No. 2 Red Western. Peas [illegible] ₩ quarter for Canadian. Oats and Barley are easier.

PRODUCE—Spirits Petroleum to arrive at 1s. ₩ gallon.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25—5 P. M.

Consols close at 94¾ for money and 94¾@94⅞ for the account.

American securities close firm at the following quotations:

United States Five-Twenty Bonds	73
Erie Railroad Shares	32¾
Illinois Central	93

FRANKFORT, Friday, Sept. 25.

United States Five-Twenty Bonds are quiet at 75⅞@76 for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Sept. 25—5 P. M.

COTTON—The market is flat and has declined ⅛d. ₩ lb. The following are the closing figures:

Middling Uplands	9⅞d.
Middling Orleans	10¼d.

PRODUCE—Tallow is firm. Linseed Cakes are dull. Spirits Petroleum is fluctuating and irregular with no exact price.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 25—5 P. M.

Sperm Oil, £90 ₩ ton. Sugar quiet and steady.

ANTWERP, Friday, Sept. 25.

Petroleum, 49f. for Standard White.

HAVANA, Friday, Sept. 25.

The following are the closing prices of merchandise for the week ending to-day: Sugar—The market is dull at 7¼@7¾ reals ₩ arrobe for No. 10 to 12, and 8¾@10 reals for Nos. 15 to 20. Molasses heavy at 3¾@4 reals for Muscovado or Common. Lard firm at 19¾c.@20c. in tierce, and 22½c.@23c. in 25 lb. tins. Flour quiet at $11 50@$13 50 ₩ bbl. Hams, 20c. ₩ lb. for dry salted, and 24c. for Sugar-cured. Hay, $3 ₩ bale of 250 lbs. Lumber, $24 ₩ 1,000 for White Pine, and $28@$29 for Yellow or Pitch Pine. Exchange on London, 13½@14 ₩ cent. premium; on United States, 60 days, Currency, 27@26⅛ cent. discount; 60 days, in Gold, 5@5½ ₩ cent. premium; short sight, in gold, 4@5 ₩ cent. premium.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Friday, Sept. 25.

EXCHANGE on New-York unchanged. FLOUR in improved demand: Spring Extras, $7 25@$8. WHEAT—Sales of No. 1 at $1 51@$1 54; No. 2 at $1 45½@$1 46¾; since 'Change at $1 46. CORN—No. 1 in fair speculative inquiry at a decline of 1c.@2c.; sales of No. 1 at 91½c.@91¾.; No. 2 dull at a decline of 1c.; sales at 90c.@90½c.; Rejected, 88c. OATS steady at 52c.@52½c. RYE dull; nominally declined ½c.; sales at $1 14½@$1 17⅜. BARLEY more active; sales at $1 77@$1 77½ for No. 2. Free WHISKY steady at $1 40@$1 45. PROVISIONS quiet; Mess Ordinary, $28; Bulk Meats inactive. DRY SALTED SHOULDERS nominal at 10c. LARD nominal at 18½c. FREIGHTS steady and unchanged. BEEF CATTLE dull; Common to Extra Choice Cows, $3@$4 50; Fair to Medium Steers, $5 12½@$5 75; Good Shipping Steers, $6@$6 12½. LIVE HOGS quiet and easier; Common to Medium declined 15c.@25c.; Inferior to Common, $8@$8 25; Fair to Good Smooth, $8 50@$9 90. RECEIPTS to-day—11,000 bbls. Flour, 110,000 bushels Wheat, 8,000 bushels Corn, 105,000 bushels Oats, 3,500 Live Hogs. SHIPMENTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 119,000 bushels Wheat, 47,000 bushels Corn, 181,000 bushels Oats, 7,500 Live Hogs.

OSWEGO, Friday, Sept. 25.

FLOUR has declined 25c. on Spring; 25c. on Amber Winter Grades; White Wheat brands are unchanged; sales 2,000 bbls. at $9 35@$9 50 for No. 1 Spring; $10 50 for Amber Winter; $12 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT in moderate demand; sales 3,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 85; 6,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago Spring at $1 65; 3,000 bushels do. on private terms; 3,000 bushels Amber State at $2 15, and 3,000 bushels White Michigan at $2 40. CORN quiet; sales 2,200 bushels No. 1, in lots, at $1 11@$1 13. OATS quiet; sales 500 bushels Western at 68c. BARLEY offered to a moderate extent at $1 95 for Canadian, which is above the views of buyers; sales 9,400 bushels at $1 93. RYE quiet. PEAS held at $1 45, in bond. CORN MEAL, $2 50 ₩ cwt. MILLFEED steady; Shorts, $24; Shipstuffs, $28; Middlings, $36 ₩ ton. CANAL FREIGHTS—Wheat, 13c.; Corn, 11½c.; Barley, 11c. to New-York; Lumber, $4 25@$4 50 to the Hudson. LAKE IMPORTS—20,000 bushels Wheat, 21,000 bushels Corn, 44,000 bushels Barley, 47,000 bushels Rye, 1,840,000 feet Lumber. CANAL EXPORTS—7,400 bushels Wheat, 15,830 Corn, 19,000 bushels Barley, 363,000 feet Lumber.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Sept. 25.

TOBACCO—None on the market. HEMP flat, with a small business in low grades; Undressed, $1 30. FLOUR firmer: Superfine and low grades are in improved demand; Superfine, $5 50@$6 30; Extra, $6 50@$7 25; Double Extra, $7 50@$8 25; Trebel Extra to Fancy, $9@$12. WHEAT inactive and unchanged. CORN firm, with a light demand; Mixed Yellow, 94c.; White, 95c.@98c., the latter for Fancy. OATS, heavy and unchanged. RYE firm; Round lots, $1 15@$1 18. PORK steady at $29. BACON firm; Shoulders, 12¼c.@12½c.; Clear Sides, old and new, 15½c.@16½c. Sugar Cured HAMS; only a small business at 19c. LARD, choice tierce, 19c.@19½c.; keg, 20½c. WHISKY, firm at $1 45@$1 50. CATTLE in moderate supply at unchanged prices. SHEEP, $3 50@$5 ₩ head. RECEIPTS to-day—3,000 bbls. Flour, 24,000 bushels Wheat, 17,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 9,000 bushels Barley.

BUFFALO, Friday, Sept. 25.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 25,000 bushels; Barley, 2,500 bushels; Flour, 5,000 bbls. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 118,000 bushels; Corn, 100,000 bushels; Oats, 35,000 bushels. FREIGHTS dull and unchanged. FLOUR very dull and unchanged. WHEAT quiet and lower; sales 7,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee at $1 70, and 25,000 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1 61, closing weak; 2,000 bushels ordinary White Michigan at $2 20; 2,000 bushels Fair Amber Canada at $2. CORN dull and lower: sales 20,000 bushels No. 1 Mixed Western at $1 05½@$1 06; 8,000 bushels Toledo at $1 05. OATS active and steady; sales 40,000 bushels Western at 63c. 40,000 bushels Western, to arrive, at 63c.; 13,500 bushels Western, to arrive, at 62½c. RYE dull and nominal. BARLEY better; sales 5,000 bushels Canada at $1 95@$1 95½. PORK, LARD and SEEDS unchanged. HIGHWINES 5c. better.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON active; Middlings, 22¼c.; sales 3,100 bales; receipts, 2,712 bales; receipts of the week, gross, 16,511 bales; net, 15,434 bales; exports, Liverpool, 1,000 bales; coastwise, 1,512 bales; stock on hand, 30,630 bales. Sterling Exchange, 151½@153½; New-York Sight, ¼ ₩ cent. discount. SUGAR and MOLASSES nominal. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $7; Treble Extra, $8 50@$10. CORN dull at $1 03. OATS dull at 60c.@61c. BRAN declined; quoted at $1 30. HAY dull and unchanged. MESS PORK dull at $30 25@$30 50. BACON dull; Shoulders, 13¾c.; Clear Sides, 17⅛c.@17½c. LARD steady; tierce, 19½c.; keg, 21¼c.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Sept. 25.

FLOUR and WHEAT quiet and unchanged. CORN advancing; sales at $1@$1 03. OATS advancing; sales of No. 1 at 60c.@61c. RYE quiet at $1 38. BARLEY—Spring, $2 12; Fall, $2 35@$2 45. COTTON dull. WHISKY dull and declining; sales at $1 40. MESS PORK, $28 75@$29. BULK MEATS—Shoulders advanced ¼c.; sales at 10¾c.; Sides, 14c. BACON firm; Shoulders, 12½c.@12¾c.; Sides, 15c.@16c. HAMS dull at 19c.@20c. LARD quiet and firm at 19c. BUTTER firm at 35c.@40c. EGGS dull at 25c. BEEF CATTLE dull at $3@$6 50. HOGS dull at $7@$10, gross. SHEEP dull at $2@$4, gross. Gold, 141¾, buying. Exchange firm at par, buying.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON dull and declined ½c.; Middling Uplands, 25½c.; Middling Orleans, 26½c.@27c. PETROLEUM excited and higher; Crude in bulk, 16½c.@16¾c.; sales 10,000 bbls. Refined at 33c. on the spot, and 32½c. for October delivery. FLOUR firmer, demand limited; New Spring Wheat Extra Family, $9 25@$9 50; Old Extra Family, $9 75@$10 25. Winter, $10@$12. WHEAT in limited demand; Red, $2 25@$2 30; Amber, $2 35. RYE steady, at $1 50 for Western, $1 40 for Southern. CORN quiet; Yellow, $1 28@$1 30; Mixed Western, $1 27@$1 28. OATS steady, at 75c.@77c. GROCERIES and PROVISIONS unchanged.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON dull; Middling nominally 25c. FLOUR more active; Howard-street Superfine, $8 25@$9; do. Extra, $10@$11 75; do. Family, $12@$12 50; City Mills Superfine, $8 50@$8 75; do. Extra, $9 75; do. Family, $12 25@$13; Western Superfine, $7 50@$8 25; Extra, $9 25@$10 25. WHEAT firm; Good to Prime, $2 25@$2 60. CORN firm; White, $1 18@$1 20; Yellow, $1 27. OATS dull at 65c.@75c. RYE firm at $1 50@$1 55. PROVISIONS firm. MESS PORK, $30 50. BACON—Rib Sides, 16½c.; Clear Rib, 16¾c.; Shoulders, 13¾c. HAMS, 21½c. LARD, 20¼c.

TOLEDO, Friday, Sept. 25.

FLOUR—White Wheat, $11 75. WHEAT a shade lower; sales of White Wabash at $2 54; White Michigan at $2 01; No. 1 Winter Red, $2 01; No. 2 Winter Red, $1 85; No. 3 Winter Red, $1 68; No. 1 Spring, $1 68; No. 2 Spring, $1 53; No. 3 Spring, $1 37½. CORN declined 1c.; sales of No. 1 at $1; Yellow at $1 03. OATS declined 1c.; sales of No. 1 at 57½c.@58c. RYE unchanged. BARLEY steady; State, $1 73; Canada, $1 85. FREIGHTS dull at 5c. to Buffalo; 9c. to Oswego, and 11c. to Ogdensburg.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, Sept. 25.

TOBACCO—Sales 31 hhds.; Lugs, $6 50@$9 95; Medium, $10 75; Cutting Leaf, $14@$15. Superfine FLOUR, $6 75@$7. WHEAT, $1 95@$2. CORN, 94c.@95c. OATS, 53c.@55c. RYE, $1 40@$1 45. BARLEY—Spring, $2 05@$2 10. MESS PORK, $29. LARD, 19¾c.@19¾c. BACON—Shoulders, 12¾c.@13c.; Clear Rib Sides, 15½c.@15¾c.; Clear Sides, 16¼c.@16½c. BULK MEATS—Shoulders, 11¾c.; Clear Sides, 15¼c.@15½c. Free WHISKY, $1 45.

MOBILE, Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON in good demand at 21½c., which sellers refuse; sales 200 bales Middling at 22c.; market hard; little offering; receipts, 798 bales; exports, 115 bales; sales of the week, 2,050 bales; receipts, 4,266 bales; exports, foreign none, coastwise, 660 bales; stock on hand, 9,841 bales.

TORONTO, Ontario, Friday, Sept. 25.

BARLEY—Receipts to date, 500,000 bushels; shipments, 287,000 bushels; in store and being shipped, 213,000 bushels; receipts to-day, 6,000 bushels; market excited; $1 18 was paid on the street to-day. Large receipts are expected next week.

MEMPHIS, Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON—Middling, 22¾c.@23c.; receipts, 218 bales; exports, 44 bales; stock, 609 bales. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $6 50. CORN, $1. OATS, 64c.@65c. PORK, $29 50. LARD, 19c.@20c. BACON—Shoulders, 12¾c.; Clear Sides, 16½c.

CHARLESTON, Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON in good demand, improved and closed quiet; sales 400 bales; Middlings, 22½c.@23c.; receipts, 217 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Friday, Sept. 25.

COTTON—Receipts of the week, 5,485 bales. Exports, coastwise, 3,265 bales. Stock, 5,148 bales.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Sept. 25.

Stocks strong; Pennsylvania State Fives, 100; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 26; Reading Railroad, 46 15-16; Pennsylvania Railroad, 56¾. Gold, 142.

[Advertisement.]

MEDICAL FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

Consumption, Bronchitis and Asthma are the most common and fatal diseases of the Lungs. By these three maladies fully a third of mankind lose their lives. Their common cause is Catarrh, beginning in the nose and throat, and gradually extending itself downward until it reaches the lungs. If the lungs are large it develops into Bronchitis or Asthma, but wherever they are small, it runs rapidly into Consumption. If every case of Catarrh was treated by the Catarrh Syringe and proper fumigation, there would be few deaths from lung disease.

ROBERT HUNTER, M. D.,
Physician for Diseases of the Chest.
No. 9 Brevoort-place, 10th-st.

Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 12 to 4 P. M., the poor, afflicted with these diseases, receive advice gratuitously.

[Advertisement.]

THE "HAT OF THE SEASON."—KNOX, promptly as ever, has introduced his Fall style of hat for gentlemen, and it has met with an enthusiastic reception on all sides. His salesroom, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, is just now the scene of great activity.

[Advertisement.]

Thousands who are using the Burglar Alarm Telegraph testify to its merits. Pamphlets sent free. All infringements in vending or using will be dealt with to the full extent of the law for such cases provided.

E. HOLMES, No. 201 Broadway.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.			
City of Antwerp	Sept. 16	Liverpool	New-York
FOR EUROPE.			
City of Boston	Sept. 26	New-York	Liverpool
Britannia	Sept. 26	New-York	Glasgow

Departure of Foreign Mails.

SATURDAY.

Mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *City of Boston*, close at the General Post-Office at 12 M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the pier, No. 45 North River, to 1:30 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P. M.
Western Mails	5 A. M. 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	5 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at	1:30 P. M.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 51 | Sun sets.... 5 52 | Moon sets....12 58

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 3 16 | Gov. Island. 4 05 | Hell Gate.... 5 27

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung, New-Yorker Journal* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Sept. 25.

Cleared.

Steamships Britannia, (Br.,) Laird, Glasgow, Henderson Bros.; Bristol, Wallace, Philadelphia, Jas. Hand; Vulcan, Morrison, Philadelphia.

Barks Calcutta, (Ital.,) Pallio, Cork or Falmouth for orders, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Nicoline, (N. G.,) Heirn, Giebara, Cuba, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Andes, Dalling, Elizabethport, Baxter & Merrill.

Brigs Cyrus, (Br.,) Forest, St. John's, N. F., Geo. H. Brewer; Annie Seymour, (Br.,) Newbold, Falmouth, Jam., Jones & Lough; Queen of the South, Haddock, Demerara, Jos. Eneas.

Schooners L. Bill, Ely, Hartford, G. K. Rackett & Bro.; Mary Louisa, Gaskell, Washington, N. C., Zophar Mills; Ossuna, Haskell, Philadelphia, Thayer & Sargent; Ridgewood, Derickson, Indianola & Lavaca, N. L. McCready & Co.; Four Brothers, (Br.,) Le Blanc, Pictou, Hatton, Watson & Co.; St. Huber, (Br.,) Torgean, Halifax, S. L. Merchant & Co.

Arrived.

U. S. gunboat Huron, Lieut.-Com. Dana, Rio Janeiro 54 ds., via Pernambuco and St. Thomas Sept. 13. The H. mounts 6 guns.

U. S. steamer Fortune, Capt. H. H. North, Washington, D. C., via Delaware Breakwater, with ordnance stores to United States Quartermaster.

Steamship Rebecca Clyde, Chichester, Wilmington, N. C., 3 ds., with naval stores to Jas. Hand. Left on the bar schr. Frances Satterly, for New-York, loading.

Steamship Union, (N. G.,) von Santon, Bremen Sept. 12, via Southampton 15th, with mdse. and 750 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Sept. 23, lat. 46 12, lon. 48 33, saw a large iceberg. 24th, 1 A. M., lat. 41 40, lon. 64 47, passed a Hamburg steamer bound E.

Steamship Leo, Dearborn, Savannah 65 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co. Experienced strong N. E. winds and head sea since passing Hatteras.

Steamship Hibernia, (Br.,) Munro, Glasgow Sept. 12, via Moville 15th, with mdse. and 370 passengers to Henderson Bros.

Steamship Malta, (Br.,) Hains, Liverpool Sept. 8, via Boston 23d, with mdse. to E. Cunard.

Steamship James Adger, Lockwood, Charleston, Sept. 22, with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steamship Morro Castle, Adams, Havana Sept. 18, via Nassau 21st, with mdse. and passengers to Atlantic Mail Steamship Co.

Steamship Fanita, Freeman, Philadelphia, with mdse. and passengers to J. Lorillard.

Ship Jacob A. Stamler, Sampson, Havre 38 ds., with mdse. and passengers to Boyd & Hincken. Has had westerly winds almost the entire passage. Sept. 5, lat. 49 4, lon. 28 30, fell in with the steamship Melita, from Boston for Liverpool, on fire; remained by her 24 hours, and took off the crew and passengers, 108 in number. Sept. 6, spoke bark Monequash, from St. John, N. B., for Liverpool, and put 17 of the Melita's passengers on board; two days afterward transferred 13 more to the ship Kurrachee, from Mauritius for Greenock. The fire on board the M. broke out in the hold 7 days after leaving Boston, and 8 hours before they fell in with the J. A. S.; owing to the nature of the cargo, which consisted of cotton, tobacco, &c., it resisted every effort made to subdue the flames, and it was supposed to be mouldering in the hold some days before it burst through the deck.

Brig Queen of Beauty, (of Miramichi,) Pack, Miramichi 9 ds., with fish and lumber to master. Has had fine weather the entire passage.

Brig Lenoir, (of Arichat,) Lenoir, Glace Bay 11 ds., with coal to Geo. H. Brewer. Has had easterly winds with rain the entire passage.

Brig Comet, (N. G.,) Uipts, Trieste June 7, via Gibraltar Aug. 1, with fruit, &c., to order. Had a continuation of calm weather in the Mediterranean; has since had light westerly winds and calms.

Brig Caroline Grant, Wheeler, Providence.

Schr. J. S. & L. C. Adams, (of Baltimore,) Adams, Glace Bay 7 ds., with coal to James W. Elwell & Co.

Schr. Southern Cross, (Br.,) George, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to Crandall, Umphray & Co.

Schr. Ricardo Barros, (of Brookhaven,) Newton, Baracoa 10 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall. Has had heavy N. E. winds and head seas the entire passage.

Schr. Triumph, Chester, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Matthew Kinney, Ogier, Doboy Island, Ga., 14 ds., with timber to H. W. Loud & Co.

Schr. New Globe, Holt, Ellsworth 4 ds., with lumber and lath to T. M. Mayhew & Co.

Schr. Rappahannock, Lawson, Port Johnson, for Hartford.

Schr. Thomas B. Smith, Bowman, Rondout, for New-Bedford.

Schr. John A. Buckalew, Robinson, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. May Day, Andrews, Bangor 10 ds., with lumber for Newark.

Schr. Lizzie Brewster, Smith, Jonesboro, with spars to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Mary A. Predmore, Hart, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Geo. F. Brown, Gidney, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Frank Merwin, Bunce, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Sarah, Goell, Portland 3 ds., with heading to Waydell & Co.

Schr. E. S. Conant, Hammond, Portland, with lumber to M. A. Wild & Co.

Schr. Franklin, Brown, Bangor 17 ds., with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. J. Predmore, Beebe, Saco, Me., 17 ds., with lumber for Philadelphia.

Schr. Ann Elizabeth, Hunter, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. Daniel Russell, Clark, Port Johnson, for Hartford.

Schr. Chas. Hawley, Bennett, Elizabethport, for Sag Harbor.

Schr. S. Applegate, Steelman, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Thomas Jefferson, Briggs, Elizabethport, for New-Bedford.

Schr. Kendrick Fish, Thompson, Elizabethport, for Salem.

Schr. S. P. Godwin, Waterbury, Elizabethport, for Stamford.

Schr. Dr. Franklin, Scovel, Elizabethport, for Norwich.

Schr. Lady Adams, Evans, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. J. S. Wapple, Allen, Elizabethport, for Port Washington.

Schr. Julia Ann, Nickerson, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Damon, Johnson, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Uncas, Coit, Elizabethport, for New-London.

Schr. Ontario, Barber, Rondout, for East Greenwich.

Schr. Ned Sumter, Lord, Rondout, for Lynn.

Schr. Isaac Sherwood, Bacon, Haverstraw.

Schr. W. H. Mailler, Mailler, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Geo. P. Kane, Wason, Albany, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Deborah, Burns, Elizabethport, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Charger, Mahan, Providence.

Schr. Susan & Mary, Kenyon, Providence.

Schr. Helen Mar, Rich, Providence.

Schr. Martin Van Buren, Chase, Pawtucket.

Schr. Charles, Roberts, Taunton, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Hattie S. Collins, Hill, New-Haven.

Schr. Only Son, Gates, Dighton.

Schr. Mary J. Meade, Thatcher, Taunton.

Schr. R. H. Daly, Lamphear, New-London.

Schr. Andrew, Stewart, Providence.

Schr. Seneca, Dottridge, Providence.

Schr. R. H. Huntley, Nickerson, Providence.

Schr. Silas Wright, Warren, Providence.

Schr. T. Benedict, Higbee, Fall River.

Schr. Josephine, Martin, Providence.

Schr. Onrust, Brown, Providence.

Schr. P. F. Brady, Brown, Norwalk.

Schr. Daniel Webster, Megathlin, Providence.

Schr. Modesty, Weaver, Providence.

Schr. Justice, Taylor, New-Haven.

Schr. Fred Tyler, Tyrrell, Providence.

Schr. Amelia, Beebe, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Wm. J. Ross, Risley, Bridgeport.

Schr. Artist, Foster, Somerset.

Schr. L. Daniels, Smith, Hartford.

Schr. Julia A. Becker, Duncan, Boston.

Schr. Zoe, Hall, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Veranda, Pond, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Ira Laffranier, Coleman, Albany, for Boston.

Schr. E. C. Foster, Sheffield, Rondout, for Stonington.

Schr. Connecticut, Staples, Rondout, for Stonington.

Schr. A. Clark, Fowler, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. S. B. Strong, Baxter, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. A. C. Beckett, Staples, Rondout, for Stonington.

Schr. M. Hand, Brooks, Rondout, for East Greenwich.

Schr. Jane, Gorham, Elizabethport, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Maria Louisa, Snow, Rondout, for Lynn.

Schr. Ann Elizabeth, Phillips, Rondout, for Plymouth.

Schr. Col. Jones, Strang, Rondout, for Salem.

HIGHLANDS, Sundown—Wind light S. E., cloudy and foggy.

Sailed.

Steamship Wm. P. Clyde, for Wilmington. Ship Coringa, for Melbourne. Barks Robert, for Boston; R. W. Griffiths, for Matanzas, (and anchored at Quarantine.)

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Sept. 25—Arr. ship Calumet, from Calcutta; brig Nellie Gray, from Pensacola.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 25—Arr. steamer Charleston, from New-York.

Off the port, schr. J. W. Knight, from Philadelphia.

Sld. brig Scio, for Matanzas; schr. Jonas Smith, for Providence.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 25—Arr. flagship Contoocook, from Norfolk.

Passed up—Brig Harry, from Matanzas.

Passed out—Brigs Mississippi, for Demerara; Concord, for West Indies; C. F. Penniston, for Jamaica; schr. E. A. Conant, and a large fleet of coasters.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 25—Sld. brig Model, for Bucksport; schr. J. M. Morallee, for Fall River.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 29—Cld. steamship James A. Gary, for Baltimore.

Miscellaneous.

NEWBURYPORT, Sept. 25.—The schooner Truro, (of West Goldsboro, Me.,) went ashore on Salisbury Beach this afternoon, loaded with laths and boards. The cargo and vessel will probably be a total loss. The crew were saved.

Notice to Mariners.

U. S. LIGHTHOUSE DEPOT,
TOMPKINSVILLE, Staten Island, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1868.

The Cornfield Point light-vessel, Long Island Sound, has been furnished with a new fog bell, (in the place of the one that was cracked,) which will be rung in thick weather as usual.

By order of the Lighthouse Board.
A. LUDLOW CASE,
Lighthouse Inspector Third District.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE LIGHTHOUSE BOARD,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3, 1868.

FRANCE—NORTH COAST—FLASHING LIGHT ON LES ROCHES DOUVRES.

Official information has been received at this office that about the end of the year 1868, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse now building on the Plateau des Roches Deouvres, north coast of France.

The light will be a flashing white light, elevated 60 feet above the high water level of the sea.

The illuminating apparatus is by lenses.

The tower is iron, painted white, and its position is in lat. 49 6 28 N., lon. 2 48 54 W. from Greenwich.

Further and more particular notice will be given when the date of the exhibition is known.

BEACON ON ASTAN ROCK.

Also, that the beacon on Astan Rock, off Ile de Bas, coast of Finisterre, has been reconstructed.

The lower part, to a little above high water Spring tides, is of masonry, above the masonry the beacon is 7 feet high.

INDIA—WEST COAST—REMOVAL OF FAIRWAY BUOY, BOMBAY HARBOR.

Also, that the Fairway Buoy, at the entrance of Bombay harbor, has been removed, it not being considered necessary.

The buoy will therefore be discontinued.

By order, W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.

Foreign Ports.

At Baracoa, Sept. 14, schr. Nor'wester, for New-York, to sail Sept. 25.

MARSH'S RADICAL CURE TRUSS.

In reply to Dr. S. Marsh's exposure of the paid spy of Dr. Sherman, the detractor of every other member of his profession, we have to-day a lengthy article in the highest Hodgeian style. Be it distinctly known that Hodges is in the employ of and supported by Sherman, (we will style him "Doctor" when he exhibits his diploma,) in fact resides with him, which explains the entire matter.

The age of Hodges is settled by affidavit. He is 21 years old. He was "only 19 years old" up to five seconds before the celebration of his twentieth birthday, so that after all there is but a trivial discrepancy in the boy's age between the statement of Dr. Marsh and the affidavit.

On investigation, Dr. Marsh finds that Hodges did actually call twice at his office, and the first time had a conference with one of his sons, but Dr. Marsh saw him only once, when he measured him for a truss, not having one (owing to his peculiar size) suitable for him. This truss would undoubtedly have afforded him every relief had he ever called for it, and had it properly adjusted; but this he never intended to do. Considering the large number of Dr. Marsh's patients, and that he only saw Hodges in a recumbent position, it is pardonable if he should not recognize his photograph at the moment.

Hodges is simply the "dreadful example," the "decoy duck" of Sherman. This is the way the thing is done: He visits the Trussmakers in turn, just to be able to swear that he had done so; then he goes to some well-known physician, and relates his woes. One physician recommends him here, another there, but he tells them all mournfully that he has tried all "those." Then he casually remarks that he has heard of some wonders performed by a Dr. Sherman. Eminent physician knows nothing about this person, but at length, to get rid of his persistent visitor, remarks, in effect, "Well, if you've tried them all, why, go to this Sherman—good morning."

The "decoy" has bagged his game; forth he goes proclaiming this polite hint to "go" as a direct, hearty "Recommendation."

In addition, Sherman has men at the corners of streets who waylay passers-by with circulars, and he has a man with a "gorgeous" show-wagon, from which he distributes elaborate puffs (in the Hodgeian style) of his employer's wares. In fact, his entire proceeding is about similar to the traveling quacks of old, minus the chap in spangles and the fish-horn. Sherman's dodge is, and has been for years, here and elsewhere, to gain notoriety at any sacrifice of decency or money.

He lugs in a stirring denunciation of the Marsh Truss from the pen of an anonymous writer. An anonymous writer ranks, in the minds of all worthy people, with the opener of private letters and the scamp who stole the pennies from the dead man's eyes.

Then he sees an honest and most favorable indorsement of Dr. Marsh's Truss, and finding it better suited to his purposes than anything he could possibly cajole any one to give to him, he substitutes his own name throughout (for that of Dr. Marsh, and covers the theft by a chicanery of very small type interlineation—deceiving many: like the horse-thief who "conveyed" a white horse, stained it black, and then claimed it as his private property. Dr. Johnson said that "whatever be the end designed, there is always something contemptible about a Trick." And this was a very dirty Trick, Mr. Sherman. He then parades one Dr. Jarvis, a Brooklynite, whose whereabouts we have in vain essayed to discover. Jarvis proclaims himself to be "The Happiest and Proudest Man in the City." He must have lived virtuously. "The Wickedest Man in the City" might get a useful hint from him. But even the most earnest reformee might falter in his road to salvation, when told that to secure even sublunar bliss, he must "*get ruptured* and go to Sherman." For that is the corollary.

N. B.—Jarvis was very foolish indeed to endure the suffering "almost indescribable" of Marsh's Truss for eight long years. How long would he "endure" a tight pair of boots?

Sherman, when he says that Dr. Marsh attacked him first, well knows that his cunning, malignant attempts to undermine the reputations of his professional brethren aroused the indignation of Dr. Marsh, especially as he, the oldest member of the profession, was chiefly aimed at; and all this occurred prior to the appearance of the *Scalpel* article, which was written by Dr. Dixon, totally unsolicited by Dr. Marsh. Dr. Dixon had a humane duty to perform to society, and he did it honestly. Furthermore, Dr. Dixon has never written one single line for Dr. Marsh in any newspaper or other publication.

Once attracted into Sherman's "parlor," by means of the compound accessories of advertising, circulars, "dreadful example," his new "fetcher and carrier," Kukluxian Rowe, and the "gorgeous" show-wagon, then are you unescapeably "in for" certainly $5, simply for an "opinion," before you can emerge from his "web." After that, "beware of the—pup." (Sherman allows the "pup and Newfoundland" simile to be fitting, proper, and truthful.) If he accepts this (Dr. Marsh admits not over choice) rhetorical figure at all, he must accept it as a whole; and, if so, why, logically (and naturally) it is evident who takes the *rôle* of the "pup."

In conclusion, Dr. Marsh can only express his regret at having permitted himself to be angered into engaging in a wrangle with a Trickster. For the future he will treat him with contempt, and rely upon the good name earned by a long and faithful service in his profession.

Dr. Marsh does not, never did, attempt to detract from the merits of other Truss-makers; but he honestly believes that there is no Truss made as well adapted to the relief and RADICAL CURE OF HERNIA as MARSH'S RADICAL CURE TRUSS.

MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st.

BEWARE!

'TIS TRUE!

EXPOSITION

FROM ONE WHO KNOWS.

Having received the following communication from Dr. C. Jarvis, we publish it as another proof in favor of Dr. Sherman's method for the cure of rupture:

NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1868.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Seeing in your journal a dispute of the relative merits of the Hernial Appliances of Dr. Sherman and the Trusses of Dr. Marsh, I wish to express my opinion from a practical knowledge of both. I used the Marsh Truss for a period of eight years, with a suffering and injury almost indescribable, and with a great increase of my rupture. I was continually chafed and worried—yes, tormented from the pressure on my abdomen and spine. So much for the Marsh Truss. Now as regards Dr. Sherman's Hernial Appliances and Rupture Curatives. I have found in them what I had been seeking after for fourteen years—comfort, security and cure. I was badly ruptured on both sides, and the improvement has been so rapid since I placed myself in Dr. Sherman's hands that it makes me the happiest and proudest man in the City, and as my imperative duty I make this statement for the benefit of suffering humanity.

CHARLES JARVIS, 18th-st.,
South Brooklyn, between 4th and 5th avs.

DR. SHERMAN

can be consulted at his office, No. 697 Broadway.

RUPTURE.

The world moves, and with it old theories and strong prejudices are giving away. New remedies and agencies are constantly being discovered for diseases and injuries which upset all the old written theories of the ancient school, promising new life and usefulness to the afflicted. Among the great sensations of the day, and which is now attracting so much attention in the medical fraternity, is the wonderful discovery made known by Dr. C. A. GREGORY in his treatment and cure of the generally-supposed incurable disease of HERNIA, (commonly called Rupture.) After a long and eventful period of years' study and practice into the nature and treatment of this dangerous complaint, he has so perfected his plans as to be enabled to CURE RADICALLY the most distressing cases, by combining two efficient remedies, which either one alone have heretofore failed to accomplish. Rupture is not, as most men seem to suppose, a rent or tearing of the parts, but it is a protrusion of the bowel into the upper end of the inguinal canal, and is simply an enlargement of a natural opening which is alike in all. It has now become fully demonstrated that by bathing the afflicted parts with "DR. GREGORY'S CELEBRATED HERNIA LOTION," and wearing the ingenious and effective instrument known as "WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS," which has no pressure on the back, this disease is Radically and Permanently Cured. No one need now suffer for want of a perfect remedy. Only those who are careless of life, and regardless of the responsibilities of their being, will delay a day from improving this great boon now offered to suffering humanity. As Rupture never gets well of itself, so that certificates on this subject are not patent medicine certificates, we therefore give a few from the hundreds we have received at our Offices, and which will be shown on application:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.

DR. GREGORY—*Dear Sir:* The "White's Patent Lever Truss" I bought of you has perfectly cured my Rupture, consequently I shall not require any more of your "Lotion." During the recess of Congress, (when I am at home in Ohio,) I am a laboring man, perspiring profusely and accomplishing a great deal of hard work, and I find in all this hard exercise *no Rupture appears*. After suffering a comparative slow murder for several years, by wearing a poor Truss, I feel grateful that in less than a year I was permanently cured by the use of *yours*, and the "Lotion." Respectfully yours, J. S.

The name attached to the above certificate is withheld, simply from motives of delicacy felt by the writer, which we are bound in all cases to respect. It will be exhibited by permission on application.

NORTH BECKET, Mass., Dec. 27, 1867.

DR. GREGORY—*Dear Sir:* One month ago I purchased of you one of White's Patent Lever Trusses, and paid $10 down, and promised to pay the remaining $5 in one month if I liked it. I would not take $100 for it to-day if I could not get another. I have tried several different kinds, but never found one that fitted me and felt easy before. Inclosed is the remaining $5. Yours, &c.,

WALTER WATKINS.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Jan. 7, 1868.

DR. GREGORY—*Sir:* Several years ago I became afflicted with Hernia. I tried several kinds of Trusses, and grew worse instead of better, until I obtained "White's Patent Lever Truss." I commenced wearing it, and bathing the parts with "Lotion" for about six months, when I found myself entirely cured, and have not used the Truss since. It is now more than three years since I have had it on. Mine is a permanent and radical cure, and does astonish my medical friends. I prefer you do not give my name a newspaper notoriety, but I freely leave it for private reference to those who wish to learn the facts. Respectfully yours,

——, Banker, New-York City.

No charge is made for advice to persons afflicted with rupture or verococele, as is made by some bluffing pretenders in this city. By writing and stating their case fully, inclosing a ten cent stamp, an answer will be returned with a pamphlet giving full particulars. Address

DR. C. A. GREGORY, No. 609 Broadway, New-York.

PLAYING CARDS.

OUR PATENT BEVEL-EDGE PLAYING CARDS, WARRANTED NOT TO SPLIT. Superior to anything in the market, and cheaper than any house in the trade. Wholesale at Nos. 177 and 179 Grand-st.

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1. The quality guaranteed by U. S. MINT ASSAY every piece bearing their trade mark, thus;

2. Embracing the most decided talent in all their various departments for DESIGNING, MODELING DIE-SINKING, CHASING, ENGRAVING and FINISHING, they produce wares which at once appeal to the most cultivated TASTE for UTILITY, BEAUTY and FINISH.

3. Facilities for manufacturing in LARGE QUANTITIES ONLY THE FINEST GOODS, enabling them to reduce the labor prices to the LOWEST MINIMUM STANDARD.

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BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK,

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SKIMMED MILK CONDENSED,

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK IS ALWAYS PURE, AND NEVER SKIMMED.

The consumers of BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK, now numbering several thousand families, and the public, are assured that the standard of BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK, which for ELEVEN YEARS has been PERFECTLY PURE MILK, WILL BE MAINTAINED. Its superiority over Fluid Milk, for all purposes, is attested by thousands of families now served by this Company, some of whom have used BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK for over ten years.

Delivered in all parts of New-York, Brooklyn and Jersey City daily. Orders will receive prompt attention, addressed to THE NEW-YORK CONDENSED MILK CO., Nos. 34 and 36 Elizabeth-st., or Nos. 227 and 229 East 34th-st.

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The public are invited to call and examine the report of the Jury on the merits of the great contest, and see the official award to the Herring's Patent over all others.

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